St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1881. NO. 59.

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Last Edition.

CLEVER CALIGRAPHY.

The President Writes His Name on a Tablet.

"In Splendid, Excellent Condition," Chorus the Doctors, as Usual,

Yet His Pulse is 104 and Temperature 99.

Official Bulletins From the White House —Latest News of Garfield.

Official Bulletin—8:30 A. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, August 9.—Notwithstanding the effects of yesterday's operation, the President slept the greater part of the night without the use of an anodyne. The febrile rise of yesterday afternoon slowly subsided during the night. This morning at 8:30 his pulse is 98; temperature 99.8; respiration 19. Since yesterday afternoon small quantities of liquid nourishment, given at short intervals, have been retained, and this morning larger quantities are being administered without gastric disturbances.

11:45 A. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, August 9.—The President at this hour is resting comfortably. He has taken nourishment quite frequently during the morning and relished it. Dr. Reyburn says the pulse and temperature are at present perceptibly lower than the morning bulletin, and he considers the patient is progressing finely. He says there is no cause for alarm. Dr. Agnew considers the President's condition to be very encouraging. He expects to leave for Philadelphia during the day if the patient continues to improve. The discharge from the wound this morning has been entirely satisfactory and the pus is of a perfectly healthy character. The nourishment which the President has taken this morning consisted of koumiss and milk and lime water. All reports that the President is sinking are entirely unfounded.

OFFICAL BULLETIN—12:30 P. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, August 9.—At the dressing of the President's wound this morning it was found that the pus had been discharging spontaneously and freely through the counter-opening made yesterday. He has been quite comfortable this morning and taken a liberal supply of liquid nourishment. His pulse is now 104, temperature 99.7, respiration 19.

Last Night.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—This morning's bulletin of the President's condition was not so generally satisfactory as had been expected but the physicians give full assurance that all is going on well.

The patient passed a very good night. His nurses say he slept very satisfactorily and that the fever was only slight. He took nourishment several times during the night and had no trouble in retaining it. When the physicians arrived this a. m. They found the pulse beating firmly and evenly. The temperature was higher than it has been at any morning examination since the relapse, but the physicians say they are not disappointed. The temperature has gradually decreased since the operation, and they expect it will reach the normal point to-day. The The President has expressed himself as feeling comfortable this morning. Among the callers this morning have been Maxinio Jereze, the Nicaraguan Minister and Congressman Valentine Hallenberger.

Garfield Writes His Name.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The doctors still maintain the opinion that the President's fever will begin to recede to-night and that he will be better. This morning the President, to show that he could do it, wrote his name. He wrote, "James A. Garfield, August 9, 1881," in his natural hand on a tablet.

The Garfield Fund.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The total amount of subscriptions to the Garfield fund up to noon to-day is $155,000.

Railroad Rates.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, August 9.—A conference has been held in this city between Mr. Charlton, of the Chicago and Alton, and Mr. Daniels, of the Wabash, at which an effort was made to harmonize matters and to avoid another railroad war in passenger rates. The gentlemen, however, failed to come to an understanding, for General Passenger Agent Charlton sent the following dispatch to the general ticket and passenger agents of the lines east and north of Chicago and east and south of St. Louis: "On tickets limited to a continuous trip, or as closely limited as possible, Chicago and Alton will accept $5 from Chicago to Kansas City and $4 from St. Louis to Kansas City. Please base all rates to Kansas City or beyond via Chicago and Alton on these figures at once."

This means that the Alton, in retaliation for the Wabash action regarding east-bound business, makes the same general reduction on through west-bound business and allows all lines east, north and south of Chicago and St. Louis to ticket business through to St. Louis and Kansas City, by simply adding four dollars and five dollars respectively to their rates, thus making a general reduction from all points east of Chicago and St. Louis of from five dollars to nine dollars. Judging by the present temper of the contesting parties it is not at all probable that the fight will stop here, and it will not be surprising if the scenes of last year, when tickets to St. Louis were sold for $1 and $2 and to Kansas City for fifty cents, will again be reenacted.

Died of Grief.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DIXON, ILL., August 9.—A very sad death occurred here last night, and one which has enlisted the sympathy of the entire community. About six weeks ago John A. Hallett, a former well known business man of the city, lost a daughter aged thirteen years, which sad event was followed three weeks later by the death of his wife, who died from nervous prostration. Since the terrible affliction which visited the home of Mr. Hallett he has been bowed down with grief which the efforts of his relatives and friends could not subdue. He lost his appetite, and would not leave his room. On Friday night of last week he went to bed, remaining until his death, which occurred as above stated about 10 o'clock last night. The deceased leaves quite a valuable estate and numerous relatives residing in Missouri and Kansas. His death was caused by a grief which no human remedy could comfort.

Gen. Grant.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., August 9.—Word was received to-day from Gen. Grant, saying that he would certainly be in this city during two days of the soldiers' reunion in September. Afterwards he would go to St. Louis, where he expected to remain several days before proceeding to Mexico.

By Luck.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LA SALLE, ILL., August 9.—The wife of Alexander Laney, a prominent citizen of this county, who was killed on the 5th inst., by the accidental discharge of a gun which he was cleaning, received word last evening that he had inherited a fortune of $200,000 by the sudden death of relatives in England. She has a sister who is residing in St. Louis.

Fatal Lightning.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 9.—Otis Mattison, his brother and father, while building a house one mile from Oxford, Ala., were struck by lightning. Otis was instantly killed, and the recovery of the father and brother is very doubtful.

A RIVER OF RUIN.

Terrible Flood Caused by the Bursting of a Rain Cloud.

Central City and Idaho Springs Razed by Fierce Torrents.

CHICAGO, August 9.—A Central City special says the most destructive flood in the history of the country occurred this afternoon. At 2:30 a heavy storm cloud appeared, accompanied by almost incessant thunder and lightning. About 4 o'clock the citizens were startled by almost an unearthly roar to the west and, almost instantly a volume of water between four and five feet came rushing down Nevada and Eureka streets, taking everything by surprise. A heavy quartz team standing on the streets were overturned and carried down the stream

LIKE FEATHERS.

Rocks weighing five or six hundred pounds were rolled along the streets like pebbles. Animals and everything in the track of the flood were swept away. In an incredibly short time the streets were cleared of people, everybody seeking shelter. During the flood large masses of debris were carried through the streets at a rate of about fifteen miles an hour. The whole length of the gulches from Nevadaville on the one side and the head of the Eureka on the other presents to-night

THE MOST DESOLATE SCENE.

The roadways are entirely destroyed, in many places the ruts being five and six feet deep and extending for hundreds of yards. The entire length for about three miles is strewn with debris of every kind. At several points between Central and Black Hawk the debris is piled twenty-five feet high. Eureka street for a distance of a quarter of a mile is one mass of rocks and rubbish. On Warn street five feet of sand is deposited. The flood was caused by the bursting of a rain cloud. The entire west of the city, the natural channel of the stream, became dammed,

TURNING THE WATER

into the street. The only loss of life known at present is that of Joe Berry, whose body was found in Blackhawk. The flood lasted but twenty minutes. The damage is estimated at about $50,000 sustained by the highway. A number of small houses upon it are washed away, and many residences and stores flooded, and mud and sand deposits on the floors and the cellars to a depth of several feet. Advices from

IDAHO SPRINGS

say it was the severest ever felt. Seven houses in Virginia Canon were carried away. A 6-year-old girl was drowned. Nearly all the railroad and country bridges between the forks of the creek and Idaho were swept away. Nearly all the houses in the business portion of the town were flooded and the streets damaged. The damage to Idaho will amount to $20,000. It is estimated it will take a hundred men forty-eight hours to repair the damage to the railroad tracks between Idaho and Floyd Hill. No trains are expected to depart or arrive in Central until late to-morrow. Indications point to a stormy night.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DENVER, August 9.—A terrific storm cloud burst over Central City, Col., late yesterday, and immediately thereafter a volume of water from four to five feet deep rushed down Nevada and Eureka streets, sweeping everything before it. Great boulders weighing nearly a ton were rolled around like pebblestones. Immense quantities of debris were washed down the gulch at an incredible speed, and piled up in large masses all the way from Central City to Blackhawk, and the roadways in the track of the flood are entirely destroyed. On one street a deposit of sand four feet deep has been left. Only one loss of life is reported. Reports of great damage by the storm also come from Idaho Springs, where several residences and all railroad and other bridges were swept away. The damage at Central City and Idaho Springs is estimated at $250,000.

ANOTHER CLOUD-BURST.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—A cloud-burst in Arizona and filled Hassayasupa Creek, washing away six teams, of thirty-six animals with wagons and freight.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, August 8.—First race, ¾ mile dash—Hermit first, Knight Templar second and Bonnie Lizzie third. Time, 1:16¾.

Second Race, 1¼ miles—Thora first, Valeria second, Calaipa third. Time, 2:11,

JEWS IN JEOPARDY.

The Persecution of the Hebrews in Russia.

Towns and Villages Burned—Thirty-Nine Persons Killed in One City.

Anti-Jewish Riots in Prussia—Preparing for the Land Bill in Ireland—Bradlaugh—Tunis—European Echoes—Cablegrams.

England.

LONDON, August 9.—The Worshipful Society of Apothecaries last night entertained one hundred and fifty foreign delegates to the International Medical Congress. Major Billings, U. S. A., responded for the Americans.

BRADLAUGH'S PROSPECTS.

LONDON, August 9.—There is reason to believe that Bradlaugh will demand to be allowed to take the oath in the usual way at the next session of Parliament, and if objection is raised the Government will propose a resolution declaring that he be allowed to take the oath. If that resolution is defeated, a bill will be introduced altering the Parliamentary oaths act.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

LONDON, August 9.—The railway accident near Blackburn yesterday arose from the express train from Manchester being in care of a driver who didn't perfectly understand the vacuum brake, which failed to act. The Manchester express consequently rushed into Blackburn Station at a rate of forty miles an hour, smashing into a splinters several carriages of the Liverpool and York express, which was stationary and preparing to start.

THE IRISH PRISONERS.

LONDON, August 9.—There is undoubtedly a disposition on the part of the Government to drop the powers derived under the coercion act if possible. It is understood the subject was mooted at Saturday's Cabinet council. A suggestion has been made to the Government that if after the passage of the land bill there should appear to be a reasonable prospect of the restoration of tranquility, the prisoners convicted under the coercion act should be liberated, each after six months' imprisonment from the date of arrest.

WESTMINSTER DEANERY.

It is stated the Deanery of Westminster has been offered to Rev. Henry Montague Butler, head master of Harrow School, who will probably accept.

DILLON'S RELEASE.

LONDON, August 9.—Indirect overtures made to John Dillon that he should be released on condition of his going to Madeira, or elsewhere where the climate was favorable for pulmonary diseases, were firmly rejected by him. He also positively declined to make any conditions upon his release.

THE LAND BILL.

In compliance with the urgent request of Parnell, many Home Rule members of Parliament have returned to London to be present when the amendments in the House of Lords to the land bill are presented.

LONDON, August 9.—The Italian Minister at the court of Netherlands is dead.

AGAINST BRADLAUGH.

LONDON, August 9.—Many Conservatives and Liberals in the House of Lords and Commons signed the memorial to Gladstone urging him not to propose any special legislation on behalf of Bradlaugh.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Another railway collision occurred to-day at Shaw, near Oldham, on the line of the Northwestern and Lancashire Railroad. Several persons were injured.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, August 9.—A correspondent says preparations are in progress to deal with the new state of things caused by the passage of the land bill. While the Land League will be ready with test cases, the Land Committee and others engaged in defense of property will take care that every point is considered, as the struggling landlords who could not afford to bear the cost of appeal will probably be the first and most strenuously attacked. It is contemplated to defend their interest so that no precedent may be made in the full decision.

Austro-Hungary.

VIENNA, August 9.—The Emperor Francis Joseph expresses great interest in the Arlberg tunnel. He has repeatedly dwelt on the importance of the new railway as an opening for a fresh market for Austrian corn, which will be able through this outlet to compete favorably with American corn in some parts of Western Europe.

Germany.

BERLIN, August 9.—Anti-Jewish disturbances have occurred at Jastrow, West Prussia, during which a rabbi was wounded, his assailants escaping after a regular fight with the police. Further disturbances of the same character occurred at Bublitz, Pomerania.

FAVORABLE IMPRESSION.

BERLIN, August 9.—Dispatches received here from all parts of the continent agree in saying Gladstone's speech at the Mansion House has produced a most excellent impression among all classes. The papers here are especially well pleased with it, and, coupling it with the meeting of the Emperors at Gastein, point to it as another guarantee of European concert. The language used by the journals relative to the Gastein meeting is uniformly to the effect that it has cemented the entente cordiale between the States and assures the continuance of peace.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

A fire last night destroyed the house of Herr Grapius, the eminent scenic painter employed at the Opera-house. The palace of Count Pourtales, adjoining, was damaged to the extent of half a million marks.

BECOMING RECONCILED.

BERLIN, August 9.—A correspondent of the Germania at Rome says the Pope has signed a brief appointing Dr. Kerama, who is approved by Germany, to the vacant Bishopric of Treves, Rhenish Prussia, which is considered to be a considerable step towards reconciliation between Germany and the Vatican.

Russia.

BERLIN, August 9.—So many towns and villages in Western Russia whose population is principally Jewish have recently been burned that it is impossible to resist the suspicion of systematic incendiarism. Up to the end of June sixteen towns and villages were burned. Since then fresh fires have occurred. Two of the most terrible were at Karez and Minsk. From ten to twenty houses and shops were destroyed at Korez and thirty-nine persons killed. The bulk of the survivors were rendered destitute.

Tunis.

TUNIS, August 9.—An Italian ironclad has gone to Sfax to inquire into the claims of Italian subjects for losses owing to the insurrection there and the subsequent bombardment of that place by the French.

South Africa.

LONDON, August 9.—A dispatch from Pretoria, dated yesterday, says the retrocession of the Transvaal to the Boers has been formally effected, and the Boer Government has issued a proclamation announcing the establishment of the South African Republic. Mynheer, Secretary of State, and several other officials have been sworn in. The proceedings were perfectly orderly. A dispatch from Durban announces that Secocoeni, the famous South African chief who surrendered in December, 1879, and was sent by Sir Garnet Wolseley to Cape Town, has been released.

France.

PARIS, August 9.—The Countess d'Eu, daughter of Dom Pedro II, Emperor of Brazil, at present staying in this city, has been delivered of a son.

EXPLOSION.

LONDON, August 9.—At an explosion of a cartridge factory near Perpignan, France, to-day, several people were injured.

New Britain.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—Clyne Smith, a German naturalist, was murdered by natives of New Britain. Reports from other islands in the vicinity all speak of the increasing treachery and animosity of the savages.

RUSSIAN WHEAT.

The Crop One of the Largest Ever Raised in That Country.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Minister Foster writes to the Department of State under the date of July 18, 1881, that the Russian wheat crop is likely to be one of the largest ever raised in the empire, and that the export promises to be much greater than usual. It is stated that in the districts tributary to the port of Oddessa, the yield is likely to be so large that farmers think they could dispense with harvest for four years to come. Advices from Toganrov and the Caucasus show promises of a crop equal to that of 1874, one of the largest ever known in Russia; and advices from Moscow affirm that it is thought the largest they have had for twenty years. The harvest in Central Russia, while not so enormous, will yield a splendid crop of excellent quality. In the southern provinces the grain is already cut; further north it is still subject to damage incident to bad weather and insects. From Moscow, which is the great commercial center of Russia, it is reported that all branches of business are beginning to revive and flourish after a long season of depression, solely on account of the prospects of an abundant harvest. It will not be without practical political influence also, for much discontent in the interior has resulted from the hard times and short crops.

Gotham Gleanings.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Three men were arrested last night in Jersey City for the robbery of Matthiessen & Weichers, sugar refiners. These robberies have been carried on systematically for months and 1,450 pounds of fine grade sugar were found on a lighter on which the men were captured.

The American Dental Association closes its session at Republican Hall to-day. Among the interesting papers read were those by Dr. F. M. Odell on "Lithiasis," and by Dr. L. M. Rhein on "Dental education," which were discussed by Hunt of Washington, Winder of Baltimore, and Allen of this city.

Three additional bogus practitioners have been arrested under charges made at the instance of the New York Medical Society.

Emigrant arrivals for the last week were 7,80), an increase of 2,491 over the corresponding week of last year.

The Williamsburg Socialists, including several women, met in Military Hall, Williamsburg, last night and passed a series of resolutions reflecting on the course of the Government as pursued towards Hartmann.

Miss Abbey Ellie Graver, whom "The" Allen married in New Jersey last Sunday, is said to be the niece of Chief Justice Folger of the Court of Appeals.

Murdered and Burned.

LAKE VILLAGE, N. H., August 9.—The Coroner's jury in the case of the three children of Chas. Moody (colored) who were burned on the evening of July 4 returned a verdict that the children were murdered and the house burned to conceal the crime. Moody and his wife are arrested.

Killed by Cars.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LOOMIS, ILL., August 9.—Bush, freight conductor on the Illinois Central Railroad, while coupling cars this morning was instantly killed. It is thought that Bush at the time was somewhat in a state of intoxication.

Woolen Mills Burned.

CHICAGO, August 9.—The Evening Journal's Janesville special says the McLean Manufacturing Company's woolen mills burned this morning. Loss $50,000; insurance $18,000. Fifty hands are thrown out of employment.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., August 9.—Arrived: H. J. Dickey, Memphis, 10 p. m.; Gold Dust, Vicksburg, 11 p. m.; Porter, St. Louis, 9 a. m.; Silas P. Coe, St. Louis, 10. Departed: Gold Dust, St. Louis, midnight; H. J. Dickey, St. Louis, 3 a. m.; Silas P. Coe, Louisville, 11. Whether clear and hot.

A FATAL FALL.

Wm. Spangenberg Crushed to Death in the Southern Elevator Well.

Wm. J. Spangenberg, a costumer, living at 173 S. Third street, fell, at 12:30 p. m. to-day, through four stories of the Southern hotel freight elevator well and died from his injuries at the City Hospital at 1:40. His ribs, jaw and both legs were broken. He leaves a wife and three children. He was conscious when picked up. He had been carrying samples through the hotel for Adolph Nicholson.

A Slick Swindler.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, August 9.—A man well dressed and perfectly conversant with sporting matters, representing himself as Teneyck the oarsman, spent last week at West Medway. He said he had concluded to make that place his future home and would open a training school there if he could secure suitable property. He entered into negotiations for the purchase of the Stanley House for $10,000, evincing great care in the transaction and about the title. The deed was to have been delivered yesterday, when he disappeared, owing the proprietor of the Stanley House $200 for loans during the negotiation.

The Sandwich Islands Volcano.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—The Zealandia, from Australia and Sandwich Islands, brings news that the flow of lava from the volcanoes continues to threaten Hils, advancing more than a mile in the three days from June 26 to 28, and on July 14 moving fifteen to twenty feet per hour, the water offering no obstruction to its course, part of the time running six feet under water and maintaining a white heat.

Ended.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MAYSVILLE, KY., August 9.—The strike of the union cigar-makers is ended, the employers agreeing to the new bill of prices.

THE MORNING WORLD.

He comes down from Youth's mountain top;
Before him manhood's glittering plain
Lies stretched—vales, hamlets, towers and towns,
Huge cities, dim and silent downs,
Wide unreaped fields of shining grain.

All seems a landscape fair as near;
So easy to be crossed and won!
No mist the distant ocean hides,
And overhead majestic rides
The wondrous, never-setting sun.

Gaze on, gaze on, thou eager boy,
For earth is lovely, life is grand;
Yet from the boundary of the plain
Thy faded eyes may turn again,
Wistfully to the morning land.

How lovely then o'er waste of toil
That long-left mountain height appears!
How soft the lights and shadows glide;
How the rough places, glorified,
Transcend whole leagues of level years!

And standing by the sea of Death,
With anchor weighed and sales unfurled,
Blessed the man before whose eyes
The very hills of Paradise
Glow, colored like his morning world.

SWEET-VOICED PATTI.

Her Proposed Visit to the United States—Her Early History.

London Letter to Chicago Times.

The important question of whether or no Adelina Patti will go to America seems at last settled. The diva says "yes," the contract is signed and the artists engaged who are to accompany her; but who can say positively she is going? Besides being a little capricious, the lady is used to changing her mind, and not a thousand, but one of many things alone may disband the company, send Patti to Russia, and drive to despair the poor manager who counts on owning "la poule aux oeup d'or" for one winter at least. Mme. Patti refused $5,000 a night for her services, offered by Pollini, the director of the royal opera at Hamburg. She expects to make nearly ten thousand, and in consequence the artists who complete the troupe are of singular mediocrity, and paid, not one of them, a higher salary than 3,000 francs ($600) a month. Still, considering their talent, they are more than fairly treated. The company consists, first, besides Patti and Nicolini, of Mme. Caslettano, a violinist, beside whom Camille Urso is a Paganini, she is such a disgracefully bad artist. The next great attraction is a contralto, Mlle. Hohenschild, a singer absolutely wanting in every quality. Her voice is weak, her training inefficient, and the idea of her ever appearing as a star beside Adelina Patti is quite staggering. A pianist and accompagnateur, and Herr Lago, one of the Covent Garden prompters, complete the list of this combination, which will be managed by Mr. Franchi, Patti's agent. The tickets are fixed at the modest price of $20 the single place, boxes in proportion, and, in order to meet the united demands of two such stars, it is impossible to think of either orchestra or chorus. So, as you mey divine, madame will sing in concert, not opera. It will undoubtedly be a great disappointment to the general public, and those who have seen her in some of the great roles will scarcely be contented with her meagre concert repertory. America is not London, where there are twenty or thirty numbers on a programme, made up of the old ballads and songs. During eighteen years Patti has sung "Kathleen Mavourneen," "Comin' Thro' the Rye," "Home, Sweet Home," "Within a Mile o' Edinboro' Town," etc., and were she to sing eighteen more the same novelty would be repeated. It remains to be seen whether an American public will care to pay $20 a ticket to hear what can in no wise be a first-class concert. Patti is always great, either on the operatic stage or in the concert hall. Mr. Nicolini at fifty is not Mr. Nicolini at thirty-five. Never having been a great artist, he is now only passible on the stage; still looking a handsome Romeo and an ardent Faust, but as to his singing, we will pass that by with as little comment as his particular talent deserves.

Does any one know the real story of Patti's *esclandre?* We think not. In justice to the world of art, to which she was for so long a time also a model of virtue, we are forced to believe that she herself could not have realized what she was doing. Not only was Nicolini a married man, but a father with six children, and a circus rider for a wife whom the French call *pas commode.* There are exceeding dark stories afloat to the effect that the fair *equestrienne,* Mme. Nicolini, is in league with her husband, to get all of the money they can out of Patti, and to trade on the peculiar position that a prima donna's caprice gives her before the world, in order to make as much as possible. It is certain that at Milan the well-known impresario Mr. S—— had the pleasure of caning her tenor Nicolini, because he not only demanded half of the sum paid to Patti every night, but he also insisted that when she bought any property it should be in his name. The timely intervention of Mr. S——, and his peculiar manner of reasoning, left the diva at least her own share of what she had legitimately earned. May she always have so valuable and energetic a friend at hand. Far be it from my wish to interfere with the private life of an artist, still Mr. Nicolini's oft-repeated remark, "Now, we must make as much money as possible because of our notoriety," is scarcely the guarantee that the American public will pay $20 a head to hear two great singers. The "liaison" is bad enough, but to make capital out of it is an insult to every honest woman and man the world over. About forty-two years ago in Madrid the opera of "Norma" was brought to an abrupt termination at the end of the third act. Mme. Barilli-Patti, the Norma of the evening, besides the two little stage children, came near presenting a third to the astonished public and the faithless Pollione. Before morning dawned a black-eyed birdling crowed in its mother's arms, but no answering song came from the parent throat. The voice that had charmed and delighted the most critical audiences of Milan, Naples, Rome and Paris, was gone forever, and the diva of to-day, Adelina Patti, inherited with her first breath a legacy that only such a mother and such a singer could bequeath—a voice of gold, a natural heritage of song. There is only one other artist whom I can call to mind at present who was also born a singer. A young Belgian prima donna, Mme. Devries, while singing in "Le Prophete," after the finale of the last act, had but barely time to escape to the green-room when every one knew that she was about to become a mother. In two hours a tiny creature was placed in her arms, and received in commemoration of the event the name of Fides Devries, Fides being the role sung that evening, and the artist still wearing the stage toggery of the prophet's unhappy parent. Everyone who has visited Paris since the late war must have heard of the little prima donna who, after Nilsson at the Grand Opera, has had the greatest success. Her career was short, but very brilliant, and were Fides-Adler to return to the stage to-day, the director of not only the Parisian, but of every opera house on this continent, would struggle to possess a star of such worth and importance. Her voice from earliest childhood was a marvel of strength and purity, and serious study soon placed her at the height of her profession. She became, like Patti, more famous than her mother, but, unlike the great Italian songstress, with her voice she did not inherit the love of the stage and her art that would have given her a world-wide reputation, and her marriage after a few years of public singing has caused her premature, and we fear permanent, retirement from the stage.

It is true that there are many singers in the world, but there is only one Patti. To describe her voice one must needs be a Lamartine. It is of so exquisite a texture and quality that I can not attempt, in any sort of justice to nature, to mention any one person to whose organ it bears resemblance. She has a throat of such strength and elasticity that the wildest difficulties of vocalization are to her the merest trifles of song. She will execute passage after passage with a brilliancy, *hardiesse,* and equality of voice that will defy comparison with any living cantatrice. Without grimace of facial distortion, and with continued sweetness of sound, she trills measure after measure, roulade after roulade, exactly as a bird sings, without any apparent effort, unconscious of all but her music. This marvelous phenomenon can be compared only to another—the falls of Niagara. Music pours from her throat in one overwhelming, irresistible torrent, as rush the mighty waters of the greatest cataract in the world, carrying everything before them.

Only those who have heard the various so-called great artists can appreciate Adelina Patti's divine gift of song. While the most famous composers, masters and singers all bow before such a rich musical organization, I have never yet seen an artist who does not acknowledge at once and without rancor that she has been and is the possessor of the most extraordinary throat and voice of this decade. Her superiority as a natural singer is unquestioned, and even her enemies, of whom she has not a few, unhesitatingly go into raptures on listening to her. The French expression *Unique gosier du monde* (the most perfect throat in the world) perfectly expresses what nature has done for her. Many will say, "When did she study?" Will it be any satisfaction to know that Patti has studied very little. I think six months would amply cover the space of time absolutely devoted to vocal exercises. The most valuable of her lessons, if I mistake not, she owes to a cantatrice, once resident of the United States, called Eliza Valentini, an admirable artist, and a woman who exercised a tremendous power over the little songstress. With her Patti studied seriously, and worked, not like Jenny Lind did, but as best she (Patti) could, and with most admirable results. Her more constant professor was her half-brother, Eltore Barilli, an excellent maestro, whose untimely death New York has deeply lamented, and to him she undoubtedly owes a world of unceasing patience and good counsel. She made her debut on the stage in New Orleans at the tender age of seventeen, singing "Lucia" at the old Opera-house. After that a concert tour with the late famous violinist Ole Bull gave her preeminence, and her immediate departure for London aroused the thought in many an American breast that perhaps a great star of the future had disappeared from the musical horizon of the New World. Patti was accompanied across the water by Mr. Maurice Strakosch, her brother-in-law, the then brilliant Polish pianist. Being constantly with such a musician of acknowledged good taste and talent improved in every way the little diva's musical ear and education. Everything in the way of preparation was done, and they had only been in London a few days when arrangements were made for some concerts, with Gottschalk—the celebrity of the day—Patti to receive the nightly sum of twelve shillings, and a pound if business was good. Her success was quite brilliant, and immediate steps were taken to secure for her a debut at the leading opera-house—Covent Garden. She appeared on trial in "La Sonnambula," and sang with such grace and sweetness that her engagement was at once a thing of course. Mr. Frederick Gye paid £20 a month to the little artist, who afterward regarded ten times the sum a night as a mere bagatelle. From that time up to the present day no artist has had such a hold upon the public. Not once, but fifty times, can she sing in the same city the repertory of the preceding season, and each time the enthusiasm, if possible, is greater than on the night of her first appearance.

Held by a Tiger's Paw.

From the Elmira (N. Y.) Free Press.

A ten-year-old lad named John Crane, anxious to see the animals of Batcheller & Doris' circus in Port Jervis yesterday, climbed up the side of the car. He placed his hand on the floor of the cage, when a fierce tiger laid his huge paws on the boy's hand and held it. In this position the lad was suspended, and while so the tiger thrust his open jaws out to within a few inches of the child's face. The crowd who witnessed this occurrence were greatly excited and knew not what to do. But in a moment the animal loosened his grip, and the boy, limp with terror, dropped to the side of the car. He managed to walk to a doctor's office, where he fainted. Blood had flowed freely and the lad's face as well as hands were covered. The doctor took the terror-stricken child to the latter's home and dressed his hand, which was badly lacerated by the tiger's terrible claws.

A Sword Fish in Lake Huron.

From the Port Huron (Mich.) Times.

There is a fish curiosity contained in a cage at Canham & Armstrong's house on the dock. It was caught in Lake Huron in a drag-net with a quantity of sturgeon. This peculiar fish measures over five feet in length and weighs two hundred pounds. The body resembles that of a sturgeon and its mouth is very much like that of a codfish, and is large enough to take in a man's head. It has a sword over a foot in length, which is three inches wide at the place where it is joined at the head, and about an inch at the point. It is a deep-water fish, but got into shallow water, where it mixed with the sturgeon and was caught. Old fishermen say that they have never seen anything like it.

SWEEPINGS.

Michigan has been forced to establish a reform school for girls.

Houses more than 150 years old are said to be numerous in Rhode Island.

It is asserted that scores of New York barkeepers never taste intoxicating drinks.

Crabs are boiled alive at Long Branch. Perhaps the Lord takes no note of the fall of a crab.

Baltimore is paying with Belgian blocks, various other pavements having proved costly failures.

The Indianapolis News has noticed that the mildew of forgetfulness is fast covering Horace Conkling.

The Italians believe the great American Republic is on its last legs, two Presidents having been assassinated.

Gen. Grant is eating dozens of soft-shell crabs at Long Branch and striving to forget that Mr. Conking resigned.

When a man commits a breach of the peace in Ohio, a subscription is promptly raised to pay his fine. What could be more convenient?

Vice-President Arthur is as expert a fisherman as Wm. A. Wheeler. It seems to be fisherman's luck to be made Vice-President of this country.

A wealthy farmer of Ox Bow, N. Y., aged 85, has married a miss of 30. He has already lived with one wife sixty years, and freedom had lost all charms for him.

Senator Edmunds is abstaining entirely from public speeches this summer. He is afraid some traitor in the crowd will ask about those South Carolina census figures.

The editor of the Chicago Tribune will start with a snake show early next month. He is already saying: "It looks as though the new crop of Kentucky whisky was up to grade."

The clock strikes without stopping work.—[Boston Bulletin. There's more disjointed thought. Just call in some afternoon at a place where ten men are at work and see what happens when the clock strikes 6.

A grandson of Daniel D. Tompkins, once Vice-President of the United States, was arraigned in a New York Police Court the other day for theft.—[Hartford Post. Well, don't be discouraged. You'll doubtless hear of the young man in politics sooner or later.

A singular accident happened to Prudence Arch, a young colored woman of Quogue, on Tuesday. She was standing by the creek watching a fish-hawk that was seeming anxious to alight. She watched the hawk with her mouth wide open and a hornet stung her in the roof of her mouth. She swallowed the hornet and it stung her inwardly. A physician has since reported her out of danger.—[New York Sun.

Drunkenness is the great vice of the frontier. It is before the traveler everywhere. Miners drink. Stage drivers drink. Teamsters drink. Few classes are exempt, as classes. The result of this is constant poverty among the working people, stupid riots and appalling murders. The latter are not as frequent as they used to be, but still sufficiently so to show the unbroken influence of the great alcoholic prompter.—[Chicago Times Letter.

THE AFRICAN ROSCIUS.

Achievements of Ira Aldridge—Actors Who Succeed in Strange Tongues.

Dutton Cook in Belgravia.

Mr. Ira Aldridge, who was pleased to call himself the African Roscius and who for some years flourished as a tragedian, was a veritable negro, born on the west coast of Africa, the son of a native minister of the gospel. It was intended that the boy should follow his father's calling and become a missionary; for some time he studied theology at an American college and at Glasgow University obtained several premiums and a medal for Latin composition. But in the end he adopted the profession of the stage, appearing at the Royalty Theater, in the east of London, and at the Coburg, in a round of characters of a dark complexion, such as Othello, Zanga, Gambia, Oroonoko, Aboan and Mungo. He fulfilled various provincial engagements, and at Dublin his exertions were specially commended by Edmund Kean. At Belfast Charles Kean played Iago to Mr. Aldridge's Othello and Aboan to his Oroonoko. He appeared at the Surrey Theater, at Covent Garden and the Lyceum. The dramatic critic of the Athenæum in 1858 particularly noticed one merit of his performance of Othello; he dispensed with the black gloves usually worn by Othellos of the theater and displayed his own black hands, with "his finger-nails expressively apparent." He traveled upon the Continent and was received with enthusiasm in the theaters of Germany. Princes and people vied in distinguishing him, crowded houses witnessed his performances and, honors, orders and medals were showered upon him. He extended his repertory of parts, playing Peruvian Rolla, who was no doubt dark-skinned, but not of African complexion. By-and-by he exhibited a black Macbeth, a black King Lear. For him was revived the doubtful play of "Titus Andronicus," and he personated Aaron, the Moor, to admiring audiences. On the German stage, strange to say, he was permitted to deliver the English text, while his fellow-players were confined to the German version of their speeches. However, the audiences of New York and Boston were similarly tolerant in the case of the German tragedian, Herr Bogumil Davison, who played Othello in German to Mr. Edwin Booth's Iago in English. Many foreign players have appeared successfully upon the English stage speaking English or broken English. More rarely have English actors ventured to speak from the stage in a language not their own. In the last century, however, Mr. Bellamy, with a company of English amateurs who "spoke French like natives," presented the tragedies of "Andromaque," "Atholie" and "Zaire" in French at the Richmond Assembly rooms, expressly engaged and fitted up for the occasion, some assistance being rendered by the Marquis de Verneuil and Madame Brilliant. Junius Brutus Booth, whose "knowledge and accent of the French tongue" an American critic describes as "simply perfect," played "Oreste" in French when "Andromaque" was produced at the French theater, New Orleans, "in a manner to rouse the wildest enthusiasm." Curiously enough Macready had contemplated the same feat with Rachel as his Andromaque or his Hermoine; but he abandoned the notion, satisfied that although he might succeed in conveying the substance and passion of the scenes, the minor beauties and more subtle meaning belonging to the genius of the language would certainly escape him.

A Saratoga Character.

"Miss Grundy" in the Philadelphia Times.

One of the most remarkable characters annually seen at Saratoga since the United States Hotel reopened, in 1874, has been Henry Gwinn, a portly colored man (light mulatto), who has done the honors of the ladies' entrance hall and piazzas with the manners of Sir Charles Grandison and with a vocabulary whose polysyllabic eloquence could not be surpassed in humorous suggestiveness by Mrs. Partington or Mrs. Malaprop, but had the advantage of the language of both in its words and phrases, never being at variance with its meaning, while an exaggeration of those in use by ordinary mortals. Gwinn (or as he was usually styled, as a concession to his magnificent ideas, "the Professor") has occupied a similar position in winter at the St. James Hotel, Jacksonville, Florida, and there, as well as here, has had the cordial good-will of all who knew him. His tact was as wonderful as his language and the gorgeous style of dress he adopted on state occasions. Once last summer a gentleman, noticing another smoking in a forbidden place, the ladies' verandah, called Gwinn's attention to this transgression of the rules of the house. The latter approached the smoker in his blandest manner and in a moment the cigar was gone and evidently no offense was felt at the rebuke. "What did you say to him, Gwinn?" I asked. "I told him," he replied, "that the snowy columns were unused to rise and break on this piazza."

Another time when the ladies' hall and the balcony also were filled with a very stylish company listening to the morning concert, Gwinn's quick eyes saw approach a party of very much over-dressed colored people, evidently desiring seats to hear the music. He might have pointed to the printed notice that seats during the concert were reserved for the guests of the house, but a better way at once suggested itself to his quick intelligence, and, promptly advancing to the colored man and his female companions, Gwinn, in his politest manner, escorted them into the large parlor, where there was no one, and where he seated them by the long windows in an excellent place to hear the music. Thus he avoided embarrassing the proprietors of the hotel, either by giving offense to the colored party and causing probably a public controversy, or by placing them next some aristocratic guests of the house and thus causing them to make complaint.

I witnessed Gwinn's maneuver and asked him if it was Plachback, of Louisiana, and some of his friends whom he had seated. "I don't know," he answered, "whether they'se pinchbeck or pure gold, but I thought that parlor was the place for them."

Such a personage as I have described of course must be a notable feature in any place, and it can be easily understood how unfeigned was the shock of grief when last week it was announced that "the Professor" had been struck with paralysis and was alarmingly ill. Not only have a large number of the guests of the hotels gladly contributed money for his benefit, but many ladies and gentlemen have visited his sick-bed to make sure that he has all needed attention. He is now better, but will not be able to resume his place this season.

Miss Cary's Watch.

From a Chicago Letter.

Miss Annie Louise Cary has a very valuable gold watch and chain, a prized gift to her. To this chain are attached several equally prized charms, also gifts from various friends. This watch and chain and these charms are the source of greater anxiety to her than her entire wardrobe. At the close of the recent Saengerfest here, it will be remembered, your correspondent telegraphed the announcement of her retiracy from the operatic stage, and the fact that she was to visit friends at Oconomowoc and Minneapolis for a few days and then seek the seaside. The morning of the day of her leaving the Grand Pacific Hotel, she suddenly missed her watch and chain. After a vigorous search by the prima donna herself without favorable results, she made a descent upon the hotel office, collaring her old friend, that ancient, bald-headed and jolly prince of the desk, Sam Parker, and made his life very miserable for a few hours. But all efforts were unavailing to find the watch. Miss Cary was positive that she had left it in the bed. The chamber-maid was positive it was not in the bed. Parker was positive it was somewhere. Sadly and regretfully the great singer left for Oconomowoc without her prized valuables. The next morning, as Parker was receiving guests in the office, a frowsy-headed maid, with a radiant face, and redolent of suds and steam and things, came running to the desk with her two hands full of "glittering generalities." Parker was wild with delight. Here was Cary's watch and chain and charms and all. Everything was all right save the watch, which had been so terribly swashed about in the immense steam laundry that the case had sprung open, and its entire face had been washed off. Parker telegraphed Miss Cary at once, had the watch put in order and forwarded, whereupon she returned a dispatch to the effect that her heart was so overflowing with gratitude that if Garfield recovered she should "certainly found an asylum for grateful women."

Dining With the Two-Headed Girl.

From the New York Star.

In response to an invitation from Mr. J. R. Smith, a Star reporter took breakfast with Millie Christine, the double-headed girl, yesterday morning. This interesting young lady, who possesses two heads, four arms, four feet, sings duets, waltzes, polkas, and boasts of several other accomplishments, has a suite of rooms at No. 51 East Ninth street. When the reporter arrived all was in readiness for the morning meal. Five persons comprised the party. "The weather is exceeding oppressive," was the greeting of the right side of the double-headed girl, as she shook the right hand of the scribe with two of her four hands. The left side smiled serenely and fanned itself vigorously with the disengaged hand. There was a great deal said at the table, but the guest was there for the purpose of taking breakfast with Millie Christine and omitted to make a note of the conversation. The Nightingale occupied one entire side of the table, and while one of her pair of eyes was intent upon gazing on the well-spread table, the other pair was looking out of the window with a dreamy expression. Two plates were well filled with edibles and the work of destruction was begun. One-half of the lady had an especial fondness for fried chicken and toast, while the other would partake of nothing but porter-house steak and fried potatoes. In the line of liquids one-half drank iced milk to the other's coffee, and two napkins were demanded and freely used. Somehow or other there was time found for talking toward the close of the meal, and the Nightingale spoke freely and intelligently upon a number of interesting topics. At times one head would make an assertion which its companion could not entertain, and then an interesting and animated discussion would follow. Happily these arguments were amicably adjusted, and breakfast was finished in time for the double-headed lady to go to Bunnell's Museum for the midday exhibition.

English Smoke Consumption.

New York Special to the Cincinnati Gazette.

The London Daily Telegraph has an account of a very interesting meeting which was held on Tuesday at Grosvenor House, for the purpose of discussing the practicability of devising means for abating the smoke nuisance both inside and outside the dwellings of that enormous metropolis. Notwithstanding the attractions of a July afternoon and the culminating fascinations of a fashionable season, some 500 ladies and gentlemen, headed by her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, were found willing to crowd the grand salons of the Duke of Westminster's mansion, while sages discoursed on cowls and smoke-jacks, showers of soot, and lungs incrusted with fuliginous particles, register stoves and currents of cold air. It is somewhat of a reproach to us that we have not long ago made an end of the smoke nuisance for good, and to remember that in the early years of the present century a Mr. Cutter invented a smoke-consuming grate, the principle of which was to supply the fuel at the bottom, so that the volatile portions passing up and through the incandescent coal were wholly consumed.

The committee at whose instance the meeting was convened commenced their report with the obviously melancholy truism that smoke was a nuisance in dwelling houses as well as in workshops and factories, but they were able to make the reassuring announcement that the Board of Trade had agreed to protect all the smoke-preventing inventions which are to be shown at a forthcoming exhibition. Ultimately the meeting agreed to a series of resolutions to the effect that the present smoky condition of atmosphere in London injuriously affects the health and happiness of the community, besides disfiguring the public buildings, deteriorating perishable fabrics, and entailing in various ways unnecessary expenditure. It was also resolved that the meeting approved of the action taken by the National Health Society committees in promoting the exhibition of smoke-preventing appliances at South Kennington in October next.

A Hard-Worked Prince.

London Cor. Philadelphia Times.

Well, to the London season we may now say au revoir. The Prince of Wales gave it the coup de grace yesterday and finished it by hurrying to Chichester to open the Goodwood races. Alas, poor Prince! He is as hard-worked as an actor-of-all-work at the old Barnum's Museum, who, as Artemus Ward used to say, took his dinner pail after breakfast and was in for a good fourteen hours of dramatic job-work. From morn to dewy eve the illustrious "first gentleman" has been laboring to meet his engagements in the world of fashion and of famine, of sociality and of charity. Do you suppose a lusty young man of thirty-eight visits hospitals and goes to funerals because he likes such ceremonies? Not he, I warrant you. It is part of the duty of royalty to act as figurehead on occasions of public importance, and with an admirably good grace the present Prince of Wales assumes these tasks, aided by his gentle wife. Of late their three little daughters have been going about with the parents, and this element of royal juvenility is immensely appreciated. The little girls are the most soft-mannered, unaffected creatures possible, and being now at the bright period of life, its rosy aurora, the children no doubt really do, as they seem to do, enjoy the novelty of visits to hospitals, where the poor suffering patients act towards them as the martyrs of old may have done when angels appeared to them in dreary prison cells.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Walter Bray, the minstrel, has lost his mind and is being cared for at the Boston Lunatic Asylum.

Miss King, of Caldwell, Ohio, was bitten by a dog on Sunday, and died from the effects the following day.

Murphy's training stable at the Lexington race-course, Ky., burned on Monday, and three thoroughbreds were roasted alive.

Spotted Tail has been killed by Crow Dog, another Sioux Chief at Rosebud Agency. Jealousy of Spotted Tail's influence was the cause.

Mrs. Kate Adams, of Buffalo, attempted suicide on Monday by jumping into the Niagara River, but was rescued before reaching the Falls.

William Gale, the English pedestrian, completed his feat of covering 6,000 quarter miles in as many consecutive ten minutes at New York on Monday night.

Mrs. Sneed, wife of the chief clerk in the Comptroller's office at Austin, Texas, was roasted alive on Monday while filling the reservoir of a gasoline stove.

It is reported at New Orleans that the convicts constructing the Morgan Railroad, above Washington, La., have killed several of the officers and made their escape.

Edward Northrup, an attorney of Elliottsville, N. Y., shot and killed Joseph O'Donnell, clerk for a lumber firm, in a quarrel over the administration of an estate.

W. N. Sturgis, of Keokuk, is to be held to answer for the removal of several thousand bushels of grain from the Keokuk elevator without consent of the holder of the voucher.

John Sturdevant, a school teacher at Chikelah, Ark., was murdered on Monday by Jas. Burgess for preventing an insult to a little girl. The murderer, a notorious desperado, escaped.

Judge Twiggs, Speaker pro tem. of the Georgia House, was brutally attacked at Mount Airy on Monday by two scoundrels intent on robbery. The assailants and the victim fell over a fifty-foot precipice in the struggle. The Judge protected himself, and escaped without injury.

PICKING BERRIES.

Away to the hillside on swift little feet,
Trot quick through the meadows in shadow and sun;
Broad brims and deep crowns over brows that are sweet,
And round rosy cheeks that are dimpling with fun.

And home from the hillside on slow little feet,
With baskets as heavy as faces are bright;
And who will be first the dear mother to greet,
And see her surprise and look of delight?

But she will never dream, by the berries they bring,
Of the millions they left where the sweet berries grow,
Away on the hills where the merry birds sing,
And the brook dances down to the valley below.

[MARGARET SANGER.

BEHIND THE TIMES.

The Ludicrous Fire Department of Paris—Stupidity Personified.

Paris Letter to Chicago Tribune.

I had just seated myself comfortably, put on my slippers, and lighted a cigar, after a hard day's work at sight-seeing, when I was aroused by frantic shrieks from the rear part of the house, and, on rushing out to discover the cause, found the back buildings and court-yard enveloped in a dense cloud of smoke. I soon discovered that the coach-houses and stables next door were on fire. The hay and straw were blazing fiercely, which added to the terror and panic of the inhabitants of adjoining buildings. Having often heard of the dilatory manner of the Parisian firemen in extinguishing fires, the first thought was to pack our belongings and then calmly await events. The first alarm was about 8 o'clock,—the night was fine and clear, with little wind—and in about thirty minutes a few "pompiers," or firemen, appeared on the scene, splendidly dressed, with brass helmets glittering in the gaslights, who, taking a look at the fire, placed a half-dozen policemen on guard and retired in good order, returning in about fifteen minutes with a company of perhaps thirty men, all similarly attired, carrying torches, the streets being made almost as light as day, and pulling through the streets, with much shouting and loud cries—what? Of course, any one would say a fire-engine. By no means, my verdant friend; a small cart carrying a barrel of water!

While these proceedings were taking place, the police had extemporized a dam by taking up a few stones of the gutter and obstructing the flow of water; and, calling for all the buckets, pots, and pails the adjoining kitchens and stables could furnish, they collared every man they could lay their hands on, and compelled them to fall in line, and dipping up the water from the gutter, passed it from hand to hand to throw on the blazing fire, which by this time, to use an Americanism, was going it at its level best. I tell you it was fun alive to see the noble (?) firemen exerting themselves, not in aiding in putting out the fire, but in capturing every luckless looker-on who showed his face within a hundred yards of the fire, and compelling him to form in line and pass along buckets of water. Some of the scenes I witnessed were most ludicrous. It was not, as with us, a struggle and desire to assist and be helpful in such cases; but, with the Parisians, the moment a glittering helmet appeared outside of the inclosed hallway leading to the stables, they would scatter like a flock of sheep (as they were), and it took sharp running, and often a sharper struggle, to force the cowards into line. Many of the women, to the shame of the men, took part in passing water. Occasionally a Parisian dandy would come tripping along, dressed within an inch of his life, and perfumed, and waxed, and oiled for an evening call, or on his way to the theater perhaps; and the struggles, and tears, and pleadings of the perfumed darling were piteous to see and hear; but relentless fate, in the shape of a burly fireman with a glittering helmet, had chosen him for a victim, and he was ruthlessly shoved into the dripping and bedraggled line of bucket-passers, where, in the blazing light, his fine store-clothes received a drenching as each pail of muddy water passed on the way to the fire. I doubt if an old-clothes man would have paid him five francs for that suit when he was released from the line.

It was now after 10 o'clock, and the fire had burned itself out, there being no more food for the flames—for the idea that a few buckets of water could have extinguished such a fire is ridiculous. Towards the close of the fire a small hand-engine was brought upon the ground, but its feeble services availed but little except to consume the barrels of water which the faithful "pompiers" hauled to the ground every half hour or so. This fire occurred on one of the most beautiful and fashionable avenues of the city, and was surrounded by massive and beautiful private residences, filled with costly furniture and precious works of art; and at almost every fifty feet were attachments of hose used in watering the streets, and yet not one of these many water-openings was utilized, but all the water not scooped up from the gutters was carried either in pails or barrels. After the fire, one of the exhausted (?) firemen was invited into the dining-room of our apartments, and regaled with some cream-cakes. Considering the amount of hard labor he had performed, the food was sufficient in quantity and quality to recuperate his strength.

I venture to say there is not a town of 1,000 inhabitants in Illinois which is not better prepared to put out a fire than is this far-famed City of Paris. They have no fire departments here worthy the name. Hence, in nearly all their fires the contents of the building prove a total loss—the thickness of the walls alone preventing the spreading of the fire to the adjoining buildings.

A Religious Maniac.

Indianapolis Special to Chicago Times.

Yesterday afternoon, while temporarily insane owing to religious excitement, Miss Martha Van Duzen, daughter of C. Van Duzen, one of the wealthiest and most prominent gentlemen in Cincinnati or Newport, disappeared from her home without money or baggage, and when the trail was found she was en route for the Warsaw camp-meeting in this State. A telegram caused her detention in this city, where she is now held to await the coming of friends. The lady attended the Loveland camp-meeting, where she became converted, since which time a religious frenzy has gradually taken possession of her mental faculties. Her mission to Warsaw was to be sanctified, which is one degree nearer heaven than the ordinary conversion. The young lady is a graduate of the Virginia Female Institute and of the Wesleyan Female University, and her present mental weakness will cause great grief among many of the leading families of Southern Ohio and Northern Kentucky. Her brother, of the firm of Van Duzen & Frame, Cincinnati, arrived to-night, and the lady will be conveyed home on the first train.

Wall Street Memories.

From a New York Letter.

Among other Wall street memories connected with the late Jacob Barker was the panic of 1826, when old Jacob Barker's financial bubble burst, leading to general embarrassment. One of the victims was the distinguished ship-builder Henry Eckford Barker, who was the Jay Gould of his day, and hence has left a permanent memory. Stokes remembered the Exchange Bank, which Barker founded at the close of the last war with Great Britain, when general inflation prevailed. In three years the bank was closed amid the dismay of business men, who were in many instances ruined by the panic which followed. Barker was recognized as the great financier of the age, but his schemes were too far advanced to succeed. Jacob Barker was succeeded by Jacob Little, whose rise and fall came under Stokes' observation. The latter, indeed, saw a greater range of financial talent in Wall street than any other of its habitues. In his early days there was the solid, heavy-built form of John Jacob Astor, and then came the diminutive Stephen Whitney, whose wealth was reckoned next the former. The tall, attenuated form of A. T. Stewart, who became a director in the Merchants' Bank, was among the more recent features in his memory. Then came the keen-eyed Yankee, David Levitt, who founded the American Exchange Bank, and who reached such wealth and distinction in finances. Commodore Vanderbilt was another magnate who has come and gone during Stokes' Wall street experience, and other once important names may be added, including James Brown, Daniel Drew and similar men whose names once were a power in the money market. Stokes never lost his love of the spot of his nativity (No. 45 Wall street), and there he erected the banking-house which he and his sons have occupied so many years. The next most interesting spot in the city was No. 157 Broadway, which was his first real estate purchase, and proved immensely profitable. The deceased banker was much annoyed by the misdeeds of Ned Stokes, and when the latter killed Fisk he felt that the name was sadly stained. True, there was no blood connection, but this was not generally known, and those at a distance supposed (in many instances at least) that the murderer was of the same family. This idea was confirmed when Ned's former wealth was mentioned.

MATRIMONIAL INFELICITIES.

The Kind of Wives Some Men Seem to Require.

New York Letter to Troy Times.

The Campbell lawsuit is rather warm work for octogenarians, the plaintiff indeed being now on the wrong side of that venerable age. She is the oldest woman that ever began a legal process in our courts, and it is sad to see man and wife thus fighting for property in life's latter day. The plaintiff admits giving the defendant $25,000 to induce him to become her husband, but alleges that he afterward got access to her deposits and took more than double that sum. This is one of the boldest sales of human chattels since the emancipation Proclamation, and when a man sells himself in this manner he need not be surprised at unpleasant consequences. On the other hand, when a woman obtains a husband by a fee even of $25,000 she need not be surprised if he oversteps the figures when he gets hold of her pocketbook. If, indeed, it be a case of mere money, the more of it the better. This seems to be the simplest explanation of the affair. Speaking of marriage, it is surprising to see what notions some people hold on the subject. Mrs. Campbell, having bought her husband for $25,000, is determined to hold him to the figures nominated in the bond. The venerable bride has a Shylock eye to the exactness of the contract. This leads me to another case in which the advertiser displays his precise idea of the requisites of a wife. What a curiosity, indeed, in the line of courtship! Who would believe that such a proposal could be made in this age of progress:

"I wish to make the acquaintance of a lady who has no ties or relations whatever, with some knowledge of anatomy and medicine; must be of jovial disposition, fond of music, able to sing, between 30 and 40 years of age, sound in mind and body, liberal in religion and no Becky Sharp. One answering the above description address "No Ties or Relations," box 24, stating where an interview can take place."

The advertiser is evidently some ogre who wants no relative to interfere, as sometimes occurs in cases of domestic wrongs. He wants a knowledge of medicine in his wife, probably as a qualification for nursing him, and he knows that soundness of mind and body will be essential to the slavery which will be required. Music, too, is a requisite—as though such a proposal would not freeze melody out of existence, while the applicant must be liberal in religion, as the latter (in its full power) tends to the elevation of the sex. I do not wish to discourage applicants, and yet I must say that I have not met anything since my early reading of Blue Beard that so completely suggests selfishness and possible cruelty as this very advertisement. With regard to the influence of relatives, the following fact is worth consideration: In a proper state of development it tends to expand the noblest element in our nature. Hence it is commonly remarked that an only son is generally selfish, and this also applies to an only daughter, though in each case there are striking exceptions. It is one of the redeeming features in the character of Napoleon that he was interested in the promotion of his brothers and sisters, though his ambition rendered him tyrannical in the extreme. The former were made kings and the latter became princesses, while even the old mother held a dignified office, being at the head of the charities of Paris.

Satan Changing His Base.

From the New York Herald.

It is to be hoped that the latest reports about the operations of Satan are true, for they have an important bearing upon humanity. It is said that the arch enemy of souls has recently been seen at Bronn, Moravia, to the great disquietude of the inhabitants, and that when the police were sent in search of him he took refuge in the Cathedral. Almost any sensible person knowing the devil to be in church would suppose he was just where he ought to be for his own good and that of suffering humanity, but policemen are different, and those of Bronn chased his Satanic Majesty out of the sanctuary. To their surprise, however, he did not disappear in a sulphur-breathing cleft of the earth opening suddenly for his special accommodation; on the contrary he soared aloft in a dignified manner. This unexpected denouement is full of interesting suggestion, for if even Satan has changed his habits and found a celestial abode there ought to be hope for every body else.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR

RHEUMATISM,

NEURALGIA,
LUMBAGO,
BACKACHE,
GOUT,
SORENESS OF THE CHEST,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY,
SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS,
FROSTED FEET AND EARS,
BURNS AND SCALDS,
General Bodily Pains,
TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE,
AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

"Olivette" was repeated last evening at the Garden Theater to a large audience. The revival of the popular opera is much appreciated by the patrons of the Cave. It will remain on the bill to-night, to-morrow and Thursday. "La Mascotte" will be presented again on Friday. The Mattie Vickers Comedy Company will appear at the Cave on Sunday evening.

To-morrow evening a benefit will be tendered Managers Collins and Ford as a complimentary expression of the public appreciation of their management of the opera season at the Cave.

THE PARK.

The second week of the Star Ideal Combination engagement at the Park Theater is marked by a fair and appreciative attendance. The artists introduce a pleasing variety of song, sketch and dance features, and the programme presents much novelty. A special bill is announced for to-morrow, the occasion of a benefit for Mr. H. L. Pelkers.

THE NATATORIUM.

The St. Louis Natatorium and Swimming School, Nineteenth and Pine street, is well attended thoroughout the day and evening. The evening hours until 10 o'clock, are devoted to gentlemen exclusively. The Natatorium was much needed here, and it ranks among the most elegant bathing and swimming establishments in the country. The bathing arrangements are excellent and the Natatorium presents all the modern conveniences of a swimming school with superior management. During the warm season the Natatorium will be largely attended.

They All Came at Once.

At a fire on North Market and Twelfth streets yesterday morning the police report that they made several unsuccessful attempts to turn on alarms from three boxes in the vicinity and did not succeed in notifying the fire companies until twenty minutes after the fire was discovered. The following is the report of the operator on watch at the time to the Superintendent of Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph, which is intended to explain the reason for the failure to ring: "An alarm of fire this morning from boxes 371 and 363, and a box was pulled on No. 18 circuit, that I did not get, for they all came in at the same time, No. 371 on Circuit No. 5, and 363 on No. 11. So if any box is reported out of order on Circuit No. 18 you will know it is all right."

LOCAL BREVITIES.

An unimportant session was held by the Board of Health yesterday.

Three new licenses and sixteen renewed licenses were issued by the Board of Engineers.

James Cahil prosecuted Dr. O. G. Whittier before Justice B. P. Traffe yesterday for malpractice.

A select picnic of sheet-iron workers will be held on Sunday, August 21, at Phelan's grove, on the Manchester road.

A woman living at 817 Walnut street, in a fit of jealousy yesterday took morphine, but a stomach-pump spoiled her plan.

Two frame stables on Montrose avenue, between Clark and Argyle avenues, were burned last night, involving a loss of about $200.

Peter Lautz was found on Seventh street, between Pine and Olive, last night, with a mashed nose. He was plastered up at the dispensary and turned loose.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mullanphy Board was held yesterday. During the month twenty-six emigrants and nineteen travelers have been relieved.

James McCormack was severely cut in the abdomen at the corner of Main and Myrtle streets about 5 p. m. yesterday. He was taken to the Hospital, but refuses to give the name of the man who injured him.

Sam Richardson, a colored man, in the employ of Bauer & Rigel, on Broadway, was shown quarters at the Four Courts yesterday by Detectives Hubert and Lawler. Richardson has been collecting money for the firm and appropriating it to his own use.

The Board of Charity Commissioners met yesterday. Mr. C. D. Blossom's report from the House of Refuge provoked some discussion, but was finally adopted. Mr. Meyer Friede's report on the Insane Asylum, Poorhouse and Female Hospital was also adopted.

John Huffman, who a few years ago was a prosperous machinist, and had a wife and children about him. To-day his children are dead, his wife is in the insane asylum, and he is a hopeless lunatic. His dream that he could effect perpetual motion is the cause of all this change.

John Keefe, alias "Monkey," was yesterday arrested by Officers Browning and Desmond on a charge of having tried to burglarize the house of Charles Duff, No. 1137 Washington avenue. As an old judgment of $500 is hanging over his head there will be no prosecution in this case.

William Strattheide was overcome by the heat yesterday at No. 712 South Second street. His fellow-workmen treated him liberally with beer and he went to work again. Later in the day he was overcome again, and suffered severely from convulsions. He is now at the hospital in a very critical condition.

The complimentary excursion given to the officers of the United States Army at Jefferson Barracks by the Frank P. Blair Post No. 1, G. A. R., yesterday was a very pleasant affair. The steamer Charles P. Chouteau left the foot of Locust street at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The excursionists visited Montesano Springs and shortly before midnight returned to the city well pleased with the trip.

RIVER NEWS.

LEYHE'S Spread Eagle dashes off for Grafton at 3 o'clock.

JULES LACHANCE is painting the new towboat Harry Lourey.

No finer boat comes to St. Louis than the City of Providence.

THE Calhoun will be in to-night and return to Peoria to-morrow.

THE Maggie P. departs for Peoria at 4 p. m. Jenkins & Sass agents.

THE W. P. Halliday is being supplied with one of Brush's electric lights.

THE Alex. Kendall, of the Davidson Line, leaves for Clarksville at 4 p. m.

CAPT. A. B. COCK, of the steamer John L. Rhoads, left for Cincinnati last night.

CAPT. JOHN B. CONWAY'S Fannie Tatum will be off for Paducah at 4 p. m. Thursday.

THE Dora, Capt. Alex Lamont, and Murphy clerk, departs for Clarksville at 4 p. m.

CAPT. C. P. WARNER of the Southern was on 'Change to-day conversing with his old time river friends.

BISMARCK has recently been visited by a severe hail storm. Upwards of 6,000 panes of glass were broken.

THE Gem City got around the track on time and leaves for St. Paul at 4 p. m. again today full of people.

THE City of Providence, of the Anchor Line, leaves for Vicksburg this evening. Geo. Lennox commands.

CAPT. D. W. MARATTA informs the Tribune that he made $2,000 this year on his farm by not putting in any grain.

PATRICK DAILY, better known as Skinner Pat, an old river pastry cook, died at his home in this city last Sunday.

THE race-horse steamer Gem City leaves for St. Paul at 4 p. m. Wm. Thompson commands and N. B. Hatchel is clerk.

THE fine Diamond Jo Line steamer Josephine, Capt B. A. Conger, takes her departure for St. Paul this evening.

THE noted steamer Wm. P. Halliday is receiving to leave for New Orleans to-morrow. Beck Jolly commands, and Owen G. Cates is clerk.

RIVER 13 feet by the gauge and falling. Business dull. Light water boats will soon be in demand. The Bright Light is one of these and a good one.

COL. WM. ALBITZ, Assistant Superintendent of the New Orleans Anchor Line, leaves for Minnetonka this evening to spend his annual vacation.

CAPT. W. L. HAMBLETON returned yesterday from Mound City, and is pushing the new towboat Harry Lourey to completion as rapidly as possible. She will be ready for business in September.

CAPT. ALEX. M. HALLIDAY'S good steamer Paris C. Brown is at the landing. She loads for New Orleans in the Anchor Line, following the W. P. Halliday Saturday. Christ. Young and Fred Hall are clerks.

THE Bismarck Tribune: A somewhat interesting case came before Judge Cory yesterday, being a writ of attachment brought by the roosters on the C. K. Peck against the officers of that boat. While at Buford, the aforesaid roosters struck for $60 per month, and extorted that price from the said officers, and upon reaching Bismarck that sum was demanded. Upon refusal of the officers to pay that sum, the roosters brought suit against the company for the amount, but Judge Corey decided that there was no cause to issue process; consequently the men will have to accept the contract price or nothing.

NEW ORLEANS Democrat, Aug. 5: Capts. J. B. Kinney and Alf. Grissom arrived in the city yesterday. The folks on the Grand Lake vote Capt. Symmes' steam fan a success. The fans are worked by steam on a very simple contrivance suggested by Capt. Symmes, and which also regulates the speed. The Alvin was let out of the Good Intent dock, and the Belle taken in. Mr. Lewis Rawlings, one of the pilots of the H. Hanna Blanks, has gone to Texas to stay a month. The H. Hanna Blanks brought a portion of the Little Bob B.'s machinery. The steamboatmen of our city are about inaugurating a stock company for the purpose of building a large dock that will be enabled to take in the largest steamers on the river. The John Wilson was having her shaft, which is broken, taken off yesterday. The Captains' Association have a meeting on the 30th, for the purpose of an election of a new Board of Directors. Captain Tom P. Leathers is spoken of very favorably for President. The coast boats have come to an agreement not to hire tarpaulins for the purpose of covering rice this season. The planters will have to pay for them if they are required. Twelve sacks of new rice were received yesterday by the Fanchon, from the plantation of C. Le Blanc, parish of Iberville.

THAT indigestion or stomach gas at night, preventing rest and sleep, will disappear by using Hop Bitters.

HOTELS.

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL

SEVENTH AND POPLAR STS.

Newly Furnished Throughout.

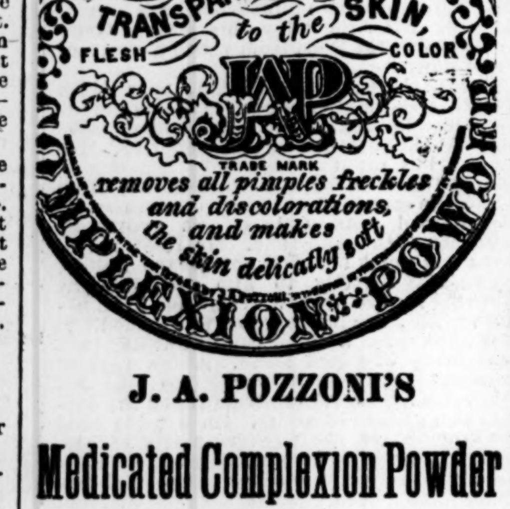
First-class in All Particulars.

TERMS:

$2 00 AND $2 50 PER DAY.

Only three squares from Union Depot, just opposite Missouri Pacific general offices. Every modern convenience. W. U. Telegraph in the Hotel Office.

J. A. & J. H. ROBERTSON,
Proprietors.



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Medicated Complexion Powder

The most exquisite of Toilet Preparations, the virtues of which have caused it to be in demand in all civilized countries, stands pre-eminent for producing a

Soft and Beautiful Skin.

It is acknowledged by thousands of ladies who have used it daily for many years to be the only preparation that does not rough the skin, burn, chap or leave black spots in the pores, or other discolorations. All conclude by saying:

"It's the best preparation for skin I ever used."

"It is the only article I can use without making my skin smart and rough."

"After having tried every article, I consider your Medicated Complexion powder the best preparation I ever used, and can not do without it."

POZZONI'S
EAU DE COLOGNE

Has all the exquisite flavor of the imported Farina Cologne. In Pint bottles, Price $1.

Sold by All First-Class Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

If your merchant does not keep them, send direct to

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BATHS, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR and every other bath.
Health and comfort assured.
Under Lindell Hotel.
J. P. THOMAS,
Proprietor.

Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway Company.

Notice of Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on the 28th day of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of acting upon the following agreements made by its Board of Directors:

1. An agreement with the Cairo and Vincennes Railway Company for the consolidation of that company with this company. The said agreement also provides for the issue in exchange for the common stock of said company of common stock of this company to the amount of not exceeding three millions five hundred thousand dollars, being an increase of the capital stock of this company to that extent.

2. An agreement with the Danville and Southwestern Railway Company for the consolidation of said Company with this Company.

3. An agreement with the St. Francisville and Lawrenceville Railroad Company for the consolidation of said Company, with this Company.

Each of the foregoing agreements provides for the issue by this company of its five per cent bonds to the amount of three millions eight hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars ($3,857,500), secured by mortgage upon the railroads and property of the said Cairo, Danville and St. Francisville companies. Said issue of bonds is to be paid to the stockholders of the said three companies and for rolling stock of said Cairo company in the proportions specified in said agreements.

4. An agreement between the St. Louis Bridge Company, the Tunnel Railroad Company of St. Louis, the Wabash St. Louis and Pacific Railway Company, and the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, for the lease by the two last named companies of the Bridge over the Mississippi River, and the Tunnel and Railroad Tracks, and for the acquisition by the lessee companies of the common stock of said St. Louis Bridge Company.

SOLON HUMPHREYS,
A. L. HOPKINS,
JAY GOULD,
RUSSELL SAGE,
THOMAS, E. TUTT,
JAMES F. HOW,
BENJ. W. LEWIS,
CHARLES RIDGLEY,
GEO. L. DUNLAP,
F. L. AMES,
JAMES CHENEY,
JAMES F. JOY,
SAMUEL SLOAN,
GEORGE G. HAVEN,
SIDNEY DILLON.

ANDREW F. BROWN,

UNDERTAKER,

BOARDING, SALE & LIVERY STABLE

Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,

CORNER OF WALNUT.

I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfuly invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.

University of Virginia.

Session begins on the First of October, and continues nine months. Apply for catalogues to the Secretary of the Faculty, P. O., University of Virginia, Albemarle Co., Virginia.
JAS. F. HARRISON, Chairman of the Faculty.

ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL

Law Department Washington University.

Fifteenth Annual Term opens October 12, 1881. Course of Study comprises two Annual Terms, seven months each. Diploma admits to bar in State and U. S. Courts in Missouri. Term fee, $80, including use of Law Library. Address (until Sept. 1st, at Iowa City, Iowa, afterward at St. Louis,) W. G. HAMMOND, LL.D., Dean of Law Faculty, or HENRY HITCHCOCK, St. Louis.

HELP WANTED MALE.

BOY wanted to drive delivery wagon, at 301 South Fifth street. 9

CARRIAGE painter and boy. One that has worked at it preferred. Twenty-fourth street, between Franklin avenue and Wash. 4

COOK wanted. Apply immediately at Henry's Place, No. 223 N. Third street. 9

GOOD barkeeper in Christ. Werner's saloon, southeast corner Thirteenth and Wash. 4

GOOD COOK WANTED—Male or female. Apply to Flannery, Little Rolling-mill, East St. Louis. 6

LUMBER PILERS WANTED—Sunday morning, at Levee and Plum street. 6

SHOVELERS and teams on Thirteenth and Market Friday morning. J. A. Lynch, contractor.

WANTED—A good colored man to attend to horse. Apply at 1127 N. Twentieth st. 8

WANTED—Good man cook, with references, to call at 520 Pine street, room 2. 5

WANTED—A No. 1 carriage-trimmer, to go to the country. Apply at Milburn's carriage factory, Seventh and Cass avenue. 9

WANTED—A man to work about a saloon. Call at 1030 Franklin avenue. 5

AGENTS WANTED.

THE COMPARATIVE EDITION OF
THE NEW TESTAMENT.

BOTH VERSIONS IN ONE BOOK.

FULL TEXT OF "King James" and "Revised Versions" IN PARALLEL PAGES. Free from errors. Changes shown at a glance. ONLY ONE BOOK REQUIRED. Saves time, saves labor, insures accuracy, gives satisfaction. Sells rapidly. Containing 1000 pages, Price only $1.50.

AGENTS WANTED. J. H. CHAMBERS & CO., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Atlanta, Ga.

SEALED PROPOSALS

FOR erecting the first story of St. Luke M. E. Church, N. E. cor. of Potomac and Clara sts., are solicited until Saturday 12 m., August 13. Plans can be seen at the residence of Rev. J. F. Corrington, 3537 Carondelet ave., bet. 8 a. m. and 1 p. m., or at office of C. Z. Clarke, architect, 719 Locust st. Detailed bids will be also considered. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—The undersigned, directors of the Wabash Mining and Milling Company, a corporation duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Missouri, hereby give notice that on Monday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1881, at the office of said company at 305½ Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, in said State, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation will be holden for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of said corporation from ten thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Missouri

M. G. CARY,
T. A. CODY,
BENJ'N WALKER,

Directors of the Wabash Mining and Milling Company.
St. Louis, Mo., June 13, 1881.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

The wonder of the Nineteenth Century and only Syphilitic Specific known, curing all blood diseases, hereditary or otherwise.

Wm. R. & T. W. Hooper, Contractors, Atlanta, Ga., say: "One of our workmen was cured of a case of Syphilis of five years' standing with S. S. S."

"Sold several gross at retail, success attending every sale." J. B. BOND, Little Rock, Ark.

Ask the druggist or write for the little book.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga., Props
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A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE } 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES. } GUIDE!

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage Dr. Whittier. 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo

STEAMBOATS.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

Packets for Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg,
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF PROVIDENCE.......Lennox, Master
Will leave on Tuesday, August 9, 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.................Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND NEW ORLEANS TRANSPORTATION CO.
For New Orleans.
Str. OAKLAND and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, August 13, at 5 p. m.
Receiving at Northern Line wharfboat, foot Olive st. L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
H. LOUREY, Prest. Agent.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
For New Orleans.
Str. MY CHOICE and Barges.
Leaves Monday, August 8, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Freight Agent.

St. Louis, Cairo and Paducah Packet Company.
For Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Metropolis, Paducah and all way landings, connecting with Cumberland and Tennessee and Ohio River packets, Str. Fannie Tatum, John B. Conway, Master; John H. Griffith, Clerk. Leaves Thursdays at 4 p. m. For freight or passage apply to
JENKINS & SASS,
General Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and way landings.
Str. W. P. HALLIDAY...............Jolly, Master
Leaves Wednesday, August 10, 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st. N. B.—Through bills of lading given to all points on Ouachita River via N. O. and O. R. T. Co. (Blank's Line.)
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.

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ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
The steamers of this line tow no barges.
For St. Paul,
GEM CITY.......................Thompson, Master
Leaves Tuesday, August 9, 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on wharfboat at foot of Olive street.

For Keokuk,
Str. BALD EAGLE............Wm. Leyhe, Master
Leaves Monday, August 8, at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville,
ALEX. KENDALL...............Davidson, Master
Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Excursion tickets to all cool northern resorts; privilege of returning by river, rail or lake.
To Fort Benton, Helena and other Montana points special low rates for freight and people—quick time.
For through rates, freight or passage, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.
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JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, and St. Paul.
Str. JOSEPHINE..............B. A. Conger, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, August 9, 4 p. m.
From Diamond Jo wharfboat, foot of Washington av. These fine passenger packets make as quick time as any competing line.
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ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cape au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont,......................Master.
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
For Miami, Lexington, Kansas City and way landings.
Str. LADY LEE..................Abrams, Master.
Leaves Monday, August 8, 5 p. m.
Rocheport, Boonville, Saline City and way landings
Str. FANNIE LEWIS......R. J. Whitledge, Master
Leaves Saturday, August 13, at 5 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
Agent.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN....................Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesday, August 10, 4 o'clock p. m. from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

For Peoria and all Way Landings,
Str. MAGGIE P.
From foot Cherry street, Tuesday, at 4 o'clock. Apply to
R. C. GREER & CO.,
No. 117 N. Main street,
Or JENKINS & SASS, 508 N. Commercial st.

Osage River.

For Augusta, Washington, Hermann, Portland, Baskersville and all way landings,
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL,
A. S. Bryan, Master..............T. S. Loucks, Clerk
Leaves Thursday, Aug. 11, 4 p. m. foot Morgan st. JENKINS & SASS, Agents,
No. 508 N. Commercial.

HO! PICNIC OR HUNTING PARTIES.
The beautiful little steamer CLARA can be chartered for picnics, moonlight excursions, etc. P. P. Manion, corner Morgan and Levee.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

MONEY TO LOAN.

$5,000 TO $30,000 TO LOAN—At 6 per cent, in sums to suit.
BUILDING LOANS made to improve property; collateral loans made on short time.
DYER & RUTLEDGE, 707 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 712 Pine.

FINE BUILDING LOT CHEAP—50x145 on north side of Kennerly avenue, 100 feet west of and opposite Cote Brilliante School; now reached for one car-fare; it lies slightly above grade, on high ground; will be sold for $800 cash. Apply to the foreman of this office. 22

FOR SALE—A nice, gentle lady's horse; with phaeton and harness, $250. Frank Desloge, 209 South Eleventh street.

FOR SALE—Drug store at a great bargain; price, $300. Address T. 17, this office.

FOR SALE—Top covered wagon cheap. Inquire at this office. 13

FOR SALE—Lots and farm lands. Inquire of Page & Buckland, Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

GOOD HOME wanted by an elderly gentleman; good hand with horses and cows; best refs. Albert, this office. 4

WANTED—Pupils in point lace; decorative art taught for $1; rick-rack trimming from an inch to finger-depth made to order. Address Miss M., this office. 9

WANTED—To buy cheap, a good, strong top buggy. Direct offers to J. E. H., 318 Chestnut street. 8

ALL SORTS.

COAL! COAL!—Good Illinois family coal will be delivered at 10 cents per bushel.
JOHN SCHMITT,
MAIN AND TESSON STS.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS and other household goods sold on monthly payments at S. MYERS',
619 and 621 Market street.

A. BANCHEREL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

BAR LE DUC CHAMPAGNE FOR SALE.

PINTS......................................$9 00
QUARTS.....................................8 00
ST. LOUIS WINE CO.,
24 and 26 N. Main.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st
Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

FREE OF CHARGE.

☞ Situations wanted, male and female; lost and found, help wanted, male and female; rooms for rent, rooms or boarding wanted, not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, will be inserted free of charge.

PIANOS

Of all grades for rent or for sale on $10 monthly payments. Old pianos taken in exchange at
H. KOERBER, No. 310 N. 11th St. Bet. Olive & Locust.

PERSONAL.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

GENTLEMAN who wishes an intelligent, refined and agreeable lady companion for life would do well to address Cleo Nelson, city.

PERSONAL—For good and cheap shoes go to Mr. Olson's, 813 Pine street. Fresh stock from best manufactory in the city. Boots and shoes to order. Repairing neatly done cheap.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 6

SHIRTS of faultless fit made to order, 3 for $4. FREEMAN, N. W. Cor. Washington avenue and Eighth St.

LOST AND FOUND.

SMALL, young dark brown cow, with spotted head, and rope round her horns, lost since 12th of July. Please send word to H. J. Lammers, Harris avenue, Lowell, opposite O'Fallon Park gate. 4

STRAYED from Rinkleville on the 1st, one bay horse mule, 16 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, a little humped back. Any one returning same to the above place or 3818 Washington avenue, will be satisfied for their trouble.

LOST—Strayed on August 3, a fox-hound bitch about 1½ years old. A liberal reward will be given for information. Call at 912 Carroll st. 8

LOST—On Friday, a pet canary. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to 2814 Locust st. 8

LOST—On July 30, a gold cross with flower in the center at Bayer's Place. Finder can have reward by returning to 2228 Carr street. 8

LOST—A large pocket-book containing papers of no value but to the owner. Liberal reward will be paid. Dr. Park, 1010 Washington avenue.

LOST—Memorandum Book, containing a note, an annual pass over the C., B. and Q. R. R.; good only to Frank L. Ritchey, editor Express, Abingdon, Ill. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to St. James Hotel, city.

WANTED—ROOMS.

FURNISHED room wanted with gas and bath by two gents. Address, stating price, must be reasonable, J. & C., this office. 5

FURNISHED room for two gents, good locality, and bath. Price not to exceed $12 per month. Address J. H. H., this office. 5

GOOD rooms wanted, with board, in a strictly private family for gent, wife and little child. Address, with terms, T. T. 14, this office. 2

NICELY furnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Price $9 per month. Address A. N. 17, this office. 5

WANTED—Suite of unfurnished rooms on first floor for gentleman and wife with no children, with or without board. None but respectable parties need apply. Mrs. Lewis, 1132 North Sixth street. 8

WANTED—To rent, three unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, with use of bath, near center of city. Ad. J. A. M., this office. 8

WANTED—A furnished room by a gentleman and wife. Address, stating terms and location, J., this office. 8

WANTED—Basement, not to exceed $6 per month. Ad. L. S. F., this office.

WANTED—Pleasant furnished room; quiet neighborhood where parties are not inquisitive. C. Russell, this office.

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms in central part of city. Willing to pay reasonable rent. Best references. Address X. 100, this office. 4

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms in a private family or widow's for man, wife and baby; good neighborhood, as near this office as possible. Address H. C., 1132 North Sixth st. 4

WANTED—Two very large, cool rooms, single or en suite, front south, also east ex., in strictly private family. 2825 Thomas st. 9

YOUNG man, best of reference, desires a nicely furnished room, southern exposure, with or without board, where there are few or no other boarders, in private family, west of Twenty-second street. Address R. P., this office. 4

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED TO RENT—A dwelling of six good rooms with yards, etc., three or four miles outside the city. Address H. G. Wood, 411 Olive street.

FOR RENT.

Dwellings.

916 GARRISON AVE.—For rent, handsome 3-story stone front, 11 rooms, modern conveniences. Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession May 1.
F. J. COMSTOCK,
402 North Fourth street.

Rooms.

709 ST. CHARLES ST.—A pleasant furnished front room for gent and wife or two gents. Terms reasonable. 29

811 WALNUT ST.—A furnished room for rent. 6

910 NORTH NINETEENTH STREET—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; terms reasonable. 5

1030 FRANKLIN AVENUE—Fine furnished rooms, with bath. 5

1108 HAM ST.—A nice furnished room. 4

1216 ST. ANGE AVE.—Choice furnished room for one or two gents, with gas and bath. 9

1306 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front parlor bed-room; terms reasonable. Also, second story back room (newly papered) for light housekeeping; rent, $10 per month, without children. 8

1500 OLIVE STREET—A large, elegantly furnished second-story front corner room; gas, bath, etc. Call soon. 5

1834 LUCAS PLACE—A pleasant room; southern exposure, with breakfast and supper, to one or two gents. 8

1835 MORGAN ST.—For light housekeeping, two pleasant rooms with northern and southern exposure. Call after 6 p. m. 9

2337 CLARK AVE.—Cor. Jefferson ave., one large front room, unfurnished, for gent and wife; so. ex.; private family; ref. ex. 6

A WIDOW lady can give good room and board to elderly gent; private family. Address P. D. N. 1000, this office. 4

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, suitable for gentleman, at 615 S. Fourth st. 8

FOR RENT—For gentlemen, nicely furnished room at 220 South Twelfth street, op. park. 8

FOR RENT—2334 Olive street—Furnished rooms, single or en suite. 8

FOR RENT—1124 N. Sixth street. Newly furnished room, first floor, front, with use of bath. Cheap. Gents only. 6

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished second-story back room, newly papered, rent $10, for light housekeeping to a neat party without children, at 1507 Chestnut street. 5

FOR RENT—First-class furnished rooms, southern exposure, for gents, at 719 Chestnut street. 5

FOR RENT—A large, well furnished room on second floor, suitable for two gents. 2610 Morgan street. 4

FOR RENT—Three rooms, furnished. 814 North Ninth street. 4

FOR RENT—Small store suitable for a widow lady, who understands dressmaking and general sewing; good trade; must purchase fixtures for $25. Address A. B., this office. 5

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room. 1205 Washington avenue. 9

FOR RENT—A handsomely furnished parlor; also small rooms, at 823 Washington avenue. 9

LARGE or small rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; terms moderate. 1428 Olive. 9

ROOM for rent in western part of the city, with or without board. Address M. 22, this office. 4

TWO nicely furnished rooms, front and back, 2d floor, with or without board. 1014 North Fifth street. 8

TWO nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure, in private family; breakfast and tea; references exchanged. Address B. 53, this office. 5

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A STENOGRAPHER desires a position as amanuensis or to take correspondence from dictation. Will work for $15 per week. Address A. B., this office. 8

A YOUNG man of twenty-five would like a place in a boot and shoe or gents' furnishing goods store; a place where honesty, sobriety and strict attention to business will be appreciated. Will work for small wages at first. Best of reference. Address A. R. C., Belleville, Ill. 8

A YOUNG man would like to get a situation in some grocery; can make himself useful. Address or apply to Frank Heisler, St. Louis University, Ninth and Washington ave. 6

A YOUNG man 26 years of age wishes a situation as clerk in a wholesale house; speaks and writes English and German perfectly and is quick at figures. Address M. J., this office. 5

A SITUATION wanted as traveling salesman for dry goods, gents' furnishing or notions; seven years on the road; first-class reference. Address W. H. L., this office. 5

A YOUNG teacher wishes to make arrangements by September 1 with a nice family to instruct the children two hours every evening in part payment for breakfast, supper and lodging. Address H. T., this office. 5

I WILL accept any kind of employment; am a rapid penman and correct at figures. Please address R. Armstrong, 106 N. Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. 5

MAN AND WIFE, German, without children, wish a place in some family; are willing to work at anything; want a good home more than wages. Ad. W. R. B., this office. 6

POSITION wanted of some kind in wholesale boot and shoe house; ten years' experience; understands the business thoroughly; large country acquaintance; references. C. H. Wilson, Mound City House, 106 North Fifth street. 4

POSITION wanted as private watchman in some first-class hotel or bank. Best of reference as to ability and character from present employer. Address D. J., this office. 6

POSITION WANTED—Young man desires position as correspondent; ten years' business experience; is a short-hand writer. Will work reasonable. Ad. Leverett, 328 North Third street.

SITUATION wanted by a young man who wants to work has had some experience in the dry goods and grocery business. Address Box 31, Lebanon, Ill. 8

SITUATION wanted by a young man, 20 years old, where he can be familiar with some kind of business. Best of reference furnished; will engage for $6 per week. Address, H. C. R., this office. 6

SITUATION by a young man of 20 to work in a store or to drive a delivery wagon. Address H. S., this office. 6

SITUATION WANTED—By a competent prescription clerk; graduate; speaks German and French; first-class references. Ad. R. Hahn, 1608 Pine street. 6

SITUATION wanted by man 30 years of age to sell goods, either in store or on the road. Has had ten year's experience as traveling salesman. Address C. C. H., this office. 4

SITUATION wanted by a young man of experience, with some surveying party; can give best reference. Address A. Q. Davenport, this office. 9

SITUATION as miller; have had large and varied experience; would not object to country. Address Miller, Third and Chestnut sts. 5

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 20 years, who has traveled for three years, and has also long experience in retail business. Best of recommendations. Address Good Salesman, this office. 8

WANTED—A situation by a competent man to travel for a grocery, liquor or tobacco house. Has large acquaintance in the West and South. Best of city reference. Address B. C., this office. 8

WANTED—A man (35) speaking fluently German, French and Dutch, desires employment. Not afraid of work. Best of reference. Ad. James, this office. 9

WANTED—By a youth 17 years old, a situation to learn the carpenter trade. Address Geo. Knobbe, 14 South Fourth street. 9

WANTED—By a man and wife, without children, two or three unfurnished rooms suitable for housekeeping. Address Edward, this office. 9

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 15; writes plain hand; willing to work. Add. C. Wolf, this office. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

A REFINED and respectable young lady desiring a home would like a situation as housekeeper for a widower living in good circumstances and neighborhood. Address Minnie Waldron, St. Louis, Mo. 8

A WOMAN with a boy 15 years of age would like to obtain a situation as cook or general work; understands tending to horses. Ad. 205 S. Eighteenth st. 8

A COMPETENT cutter and seamstress would like some work in the country during the hot weather. Ad. B. B. N., this office. 6

A YOUNG lady, good writer, would like to have some copying or writing to do at home. Address M., 1624 Chestnut street.

A LADY who writes a good plain business hand wishes copying to do. Address W. 42, this office. 4

DRESS and pants maker wishes a home where she can keep her baby and sew; has a fine Singer machine; is a general seamstress; good ref. Ad. R. T., 30 Nicholson Place. 4

SITUATION wanted by two girls in one house, hotel, kitchen or restaurant; both understand cooking. No postal cards answered. Apply at the Franciscan Sisters', Fourteenth and O'Fallon. 8

WANTED—Situation by a respectable middle-aged lady, for housekeeping for aged persons or sewing. Call at 1016 Autumn street. 4

WANTED—A situation to do general housework by a young Irish girl, strong and willing to learn. Apply at 2918 Laclede ave.

WANTED—By the first of September, a situation for a lady, who is now practicing shorthand; writes about seventy or seventy-five words per minute, and has some knowledge of type writing. Ad. F. R. D., 200 South Twenty-first street. 4

WIDOW living at No. 719 Montrose avenue would like to have washing, ironing and mending to do for several gentlemen. Please ask for me at No. 715 Montrose avenue. 9

WANTED—By a widow, a situation as housekeeper in a widower's family, either city or country. Address G. H., this office. 9

YOUNG girl wishes a situation as house and dining-room girl or housework and nursing. Call at 1232 N. Fourteenth street. 8

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

A GIRL to do general housework. Apply 1430 Papin st. 6

A GIRL to cook, wash and iron. Apply 1430 Papin street. 5

A GOOD girl to do general housework in small family. Apply 4011 Cook avenue. 5

GIRL WANTED—For general housework; only two in family; must have good recommendations, and be able to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 10 S. Twenty-second street. 6

GIRL WANTED—For general housework; must have good recommendations, and be able to cook, wash and iron; family consists of two persons only. Apply at No. 10 South Twenty-second street. 4

NURSE GIRL wanted who will also assist in housework at 917 Soulard street. 8

TWO girls wanted, one to do general housework and one to nurse, in small family. Apply at 1735 Preston Place. 5

WANTED—A girl from 14 to 16 years old to help in a small family. Call at 2824 Cass avenue. 8

WANTED—A girl for general housework; wages $8. Apply at 2334 Olive street. 8

WANTED—A good girl about 9 or 10 years old. Will give her a good home, board and clothing; or one to adopt. Call at 1410 Sidney street. 8

WANTED—A woman who will make herself generally useful wants a situation; is a good nurse. Ad. 2023 Morgan street. Inquire in the yard. 8

WANTED—A woman for general housework at 2726 Clark avenue. 5

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to cook, etc.; German preferred. Apply at 3015 Locust street. 9

WANTED—First-class operators on fine custom shirts. J. R. Crawford, 505 Olive st. 9

WANTED—A good girl to nurse and do upstairs work. Apply 1913 Washington avenue. 6

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron. Wages $20. Must come with reference. Apply 1913 Washington avenue. 6

WANTED—A woman to wash and iron two days every week. Apply at 817 Tayon ave. 5

WANTED—BOARD.

A GENTLEMAN wants room and board in private family, where there are no other boarders. Address Oscar, this office. 3

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—By a young man on the line of the Iron Mountain Railroad; a nice, cool, shady place where there are one or more other boarders. Address, stating price, etc., F. R., this office.

GOOD board and two rooms nicely furnished, single or en suite, at S. W. cor. Elliot ave. and Stoddard st.

BOARDING.

1712 N. TENTH—Rooms cheap, or with good board $4 per week. 1

FIRST-CLASS day board furnished near cor. Sixteenth and Chouteau ave.

U UR. room with board; . ex.; 2707 Wash st.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	80
Six months, postage paid	50

Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth Street.

ST. LOUIS, August 1, 1881.

I solemnly swear that the average, bona fide, circulation of the

DAILY POST-DISPATCH

during the month of July, 1881, was

15,030 COPIES PER DAY.

I. G. KAPPNER, Cashier Post-Dispatch.

City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, ss.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, a Notary Public within and for said city and State, at my office, this first day of August, 1881.

(Seal.) RALPH TALBOT, Notary Public.

GENUINE cases of Asiatic cholera continue to turn up in the country, but they are nearly always traceable to stale vegetables

A PARTIAL peace has been patched up between BISMARCK and the Vatican, and the Pope will probably continue to reside at his present residence.

IT is more than likely that the infirmities of Mr. BRADLAUGH are being exaggerated. He is one of those reformatory citizens who thrive on outrages.

AT noon to-day the President's pulse was 104 beats per minute and he was reported to be in splendid condition—as all men are who are being rapidly consumed by fever.

MR. GARFIELD wrote his name in a fine, round hand this morning. Candidates for small consulships and postmasterships will begin to climb through the windows of the sick-chamber when this intelligence is disseminated.

THE drought in this part of the country is getting to be rather serious. An immense damage has been inflicted upon the crops and unless a copious rain falls this week the agricultural community hereabouts will be in no humor for thanksgiving in November.

OUR disesteemed friend of the Sedalia *Bazoo*, having become incensed at the POST-DISPATCH, has taken to stealing his editorial paragraphs from the St. Louis *Republican*. Aha! we have him! If he will only keep this up he will kill his wretched paper in three months.

VENNOR says we are going to have a delicious change of the weather about the 15th. The comet will then be in perihelion or hades or some other scientific place, and we will be treated to cold northerly winds and nipping frosts. Now is the time to lay in a coal supply.

ONE of the great problems of the day is thus stated by the New Orleans *Democrat*: "We must discover some means of getting rid of the rats that does not involve sacrificing the babies." And yet in some portions of this country—New England, for instance—it is almost as important to thin out the babies as the rats.

A NEGRO minstrel, residing in Boston, known as WALTER BRAY, but who is said to be a son of the Col. BAKER killed at Ball's Bluff early in the war, has lost his mind. If some of the negro minstrels would only be kind enough to lose their mental grasp upon the ancient jokes which they persist in peddling around the country, the public would have cause for thankfulness.

THE Washington *Critic* disparages the White House bulletins and insists that Mr. GARFIELD is worse than represented. It calls attention to the fact that no Cabinet officer has been permitted to see him since the 2nd of July; that only fourteen adult persons have been admitted to his chamber; that he has lost fifty pounds of flesh and that his pulse has been as high as 104 when the physicians claimed that he was free from fever. The *Critic* is published right in the heart of Washington City and is in a position to know some things.

WE have a conundrum for the Cincinnati *Commercial*. In case a large, muscular Ohio blackguard should express a desire to have Garfield die and a small, unhealthy patriot, impelled by a sacred duty, should clash him in the mouth and get knocked down and stamped to pieces for his impetuosity, would you deem it a part of your obligation to the Administration, Mr. HALSTEAD, to see that the doctor bills and hospital fees of this misguided person were paid? Would you regard it as necessary to the newspaper business to speak of him as a Hero while he was lying up for repairs? As a problem of this kind may arise it would be well to have it settled in advance.

MR. CROWE, the Peoria patriot who claims to be engaged in manufacturing infernal machines for the entertainment of the British public, has been making some deprecatory remarks in Chicago about the way in which the "Dynamite ROSSA Skirmishing Fund has been handled. He claims that he started the fund some years ago, the purpose being to worry and annoy the bold Britow wherever found on land and sea. He says that one of the managers of the fund loaned himself $7,000 which has never been returned; $20,000 was squandered on a torpedo boat which failed to operate, though the ring may've money out of the job, while $2,000 more was sunk in trying to start a Fenian organ in the Highlands of Scotland. According to CROWE'S story it is a difficult process to reach British blood through contributions to the Skirmishing Fund. But the great skirmishers, such as ROSSA, live in comfort and luxury and that ought to console the people who are striving to free Ireland.

MR. RICHARD SMITH, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, though very much devoted to the Administration—having recently had a son appointed to the important position of whisky-gauger—is nevertheless willing to have Mr. ARTHUR go to Washington and assume the functions of President until Mr. GARFIELD recovers. He claims that it is the duty of the Vice-President to act in case of the death or disability of the President. Mr. ARTHUR should promptly embrace this invitation. The wing of the party to which he belongs is in great need of encouragement. The sight of him in the Executive office would be good for the sore eyes of some political pilgrims in New York that we know of.

WENDELL PHILLIPS is with us in the matter of gently sustaining Nihilism in Russia. He holds to the doctrine that nothing improves a Czar's personal appearance so much as to explode a dynamite bomb in the neighborhood of his coat-tail. We regret very much to be found in the company of WENDELL. He is erratic. All men are erratic who have a habit of differing with the experienced gentleman who founded the laws of society at a period when goat-skin coats were fashionable and war clubs took the place of lead pencils. We have always found WENDELL, however, on the side of personal liberty and humanity, and on that platform we shake hands with the Calmuck Tartar, the college professor, the Cuban patriot and the book-peddler.

THE champion donkey of Missouri is the editor of the *Home Press*, a small paper printed from shoe-pegs with apple-butter, at La Plata, Macon county. He says that the POST-DISPATCH is inconsistent because it speaks of HARTMANN, the Russian Nihilist, as a patriot, and yet makes war upon the JAMES boys. There is a slight difference between murdering the conductor of a railroad train, robbing passengers and pillaging an express safe, and assassinating a tyrant who oppresses eighty millions of people, but our space is so limited at present that we can't undertake to point it out. Our La Plata friend ought to fold up his long ears and come down to St. Louis. They are hiring men like him to sling thought for the *Republican* now.

HAVING carried on a very successful campaign against the professional gamblers, the authorities now announce through Mayor EWING their firm determination to eradicate the social evil from that section of the city bounded on the north by Washington avenue, on the south by Market street, on the east by the river, and on the west by the city limits. It is claimed that wicked women have no right to exist in what is known as the respectable quarter of the city. They are to be forced to find abiding-places outside of the fashionable section, and though they may be brought in contact with a great many respectable people who are unable to live in the central part of the city, it is thought that public morality will be benefited by the change. Perhaps it will occur to the authorities that if they have a right to tell scarlet women what portion of the town they shall reside in they have also the right to prevent them from living in the city at all. One method of regulating the social evil would be to enforce the law against the eminently respectable people who live by renting property for shameful purposes.

ALTHOUGH highly complimented on account of its accurate knowledge of Ohio politics, the St. Louis *Republican* was foolish enough the other day to predict that the reorganization of the police force of Cincinnati in the interest of the Democratic party would mean a fair and honest election in October. It has not informed its select body of readers yet that in 1876, when Cincinnati had a Democratic Mayor and Chief of Police, Mr. S. J. TILDEN sent $7,000 there to be used in importing repeaters and stuffing ballot-boxes. The work was carried on very successfully, and Mr. EPHRAIM HOLLAND, a worthy and industrious Democrat at that time, retired to the seclusion of a prison for something like a year on account of the interest that he took in the business. Several other young and inexperienced Democratic leaders, who handled Mr. TILDEN'S money, were saved from the penitentiary by the kind interposition of STANLEY MATTHEWS, at present Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. Since that remarkable reform-canvass the Democracy have been in a great measure relieved from responsibility in connection with the police force. Persons gifted with "accurate knowledge of Ohio politics" are not in the habit of predicting great reforms as the outgrowth of Democratic police management in Cincinnati.

AFTER all, it seems that there is very little inducement for people to lead moral lives, and it is not surprising that the conductors and editors of the *Republican* have quit trying. Here is THEODORE ALLEN, the wickedest man in New York, the keeper of the most notorious "dive" on the continent, married to a most beautiful and accomplished young lady worth $442,000. Mr. ALLEN has for a long time been influential in politics in New York. He has defied the law in every form and has actually reveled in wickedness. Not long ago he shot and killed his friend ED. MALOY in his saloon, but the courts held that the affair was a pure accident. He obtained an Indiana divorce from his matrimonial partner three years ago, and now the beautiful heiress comes to crown his life of usefulness. As Mr. ALLEN is somewhat advanced in years and is not the least bit handsome the inference is that the beautiful heiress was drawn to him on account of his evil notoriety. It is a weakness of the soft sex that a scoundrel who has achieved notoriety is often more attractive in the eyes of lovely woman than a plain, plodding, honest fellow who fears God and respects the decrees of man. Every now and then we hear of some charming belle who leaves her father's palatial home to marry a highwayman or a land pirate and when a good-looking fellow commits a most atrocious murder he is certain to receive a share of sympathy and adulation from the fair sex. Woman is purely emotional in her nature. She loves the heroic and to some of them it doesn't matter much whether the hero has stormed a city or robbed a mail coach. However, there are male fools as well female as fools and it is a glorious thing that there are still enough sensible women left to make good mothers and to keep the race from going to the bow-wows. Perhaps this beautiful blonde, with the fortune of nearly a half million, married Mr. ALLEN to reform him. That is woman's great mission and inasmuch as Mr. ALLEN has announced his intention to give up his business and lead hereafter a quieter life we conclude that the heiress is in the line of her duty. With his wife's great fortune Mr. ALLEN can become a respected "leading" citizen. He can settle down in rural New York and if he arranges his politics to suit the style of the district he can go to Congress or become the President of a great railway corporation. He might even connect himself with journalism and exchange observations with JAY GOULD. At all events, we wish Mr. ALLEN well and trust that he and his new family will prosper.

IN several Ohio newspapers of the Democratic persuasion we have recently noticed that Guiteau is a Republican.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

You will have the pleasure of hearing that fact repeated several times before you perish. Mr. GUITEAU was an excellent member of the party of great moral ideas. He was always on hand as a stumper when the country was advertised to be in Peril. Having been taught by the Republican press that the Democratic party would destroy the country when it returned to power, he felt it his duty to kill Mr. GARFIELD when he saw him splitting the Republican party in twain. He also had a grudge against the President for refusing to give him an office, and in shooting him he managed to hit two birds with one stone. Mr. GUITEAU is in some respects a model Republican.

THE *Globe-Democrat* refers to BLAINE as "MULLIGAN'S old friend," and charges him with going about with his pockets filled with public plunder, and yet BLAINE'S affection for MULLIGAN was known in 1876, and his pockets were plethoric with plunder in that same period when our contemporary insisted so pathetically that he should be elevated the the Presidency of the United States. What assurance have we that the *Globe-Democrat* won't be calling GRANT a tramp and CONKLING an assassin before the year is out?

PERSONAL.

—It is now believed that Burton, the Arizona stage robber, is a plumber in disguise.

—As Gerster and Patti are both coming to this country next fall, the prospects of a hard winter for young men were never brighter.

—"Noticing that Mr. Christiancy's divorce suit has cost him $24,000, I have decided not to include a nursery in the addition to my house."—S. J. Tilden.

—Blind Tom, when at his home in Georgia, plays day and night on his piano. It is his only employment. Fortunately there are no neighbors nearer than six miles.

—Clara Louise Kellogg, who has just returned from Europe, complains that the St. Petersburg police opened her letters. Unless Clara's literary style differs widely from that of most American young ladies the police were in hard luck.

—Was-Seen-by-the-Nation and The-One-That-Had-Four-Robes are the two wives of Sitting Bull. The last-mentioned lady evidently enjoyed the confidence of Mr. Bull's pocket-book to an extent unknown among civilized people.

—A London dispatch says that the Prince of Wales treats the alleged sending of infernal machines to England with scorn, and has no fear of being blown up. Years of absence from a mother-in-law will make any man reckless.

—The comet did not bring so much bad luck after all. The sweet singer of Michigan has moved to a place in Arizona where no paper is published, Anna Dickinson has decided to abandon the stage and Spotted Tail was killed last Saturday.

—Gen. Robert Schenck is at Saratoga, and, although feeble, is much better than his friends ever expected him to be. He eats fruit and one vegetable, but no meat, and he walks about and sits on the piazzas chatting with his friends in good spirits.

—The ex-Empress Eugenie, traveling under the title of Countess Pierrefonds, has lately gone to Switzerland. In passing through Germany she stopped at Darmstadt and visited the rooms of the palace used by the late Princess Alice of England, and afterward went to the burial place of the Princess, where she passed some time in silent prayer, after placing several wreaths upon the tomb.

An Electrical Phenomenon.

ST. LOUIS, MO., August 8.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Last Sunday night at 11 o'clock, there was visible in the north-by-northeastern horizon a luminous and brilliant star, which described a remarkably rapid course in a northeastern direction. It was quite a pleasant and at the same time queer phenomenon, as I don't remember of ever having seen any star of such magnitude in such extreme northern region before. Would you be kind enough to let us know the cognomen of this beautiful wanderer, and oblige Louis. SUBSCRIBER.

[Our astronomer is attending the Marvin camp-meeting. Until he returns, questions of this scientific character will have to lie on the table; but our impression is that the star referred to was a Japanese lantern on the tail of a boy's kite.—ED. P.-D.]

A Narrow Escape.

ST. LOUIS, August 9, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you be kind enough, through the columns of the P.-D., to suggest to Mr. McCormick, the builder, that he may have a damage suit on hand if more care is not shown by his workmen? This morning as some ladies and children were passing the house at the northeast corner of Morgan and Sixth streets, which Mr. McC. announces he is building, a piece of the cornice or scaffolding upon which a man was at work fell and grazed the face of one of the ladies, occasioning some pain and considerable fright. It was a narrow escape, and some one is to blame, as there was no barrier or indication of danger. "A word to the wise," etc. ESCAPE.

No More Excursions.

ST. LOUIS, August 9, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please inform me if the Saturday evening excursions on the Chas. P. Chouteau have ceased. If not, when and how long do they intend to run. SUBSCRIBER.

[The Chouteau has retired from the excursion business for this season. She is to be painted and put in order for the cotton trade. —ED. P.-D.]

Ancient History.

ST. LOUIS, August 9, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

When was work commenced on the new Custom-house in St. Louis? HISTORICUS.

[In the spring of 1874, when the old buildings were torn down. The summer was taken up in driving piles on which to lay the foundations.—ED. P.-D.

Rollicking Meteorological Humor.

From this Morning's Republican.

Vennor is not beyond the reach of argument couched in proper terms. He evidently heard and duly measured our growling last week, when the thermometer was so aspiring. While the result is not all that we would ask, the improvement in the weather is immense enough to make any further complaint ungenerous.

Revenge is Sweet.

From the Chicago Times.

The man whom Roscoe Conkling once publicly characterized as a "man milliner," and who sat with meekness under the epithet, subsequently honoring the train of Roscoe in order to help save the party, is getting in his revenge now that Conkling is down. He even says that Roscoe was never much of a man anyhow.

The Sacred Banker.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

The prosperity of the country is unparalleled. It will soon be in order for an able morning contemporary to open fire on some leading banker with a railroad project on hand, and thus inaugurate another panic like that of 1873.

Of No Consequence.

From the Washington Critic.

There will be no question, as was feared, as to the nature of the death of Abdul Aziz, the ex-Sultan. He was immaterial to this country. He made no impression on Wall street.

An Unpalatable Remedy.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Up in the huckleberry region the pickers use raw onions and neat whisky as an antidote for rattlesnake bites. Most people would prefer to be bitten and take the chances.

They Hold 'Em.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The Hon. G. Frisbie Hoar says the people of Massachusetts are not on office-seeking people. This is true. They are peculiarly an office-holding people.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Public School Board will meet in the Board room at 8 o'clock this evening.

THE School Board Land and Leasing Committee will meet at the Polytechnic Building at 7 o'clock this evening.

MR. HENRY REINSTADTLER has taken charge of the Deputy Sheriff's office at the Four Courts for a few days.

MRS. BLANKE and Mrs. Dillon to-day donated a large bundle of clothing to a destitute family taken up by the police.

JOHN MURRAY and Al. Woods, arraigned on charges of petit larceny, had their cases continued generally in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day.

YESTERDAY, Mr. Henry Mangels and Miss Mattie Eisenblaetter were married by Rev. Mr. Eberhard at the residence of the bride's father, No. 1325 Papin street.

THE inquest on the body of Nathan Prettyman, who it is supposed died of injuries received at the hands of Charles W. Curry last night, will be held to-morrow morning at 10 a. m.

MR. PAUL KEMPF, of 1113 Clark avenue, is anxious to let his lady friends know that he is not the Paul Kempf published as obtaining a marriage license. He is still in the field.

THE Emerald Social Club will give a railroad picnic on Sunday, August 21. The committee on location has not yet reported, but it is understood that it will take place somewhere within an hour's ride of the city.

THERE were thirty cases tried by Judge Denison, of the Second District Police Court, this morning. Seven of the cases were plain drunks and the balance were charged with disturbing the peace. The usual fines were assessed.

THE many friends of Michael J. Hester, the hero of the Southern Hotel fire, are making strong efforts to secure him the appointment of Assistant Chief, he having served honorably in the Department for seventeen years, and are confident of his appointmet.

ABOUT 5 o'clock yesterday evening John Delaskey, employed on a new building on Cook avenue between Grand and Spring avenues, fell a distance of about eight feet and broke three of his ribs. He also received very serious spinal injuries. Dr. Daggett was immediately called and pronounced the wounds very dangerous. Delaskey was sent to the Hospital. He resides at No. 636 Thomas street.

WHEN William Schroeder was arraigned in the First District Police Court to-day, Mr. Marshall McDonald, Circuit Attorney Harris' clerk, appeared to prosecute. Mr. Price objected to Mr. McDonald's appearance in the Prosecuting Attorney's chair, on the ground that he was not a member of the bar. This was pronounced a valid objection if Mr. McDonald could not answer it. The case went over until to-morrow.

LAST night Sergeant Miller met a young woman who said her name was Mary Ryan, and that she was out riding with a boiler-maker, to whom she gave some money for safe keeping, after which he threw her out. The man's friends told the police a different story. They said he had only met Miss Ryan on the street, and, not liking her company or behavior, he removed her from the buggy without any more force than necessary.

ABOUT 8 o'clock yesterday evening a fire was discovered in the residence of Mr. T. M. Bell, No. 408 Montrose avenue. An alarm was turned on immediately, but before the engines could render any assistance the flames had reached the house next door, occupied by Mr. D. C. Graves, and damaged it to the amount of about $200. The loss upon Mr. Bell's property was about $600. Cause of the fire is unknown. Both houses fully insured.

ON Friday evening, August 12, Mr. John D. Cruikshanks will be presented with an appropriate testimonial by Clan Campbell, No. 1, Order of Scottish Clans. The clan will convene at 8 o'clock on the above mentioned evening, and at 8:30 the doors will be thrown open to visiting clansmen and friends of the order. Mr. Cruikshanks has served as Treasurer in a most efficient manner in Clan Campbell for the past three years, and it is in recognition of his valuable services that this testimonial is presented.

FOR Neuralgia, Pains and Aches in the Back, Kidneys or Limbs—Hop Bitters.

Criminal Brevities.

Josephine Howard, jailed on a charge of grand larceny will have a hearing August 12.

The preliminary examination of Frank Bulensky on a charge of wife abandonment will be held August 16 in the Court of Criminal Correction.

New warrants were returned to-day against George Hendrick and Frank Glaser, petit larceny; Ben Powell and Charles Williams, grand larceny, and William Ryan, burglary.

IN CHINESE QUARTERS.

How the Mongolians in the Future Great Spend the Sabbath.

Tobacco and Opium Smoking, Good Pi, Ching-Tow and Other Gambling Devices.

A Sunday Dinner at Jo Gee's and a Night at Good Pi.

"Sunday with the Chinese," was the commission a POST-DISPATCH reporter was assigned the other day. A Sabbath might certainly be spent more piously, but scarcely in a more unusual way than diving about the dens and "chin-chinning" the almond-eyed foreigners, whose dives can be found in every second square from Washington avenue to Market street, and from Sixth to Twelfth streets. The located Celestial as a laundryman and the same as the proprietor of the household, usually situated in the rear of his wash-house, are two entirely different individuals. The social visitor must give John a strong story to gain access to the board and bed department of his establishment. With all his abhorrence of the Melican man's ways and his insurmountable objections to becoming naturalized or parting with his queue or retiring the caudal appendage of his shirt to the place it is usually put by white men, he has learned to respect Sunday and do no servile work. On that day the Chinamen of St. Louis attend services at the Young Men's Christian Association Hall, where some charitable ladies and gentlemen have, with some success, undertaken to teach them the fundamental principles of Christianity in connection with some plain but necessary accomplishments in the way of speaking the English language correctly. He receives his visitors, smokes and gambles. In this way the Sabbath day is spent by the Mongolian residents of the Future Great. When the scribe arrived at Oum Wah's quarters on Seventh, near the corner of Chestnut street, the host was patiently waiting for his customers to call for their clothes. A hotel clerk does not receive a parcel in a more business-like way than John Chinaman does his washing. On receiving the clothes he writes out two checks in Chinese characters; one of these he gives to the customer, and the other he ties on the bundle of dirty clothes.

If that check is lost the chances of the unfortunate loser ever recovering his linen again are one in a very large figure. While in Oum Wah's Sunday a man who looked as if he could not lose a shirt without feeling the loss called to redeem his linen with 15 cents. He had lost his check, and though he could describe every speck of lemon juice or tobacco spit on it, it was no go. Oum Wah persisted, "I no 'member many faces. Must hab check." Officer William Henley happened about at this gloomy stage of the game, and, being convinced that the man owned the linen he signed Oum Wah's account-book, putting down the number of his star for additional reference. With this persuasion Oum finally allowed the stranger to depart with his goods, while he went to one corner and prepared for a smoke.

"Do you smoke opium?" asked the reporter.

"Me no smokee opium. Man smokee opium no money, no good. Me smokee China tobac." He expressed his disgust at opium smoking and picked up his pipe. The tobacco pipe was somewhat similar to an opium pipe. The body is made of cane one inch in diameter at either end. One end was open for the mouth. About six inches from one extremity of this cane and twelve inches from the other a small brass tube entered it at an angle of 45 degrees. The first operation was to fill the pipe with water. This flowed out until it barely covered the end of the brass tube in the cane. He then took some Chinese tobacco, which greatly resembles fine-cut chewing tobacco, in one hand, and rolling it into a good-sized pill, put it in the end of the brass portion. With a match he lighted a long piece of twisted paper, which burned slowly without blazing. With this he lit the tobacco, inhaling the air between his mouth and the surface of the water, which was just over the point where the inclined brass tube joined the wood. In this way he made a vacuum which filled with smoke, that passed down the bowl and up through the water into the smoker's mouth. As soon as the man tasted the smoke he expelled the burning ball of tobacco with a puff, and inhaled, at the same time filling the pipe with fresh air. He enjoyed two puffs from each pill of tobacco. After repeating this several times he laid aside the pipe, from which a quart of water flowed.

Hee Lee's place on Market, near Sixth street, was next visited. Three or four Chinamen lounged about the laundry, talking. At the entrance of the reporter, Hee quietly, but rapidly, walked to a partition door in the back of the wash-house, from which the sounds of striking bones issued, commingled with Chinese, as spoken by four men at the same time. Mr. Hee's movement was quick but did not escape notice. By walking directly to him and suddenly shooting for the door, which swung in on being pushed, the inside room was gained. It was lighted by a single candle burning in a cup on top of a cold stove. A few rays of sunshine found their way into the den through a rickety frame structure on the outside and a flight of stairs. On a table near the stove a tea chest covering was spread, making a very desirable playing table. Four men in a decidedly undress attire and one nude to the waist sat playing. On the table were thirty-two rectangular blocks of wood, dotted alike and in quality resembling dominoes, only very much larger. Half of them were dotted with white and half with red. Under an inverted china cup lay two dice. In small tin pie-plates at each man's elbow were circular pieces of thin iron which resembled money. One man shook the cup, and, raising it, found the dice six and two. The next man threw two and two, and the game began. All the blocks were piled four high, face downward. Each took eight blocks, and then the playing began. Some threw out one block, others two, some face upward, some downward. In less than thirty seconds the blocks had all been played on the table and each man went to his money pan. This was repeated several times. When asked what was the name of the game one of the men turned about on his stool and said, "Oh jist fol fun." Hee Lee said, "Just like poker." In a room still further back in this place was a table fully five feet from the ground. It was loaded with opium lamps and pipes and coffee pots. This might serve a double purpose both for eating and for a game called Ching-tow, which is not played very frequently in this city. In the center of this large table a small board is placed, and on this the banker places a handful of chips and immediately covers them with a tin, so that the players cannot calculate the number there. The sides of the table are marked 1, 2, 3 and 4, and on these sides the players range themselves, placing their stakes before them and announcing the amount they bet. The croupier then removes the lid and, with an ivory rod, removes four chips at a time, until four or less remain, from the heap. If one chip remains, the player who has his money up on the side of the small board marked one wins. If two or three remain he saves his stake, and if four remain he loses. His chance of winning is one in four. There are three other varieties of Ching-tow. They are called Nim. Fau and Kok. At Nim the gambler has one chance of winning twice his stake, one of saving it and two of losing it. If he bets on two and two remain he gets double his bet. If three remain he saves his money, but, one or four remaining, he loses. Playing Fau, there is one chance of winning three times the stake and three of losing. Kok is like faro. The amount the player wants to bet is put at one corner between two numbers. If the number of chips left in the heap after lessening each time by four corresponds to either of the numbers between which the player has placed his stake, he receives the amount equal to it. But should the remainder correspond with either of the other numbers his cash is, in an American phrase, "blowed in bad."

Following a Chinaman from Ninth and Chestnut in through a side entrance on the south side of the street between Eighth and Ninth, a reporter found himself in the back room of Hop Long's place. Dinner was not quite ready, and as some valuable ideas might be drawn from a Chinese bill of fare, he tarried for a few moments. The beer was brought in a large tin bucket and distributed in bowls which stood at each eater's elbow. In the middle of the table were two dishes, a large one containing half a dozen chickens stewed, and a smaller one containing a gravy or sauce. In front of each diner was a bowl apparently filled with boiled rice. In the middle of the table lay a handful of chop-sticks, each about the thickness of a lead pencil and eighteen inches long. When one picked up two chop-sticks and placed them in his right hand where he could use them, the others followed suit. Five pairs of chop-sticks would be in the dish of stewed chicken at one moment and the next five pairs of chop-sticks with five pieces of chicken would be in the gravy. When this dish was exhausted the rice bowls were attacked. After taking a few mouthsful from these it was evident that they contained more than rice. The entrails of the chicken had been boiled to a drab color, and this was what was under the rice. About 11 o'clock Sunday night another call was made in this neighborhood on Jo Gee, who lives one door west of Hop. A regular Chinese picnic was in progress there. Four men sat around the table playing the block game above described. Jo Gee is a very intelligent Chinaman, and when asked about the game he said: "That is the Chinese dominoes. We call it good-pi. In this city we don't play for money very often. Sometimes they play for money and win much." On a bunk in one corner of the room two Chinamen lay on either side of an opium lamp, passing the pipe between them. They looked absently on the animated scene presented by nearly twenty Chinamen who were assembled there and were preparing to tackle some more good-pi. Two men were smoking tobacco with their immense pipes. The others lounged about preparing some opium. Half an hour was spent here. The tobacco smokers continued to refill their pipes, the opium smokers "hit" the pipe alternately, and the game of good-pi went on without a stop. One player would have the chips in his pan one minute and another at another. When the playing was over, the men scattered about the city at nearly one o'clock and went to their respective homes, where the wash tub and the iron will take their attention for six days more.

THE TINNERS.

They Will Ask for More Pay on Thursday Morning.

The members of the Tin and Sheet Iron Workers' Union are dissatisfied with present prices, and it is thought that a strike will be inaugurated on Thursday morning next. The history of the movement dates back about four months, at which time it was thought that a uniform scale of prices ought to be adopted. Such a thing as a uniform rate of wages did not exist then, nor does it now, and if a strike occurs this will be the cause of it. Last spring a meeting was called by the workmen in the various shops in the city, and the foremen invited to be present and assist in making out a price-list. After the list was completed the foremen withdrew for the workmen to adopt it, but before that was effected some changes were made to which the foremen would not subscribe. Thus the matter is still open. The union will meet at Tivoli Hall to-morrow evening to decide upon a course of action. It is thought by some of the foremen that a compromise list can be agreed upon and thus avoid the alternative of a strike. The union is over 300 strong.

Mr. Frank Fischer, wholesale tinsmith, of No. 619 North Main street, meeting a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning, said in regard to the trouble in the tin trade: "I do not think that the merits of the matter have been properly represented through the press. Only one side has been heard. We employ twenty-two hands, and at ten hours a day these men earn from $13 to $18 per week. Two men are employed steadily all the year round, and the others can get work for the whole year except about four weeks. The men ask for such an advance that in order to grant it the trade would be drawn away from the city. The goods can be furnished from New York at less rates than the proposed advance for labor. However willing we might be to increase wages, we have to study the competition in this class of trade, and it would be impossible to give assortment tinners such wages as they ask, $5 to $6 a day, and keep the trade in our fingers."

Capturing a Horse.

Quite a crowd of people gathered on the corner of Fifth and Olive streets at 1:30 o'clock to-day to see the general circus got up by a stable man named Moran and a granger named Coyle from Jefferson county. Moran is from the Planters' Sale Stable in North St. Louis, and as soon as he sighted Coyle and the horse he was riding he rounded to, caught the bridle and lustily called "watch!" The policeman on the corner responded to the call and arrested Coyle dispite his indignant protest. The crowd yelled at the prisoner and his captor and had as much of a circus as though a street car strike was in progress. Coyle claims that he is a Jefferson county farmer and that he came by the horse honestly.

Hanlan Will Come.

Hanlan, the great oarsman, will be here on the 20th and 21st of August. He will give exhibitions of his rowing qualities at Creve Cœur Lake on those days. Mr. Dan Carroll is arranging for a series of events on those days, including boat-racing, etc., to wind up with a pyrotechnic display in the evening.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. M. W. Quin and two sons went East to Brighton Beach last night.

Capt. J. A. Snyder, U. S. A., and wife, stationed in this city, have gone East to the seashore.

President McEnnis has taken a trip up the road, presumably to talk River Convention to the benighted dwellers in Chicago.

E. M. House of Houston, Texas, with his bride, slipped through this city yesterday on a bridal trip to Europe, without letting any of his many St. Louis friends know of his presence.

Editor Maynard, of the Moberly Headlight, left for his home this morning after several day's visit in the city. He is a brother of Mr. Charles Maynard, of the St. Louis Sportsman.

Mr. H. Martin Williams, the Greenback apostle, arrived in town to-day from Charleston, where he has been addressing large Greenback meetings. He leaves for his home this evening.

Will Sail for Europe.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, August 9.—The time of John King, Jr.'s, retiracy from railroad business is settled by the announcement that he will sail for Europe on September 28, to be gone three years.

BLOWN INTO ETERNITY.

Five Men Killed and Five Seriously Injured.

Terrible Explosion Below East Carondelet, Followed by a Destructive Fire.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

EAST CARONDELET, ILL., August 9.—A horrible accident is reported here from Columbia, a small station on the St. Louis and Cairo Narrow Gauge Line, seven miles east of this place. About 8 o'clock the laborers on the farm of Henry Young, located near the bluffs, prepared to return to work after breakfast and were approaching the steam threshing machine employed on the farm, when a terrific explosion occurred. There was a pressure of one hundred and ten pounds and the boiler burst,

SCATTERING DESTRUCTION

in every direction. Five men were killed outright and five others were so seriously injured that their lives are despaired of. The machine was shattered in a thousand pieces and the wheat took fire, which spread to all the surrounding property. As far as can be ascertained the names of four of the victims of the catastrophe are Fitzgerald White, Nathan Brown (colored) Alfred Arnold (colored), and a lad from Columbia whose name is not known at this time.

The deplorable accident has created a painful sensation and farmers from all the neighboring country are hurrying to the scene. The Coroner has been notified and will arrive from Belleville by the afternoon train. At present it is difficult to say who is to blame. The stock yard and all its contents were consumed in flames.

THE WEATHER.

Hottest Day Experienced in St. Louis for Forty-five Years.

The weather to-day has been simply appalling, the maximum being 105 degrees in the shade and the heat being extremely oppressive. The thermometer at Aloe, Hernstein & Co.'s made the following remarkable record to-day:

7 A. M. 82
8 A. M. 88
9 A. M. 89
10 A. M. 93
11 A. M. 94
12 M 96
1 P. M. 100
2 P. M. 102
3 P. M. 105

The indications received at the Signal Station show but little chance of change in the weather.

MISSOURI WEATHER SERVICE, CENTRAL STATION, WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, Aug. 9, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

This is the hottest day recorded in St. Louis during the past forty-five years. The temperature unaffected by radiation at 2 p. m., was 103.8°. On July 21, 1869, Dr. Engelmann of this city recorded 104° Fahr., the highest hitherto observed.

His theremometer was at that time, however, affected by radiated heat. The maximum heat of sun's rays as recorded to-day by a black bulb thermometer in vacuo was 149.2°. The terrestial radiation was 64.5° The temperature in the sun at 2 p. m., one inch over the ground in short grass, 113.6°. These radiation thermometers are freely exposed to the sky and sun one week over the ground on short grass.

B. D. KRIBBEN,
Ass't Director Mo. Weather Serv.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, MO., August 9.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	78.8	SW	Clear.
7:00 a. m.	94.5	W	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	.....	.....	.....
2:07 p. m.	103.5	W	Fair.

Maximum temperature, 104.6.
Minimum temperature, 77.0.
River, 12 feet 9 inches.
Change, 0 foot 5 inches.

H. J. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

Court Notes.

Judge John L. Thomas, of Hillsboro, Mo., held court in No. 5 to-day at the solicitation of Judge Amos Thayer, who was unable to come back to town in time. Nothing but unimportant motions were heard.

Several new suits were filed to-day, among others the petition for divorce of Lorena A. Draude against George Draude. The parties were married on the 8th of April, 1880, and lived together until May 10, 1881. She charges her husband with habitual drunkenness and cruelty, and says that on several occasions he has threatened to kill her, and once brandished a knife before the two children, swearing he would kill them. Two children, twins, were born of the union, both of whom have died. She prays for alimony and the restoration of her maiden name—Lorena W. Jones.

KING ALCOHOL.

Infernal Machines Used to Fire a Physician's Dwelling.

PROVIDENCE, August 9.—The dwelling of Dr. Wm. Bowen in Scituate burned last night with nearly all its contents. The Doctor is absent. The family were aroused in time to save their lives. After the house burned a fire broke out in the Doctor's barn near by. Help being at hand, the flames were extinguished, when it was found the fire was caused by an infernal machine operated by clock-work. Doubtless the same kind of apparatus was used to destroy the house. Dr. Bowen has been very active in enforcing the law against liquor-selling and has before suffered in consequence. There is great excitement in the town.

Wall Street Gossip.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, WALL STREET, August 9, 1:15 P. M.—It is claimed the books of the Wabash will be kept in the same manner in future as of the other roads and in calculating the earnings the increased mileage of the current year will not be taken into consideration. It is said that even on this basis the road will have a heavy falling off for the month of August, with 551 miles additional under service, than during the corresponding period of 1880. Mr. Russell says he is very anxious to squeeze the short interest and has given his brokers instructions not to lend the stock better than flat, but other houses came to the rescue, and the loaning rate was reduced to 1 per cent. A number of Mr. Sage's "puts" on the preferred stock at 85 do not expire for some time. It is understood that a meeting of the managers of the Athracite Coal Co. is to be held next week for the purpose of restricting the production to six days during the last two weeks during the months. Lackawanna is opposed to such action, claiming that it has more orders than it can fill for Eastern points.

Virginia Republican Convention.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The Evening Post's Lynchburg, Va., special says: The Republican State Convention, which is to assemble here to-morrow, is attracting very general attention. All of the Republican leaders in the State are on the ground this morning. The hotels and principal streets present a rather lively appearance. The Chairman of the State Committee, Cochrane, has rented Halcombe Hall, in which the convention will meet.

Anticipating a split the Mahone Republicans have secured Redman Hall. It is thought if the Straighouts make things too warm for them the Coalitionists will retire to the hall secured for them. It seems quite certain that those in favor of uniting with Senator Mahone have the greatest number of the more influential Republicans. The greater part of the Government office-holders on the ground are in sympathy with that side in this fight and all of the indications point strongly to a split in the convention. It matters not which side may secure control of that body. There is every reason to believe that Wickham's friends will put a ticket in the field.

Anti-Monopoly.

NEW YORK, August 9.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day Chas. S. Smith, Jacob Wendell, John T. Terry and Osgood Welsh were appointed delegates to the Transportation Conference to be held at Utica the 18th inst. The call is signed by many prominent farmers throughout the State, to consider whether our Government is to continue the Government of the people, for the people and by the people, or whether it is to be a Government of corporations, by corporations, for the benefit of a favored few. The special committee on railroad transportation submitted a report on the changes which have recently taken place in freight and passenger rates, and presented resolutions thanking the managers of the trunk lines for the general reduction in west-bound open rates, and deprecating the practice of making excessively low rates during the season of navigation and high rates during winter.

Carpenters' Convention.

CHICAGO, August 9.—The Carpenters' and Joiners' National Convention this morning elected R. W. Comfort, Chicago, President; John Ritter, New York, Vice-President; P. J. Maguire, St. Louis, Secretary; Thos. P. Doran, Assistant Secretary. The report of the Provisional Committee, P. J. Maguire, chairman, showed the committee had written many letters for the purpose or discovering the best means of consolidation. The committee recommended a reduction of the hours of labor; general organization of the trade, connection with the carpenters of Canada and Europe; action regarding a continental federation of the trade. The report was adopted. Many reports showing that the order was in a flourishing condition were read.

Blaine's Message.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The following was sent this afternoon:

Lowell, Minister, London:

At this hour (2 p. m.) the physicians give an encouraging report of the President's condition. Pulse and temperature were slightly diminished since morning. The pus is flowing freely and appetite is improved. He has been to sleep with comfort, lying on his wounded side? [Signed] BLAINE, Secretary.

Important Railroad Meeting.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Commissioner Fink said to-day he expected there would be a very full representation at the meeting of the Joint Executive Committee to-morrow. Forty-two railroads are represented on that committee. It is said that at the meeting to-morrow a satisfactory agreement will be speedily arrived at in regard to the war of rates.

Regulators' Raid.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MT. STERLING, KY., August 9.—News from Carter county says that the regulators rode into Grayson Saturday night and attempted to take the town. The Marshal armed a posse and killed three regulators and captured four others. No other particulars.

Cincinnati Cullings.

CINCINNTI, August 9.—Chas. Bear, of the Enquirer, died to-day.

The first bale of new cotton from Georgia, raised in Terrill county, was sold here to-day for 38½ cents per pound. It was raised by J. J. Grant; purchasers, F. Laidley & Co.

Death of a Cincinnatian.

CINCINNATI, August 9.—Mr. Harvey James, Assistant Superintendent of the Government Buildings, this city, died this morning. Mr. James was a member or the Mechanics' Institute, an accomplished builder, an exemplary man and esteemed citizen.

Iron Masters Resolve.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, O., August 9.—The Iron manufacturers assume they have united on a line of prices by which all mills west of Pittsburg agree to stand and have resolved to employ none but non-union hands.

Appointments.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9.—Internal revenue appointments, August 8: Adam Dryden, gauger Fifth District of Illinois; Solomon F. Flint, gauger Fifth District of Illinois; O. D. M. Goddis, Second District of Georgia.

Indicted for Murder.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The grand jury filed an indictment for murder in the first degree against Mrs. Elizabeth Coleman, who shot Geo. T. Coles, assistant treasurer at Harry Miner's theater.

Chautauqua Convention.

CHAUTAUQUA, August 9.—Rev. Samuel Spechter, D. D., L. L. D., of Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, lectured this morning on "The irrepressible power of Christian acts."

THE case of T. Dressler vs. W. Gray was tried this morning before Justice Monahan and a jury. Plaintiff sued for $14 rent and possession of property at 520 Christy avenue. Defendant put in a claim amounting to $250 for breach of the rental contract. The jury found for the defendant in the sum of $14. An appeal was taken.

A SMALL house took fire at the corner of Julia and Caroline streets, at 1 o'clock this afternoon, and was entirely destroyed before the flames could be extinguished.

SEED WHEAT, BILLINGSLEY & NANSON, 527 N. Second St.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Money 2½@3. Prime mercantile 3@4½. Bar silver 111⅛. Exchange steady; 82¼ long; 84½ sight. Governments quiet and unchanged. States dull. Railroads are in light request since 11 o'clock. Stock markets continued to improved until nearly midday, when there was fractional reaction in almost the entire list. The transactions are on unusually small scale and fluctuations as a rule trifling. 6s extended 102½; 5s 102⅛; 4½s 114½; 4s 110; Pacific 6s of '95, 131 bid.

Rock Island	136	Mar. & Cin. first prfd.	13
Panama	†260	second prfd	9
Fort Wayne	139	B., C. R. & N	80¼
Pittsburg	†140	A. & T. H.	†47½
Illinois Central	135⅞	prfd	97
C., B. & Q.	159	W., St. L. & Pacific	51¼
Chicago & Alton	139½	prfd	88⅝
prfd	150	Hannibal & St. Joseph	91
N. Y. Central	144	prfd	112½
Harlem	†246	St. L. & San Fran.	49½
Lake Shore	123½	prfd	74¾
Canada Southern	65¾	first prfd	107½
Michigan Central	97¼	C., St. L. & N. O.	80
Erie	43⅜	Kansas & Texas	43½
prfd	†86	Union Pacific	126¼
Northwestern	126¼	Central Pacific	92⅞
prfd	136	Texas Pacific	57¼
St. Paul	113⅝	Northern Pacific	40½
prfd	132	prfd	80⅛
Del. & Lack	123¾	Louisville & Nash	102
Morris & Essex	123½	Nashville & Chat.	90
Del. & Hudson	109⅞	L. & N. A.	99
N. J. Central	96	Houston & Texas	95⅞
Reading	65¼	Denver & R. Grande	98⅝
Ohio	37⅛	St. Paul & Omaha	41¼
prfd	†106	prfd	103½
Chesapeake & Ohio	28	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	44½
first prfd	41	American Union	....
second prfd	40	Memphis & C.	84
Mobile & Ohio	35½	Western Union	88¾
Cleve'd & Col	90	A. & P. Telegraph	....
C., C. & I. C.	22⅛	Pacific Mail	52
Ohio Central	27½	Adams	136
Erie & Western	55⅜	Fargo	130
Peoria, D. & E.	39⅓	American	83½
Ont. & Western	32⅛	United States	67
Ind., B. & W.	48	Quicksilver	15¾
Marietta & Cin.	....	prfd	63

*Bid.
†Offered

Fluctuations of Leading Stocks.

The following are the opening, highest, lowest and closing quotations of leading stocks in New York, as reported for the POST-DISPATCH by Fred. Von Phul, manager Public Stock Exchange, rooms 135, 137, 139 and 141 Chamber of Commerce:

Stock.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
D. & R. G.				
St. Paul	112⅞	114½	112⅞	114¼
Lake Shore	123	124⅛	123	123⅞
Michigan Central	97	98⅜	96¾	98
Erie Railway	43	44¾	43	43⅝
Wabash and Pacific	50½	52	50½	51⅞
do preferred	88⅜	89¼	88¼	89⅛
Central Pacific	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
Union Pacific	126	126¼	126	126¼
Northwestern	125⅞	126½	125⅞	126½
Western Union	88⅜	89½	88⅜	89⅛
Delaware, L. & W	123¼	124⅛	123¼	124⅛
New Jersey Central	95½	96¾	95½	96¼
M., K. & T.	43⅝	44½	43⅛	44⅛
Ohio & Mississippi				
Pacific Mail	51¾	52½	51¾	52¼
Delaware & Hudson	109¾	109⅞	109¾	109⅞
Missouri Pacific	107⅝	108	107½	108

COMMERCE.

Stock of Grain in Chicago.

	Aug. 9, 1881.	Aug. 2, 1881.	Aug. 10, 1880.
Wheat, bu	3,848.389	4 206,011	1,861.609
Corn, bu	1,499,659	1,846,418	3,720.876
Oats, bu	2,030,679	2,443,001	131.275
Rye, bu	126.861	100,714	100.159
Barley, bu	26,271	24.289	61,899

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total
Wheat	5,075	39,392	24,833	69,300
Corn	9,806	7,390	946	18,142
Oats	11,959	700	1,501	14,160
Rye	.....	1,727	.....	1,727
Barley	.....	.....	.....	.....

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	618,468	548,397	294,328	14,167	.....
Total Saturday	615,529	510,689	292.147	14,974	.....
Aug. 1, 1880	542,098	875,025	91,372	10,400	.....

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—7 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 4 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 57 cars No. 2 red winter. 46 cars No. 3 red winter, 17 cars No. 4 winter, 2 cars rejected winter, 5 cars no-grade winter. Total, 138 cars.

Corn—34 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 4 cars rejected white-mixed, 93 cars No. 2 mixed, 16 cars rejected, 2 cars no-grade. Total, 149 cars.

Oats—20 cars No. 2, 1 car No. 2 white. Total, 21 cars.

Barley—None.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 3,255 brls. Quiet and steady; a light local and order trade. We quote: Fancy $6 30@6 80; choice $5 95@6 10; family $5 70@5 85; xxx $4 90@5 15; $4 60@4 75; x $3 80@4 05; superfine $3 40@$3 60; fine $2 80@3 00; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Receipts 5,344 sks, 32,400 bu. Market unsettled and irregular, but with no material change in cash, for which the demand was active. No. 3 red and No. 4 especially firm under an active shipping demand; futures closed lower for August, September and year, and ½@¼ higher for October, November and December. No. 2 red sold at $1 24¾@1 24 cash; $1 25@1 24⅛ August; $1 26¾@1 26 September, $1 29¼@1 28½ October, closing $1 28¾; November $1 31¼@1 30½, closing $1 30⅞; December $1 32@1 32¾, year $1 24⅝@1 24⅛; No. 1 red $1 26; No. 3 red at $1 16¾@1 17 this, $1 17@1 18⅛ E. side; No. 4 at $1 12½ this, $1 13 E. side; No. 3 Mediterranean at $1 17; No. 2 do salable at $1 24; No. 3. white sold at $1 13½.

Corn—Receipts 1,014 sks., 67,000 bu. Another advance, but futures irregular and operations rather cautious. Cash moved readily, speculators getting most of the No. 2 mixed; and shippers all the rejected; No 2 white mixed by order buyers. No. 2 mixed sold at 55@56—56⅛ in E. cash; 55⅜@56 August, and 56⅛ bid later; 56⅞@56½ Sept.; Oct. 56½@57; Nov. 56⅞; Dec. 56¼@56¾; year 54½@55⅛; No. 2 white-mixed at 56½ cash; 56¾@57 Aug.; 56½@57 year; 57¾ bid Sept.; 58¼ Oct.; rejected do salable at 51 regular; rejected sold at 48@47½ in St. L., 48 in U., 47½ asked in A.; for no grade 36 bid.

Oats—Receipts 1,194 sks, 17,600 bu, Lower, with free and pressing sellers, so that the market was weak. Moderate order and feeding demand for cash; No. 2 sold at 35⅛c V., 36@35⅝c St. L.; August 35¼; September 35⅛@34¾c; October 35⅝@35⅛c, closing 35¼; Year 34⅝ to 34⅞@½; for November 35¾ bid; rejected in C. sold at 32½c.

Rye—Receipts 2,240 bu. Again higher under a competitive order demand. No. 2 in C. sold at 87½; bids of 92½ October; 80 year; for rejected 83 bid.

Millfeed—Firm and selling readily; sacked bran at 72c at mill, 73@75c E. track; bulk at 63c E. track.

Hay—Receipts 197 tons. A fair local demand for prime to best stock; no shipping demand to speak of. East track prime timothy sold at $12 50@13; this side—prairie $8 75@9; mixed $12@13 50; prime timothy $14@15; choice $16 50@17 50.

Provisions — Stronger and higher, with an urgent demand for bacon on order account at the advance, but little done otherwise, owing to scant offerings. Standard mess pork jobbed at $18 40@18 50 f.o.b., and September at $18 25. Prime steam lard nominal at about $11 40, sellers holding much higher. Loose dry salt shoulders held at 6.80, long clear at 9.40, clear ribs 9½, short clear 9.80. packed bacon shoulders sold at 8½@.15, long clear at 10½@⅝, clear ribs 10½@.65, short clear at 10.85@11, outside mainly delivered. Hams 11@12c for sugar-cured canvased; small size fancy 13@14c. Tallow 5¾@6¼ according to quality. Breakfast bacon 11½@13c. Grease 4@4½ for brown, 4¾@5½c or yellow, 5¾@6½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $12 50 per brl.; family $7 per half-brl., dried 14½@15½c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Ohio River $1 35, lake $1 45 per brl. Ground alum $1 25 per sack.

Highwines—Higher and firm; upward tendency. Sales 236 brls at $1 11; Cincinnati $1 10; Peoria $1 09.

Lead—Soft Missouri firm; held at $4 85 and salable at $4 80. Sale, 10 cars refined at $4 87½.

Closing Prices.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—August $1 24⅜; September $1 26¼; Oct. $1 28⅞@1 29; Nov. $1 31 bid; Dec. $1 33; year $1 24⅜ bid. Corn—No. 2 mixed Aug. 56½; Sept. 56⅜; Oct. 57¼; Nov. 57 bid; Dec. 57 bid; year 55⅛. No. 2 white-mixed—August 57½ bid; September 58⅜ bid; October 58⅜ bid; year 57⅝ bid. Oats—August 35¼ bid; September 34⅞ bid; October 35⅜ bid; November 35⅞ bid; December 36½ bid; year 34⅝.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—August $1 24⅜; Sept. $1 18; Oct. $1 17⅞@1 18; Nov. $1 18⅜; year $1 16⅞. Corn—August, 54 asked; Sept. 54½@¼; Oct. 55¼; Nov. 55; year 53⅜. Oats—August 32⅞; Sept. 32⅝; Oct. 32⅝@¾; year 32⅛. Pork—August 17.85; September 17.90; October 17.92½; year 16.25; January 17.35. Lard—August 11.40; September 11.45; October 11.47½; year 10⅞@90; January 10.95. Short ribs—August 9.10 bid; September 9¼ bid; October 9.40.

TOLEDO.

Wheat Septembe $1 26⅜; October $1 28¼; November $1 29⅝; December $1 31.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—Cash $1 30⅜@1 31; August $1 30¾@⅞; September $1 32⅛@1 32¼; October $1 34⅛@½; Corn—Cash 59⅜; August 59⅝@59¼; September 62¼@62⅜; October 65⅛@65⅜.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—Spot and August $1 30⅜@½; Sept. $1 31½; October $1 34⅛. Corn—Spot and August 60@½; September 61⅞; October 64.

Cotton.

Spots dull and unchanged, at 11⅜c for middling, with sales of 124 bales. New York 1-16 lower. Liverpool slow and tending down.

NEW YORK.

Middling 12. Futures closed steady. August 12.08@12.09; September 11.17; October 10.61@62; Nov. 10.46; December 10.46@47, January 10.57@58; February 10.69@70; March 10.83@84; April 10.94@95; May 11.05@07.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands, 6 13-16d. Orleans 6⅞d. Futures closed dull; August and Sept. 6 13-16; September and October 6 5-16; October and November 6 1-16; November and December 6; December and January ——; January and February——.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Choice 22@23 fancy 24@25; Dairy—Choice yellow in lots 19@20; fancy 21@22; medium to prime 13@16; low grades 10@12.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 10@11; prime part skim 7@8; inferior do 6@7; hard skim 2@4.

EGGS—Quiet and firm; shippers' count 6@8 for doubtful lots; 10c for choice marks; candled 11c.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

POULTRY—Old chickens $1 75 for cocks, $2 00@2 25 for mixed, $2 25@2 50 for hens; spring chickens small $1@1 25; fair to meidum $1 50@1 75; choice to fancy $2@2 50; spring ducks $1 25@2 5 as in size.

GAME—None coming forward and no price quotable.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 39@39½; dingy and low 33@36; unwashed choice to fancy medium 23@24; fair medium 22@23; coarse and low grade 18@21; light fine 18@20; heavy do 13@16; burry, black and cotted 5@10 less; Southern burry 10@12.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 9; damaged do 7½; uncured 7⅜; damaged 6; bulls and stags 6⅜; green 5⅜; green salted calf 12⅛@13; damaged do 9; No. 1 dry salted 12; damaged do 11; No. 1 dry flint 16; No. 2 do 13.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 57@58, out side for small sks; unripe do 50@53; mixed 10@30 Tare 3 per cent. on large, 10 on small sks.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green, medium 75c@1$; large $1 25@1 40; lamb 35@50c; dry 50c@$1; dry shearings 15@25; green do 30@40.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 50@1 75. Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4½@5; blood roots 2@3½; golden seal 6@7; snake 10@12; black 6@7; May apple 3; pink 12@15; Crawley 15; lady slippers 5½; bitter-sweet bark 6.

NEW POTATOES—Wagon receipts of bottom rose 60@85c—top for choice large—₩ bu measure.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No. 1, 39@40; damp, meaty, etc., 27@30.

NEW ONIONS—Choice at $1 50@1 70 ₩ bu; $4@4 25 ₩ brl.

CABBAGE—Choice on orders $4 ₩ crate.

APPLES—Comon $1 00@1 25; choice $2 25 ₩ bbl; ½ bu boxes 10@15.

PEACHES—Small, free 90c@$1; choice white heath and china clings $1@1 25 ₩ ½ bu box.

PLUMS—Choice Chickasaw $1 50 ₩ 6 gal case.

PEARS—Small Bartlett 75 ₩ ½ bu box; choice large ripe do $7@8 ₩ brl.

GRAPES—3@6c for Ives'; 6@8 to 12½ for green to choice ripe Deleware; 3@6 for Hartford; Concord 6@10 ₩ lb.

WATERMELONS—Small to choice $5@8 to $10@12 ₩ 100.

CANTELOPES—Homegrown $3@6 ₩ 100.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked: Oranges—Rodi $8@8 50 ₩ box; lemons—Messina and Palermo $8@9 ₩ box; bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ₩ bunch.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Bartlett Pears $6@6 50 and plums $3 50 ₩ box; white grapes $3 50 per half case.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Peaches, dark 5@½; fair to good mixed 5½@6; prime halves 6½@⅝; fancy 7@¼; applesdark 5@½.; fair 5⅝@6; choice 6¼@½; fancy 6¾@7.

GRASS SEED—We quote: Buckwheat ——@——; clover —; timothy at $2 15; German millet $1 60@2 00; common do $1 00@1 25; red top——; Hungarian 70c.

HEMP SEED—Offered at $1 10@1 15 for prime, sks in.

FLAXSEED—Salable at $1 15 on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 30 for prime.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable Eastern hand picked navy $2 60@2 65; screened medium $2 40@2 50 from store. Western nominal; California in sacks $2 25@2 30 ₩ bu.

SAUER KRAUT—New City $7 50 ₩ brl; halve $4.

HONEY—New—Extracted 7@8c in brls; 9@10c ₩ lb in cans, strained 6@7; comb 12@13.

MAPLE SUGAR—Selling at 8@10; Vermont 12@13c.

PECANS—Western 7½; Texas 9½.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought $1 10, heavy cast 70; stove 50c; plows 70; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$16@17; dry buffalo $20.

PEANUTS—White 3½@4; red 2@2½.

HOPS—We quote New York, first quality, at 24@25. Seconds, do 19@20.

RAGS—Country mixed $1 50@1 65

BROOMCORN—Fresh red, mixed, small or crooked 2@2⅜. fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½; 6@6½ small lots choice green hurl.

VEALS—Slow at 6@6½ ₩ lb for choice small; extra large or small thin 5.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 20; whisky 95@$1.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2@2½c; gray and brown mixed 2½@3c; brown and black 2⅜@3½c; all black 3@4½c; machine-picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8½c to 9c; XXX—black mixed 7½ to 8c; XX—brown mixed 6½@7c; X—gray mixed 5@5½. Round lots shaded ½ to 1c ₩ lb.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $7 00@7 50; choice cooper shaved $8@8 50 pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5@5½; hard do 5½@6. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hnd $24@28; dry half hnds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@2.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 36. Pork brls 1 10@1 15 del; lard tierces $1 30@1 35 del, lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 75; half-casks 85@90; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots Jute bagging at 10½@11, according to weight; round lots 2-lb flax 9½c, and mixed flax do 10½; 1½ lb 9½@¾c. Hemp twine 14½@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 50@1 75 ₩ bundle.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed hemp $85@95; choice $100@110; dressed hemp, $140@155; shorts $115@125; hackled tow, $50@55 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$5 40@6 00 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—Quotable at $3 for city make on orders.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—Inferior and common dark lugs $3 90@4 25; fair to good, do $4 30@4 75 common to good smoking lugs $4 50@6 00; inferior nondescript $4 00@4 50; common dark leaf $4 50@5; medium do do $5 25@5 75; medium to fair dark red leaf $6 75@8 00 good $8 50@10 50. Burley—Common to fair lugs $4 25@5; good do $5 50@7 25; common leaf, $7@9; medium do $10@12; good to fine do $13@20. Wrapping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; good bright $30@40; fine bright (none offering) $50@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ₩ 100 lbs less.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 24 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments	
	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880
Cattle	1,168	690	765	765
Hogs	1,374	4,763	3,211	3,264
Sheep	1,667	1,789	1,482	412

CATTLE—As the supply was scant sellers asked higher prices on their stock, which buyers had to meet in order to obtain purchases The demand for light to good grass Texans from interior shippers, the canners and local butchers quite urgent, and a goodly number could have found sale were these in the pens. The canners and interior shippers were almost entirely ruled out of the market. Total supply on sale some 60 car loads, the bulk of which consisted of grass Texans of medium quality. The comparatively few car loads of native steers offered were altogether of common quality. Good fat native shipping steers in demand, but none offered. Stock cattle dull. By noon the pens were cleared. Ruling quotations firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$5 90@6 10
Heavy shipping steers	5 50@5 85
Light shipping steers	5 00@5 40
Medium to choice butcher steers	4 50@5 00
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 25@4 75
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	3 50@4 00
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 25@4 25
Common to native cows	2 25@3 00
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 00@5 25
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 50@5 50
Milch cows with calves	18 00@42 00
Grass Texans	2 25@4 20

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
17	native steers	1,257	$4 65
20	native butchers	1,184	4 30
10	native butchers	1,090	4 12½
22	grass Texans	852	3 12½
22	grass Texans	833	3 12½
23	grass Texans	734	2 90
27	grass Texans	711	2 75
22	grass Texans	741	2 35
45	grass Texans	816	2 90

HOGS—Offering rideculously small; in fact not enough to establish a market. The shipping demand was fair for good Yorkers, and the few bunches offered sold at advances of 10c per 100 lbs. Mixed packing slow. Good heavy and select scarce and wanted. Yorkers $6 50@6 60; mixed packing $6 20@6 60; butcher and select $6 60@6 95. Pigs $5@5 40; stockers $3 90@4 50.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
55	235	$6 70	62	130	$5 00
68	108	4 50	11	207	6 60
50	184	6 40	21	280	6 40
54	176	6 40	16	289	6 75
22	116	4 25	21	207	6 60

VERY LATEST.

HOGS—Active and closed strong; Yorkers $6 45@6 60; mixed packing $6 25@6 60; select butchers $6 55@6 85; rough $5 90@6 20.

SHEEP—Pens entirely bare of stock. Shipping and local butcher demand fair for good and fancy muttons. Common and medium dull. Values steady.

Common to fair $2 75@3 25; fair to good $3 40@4 00; good to choice $4@4 50; stock sheep $2@2 50; Texan sheep $2 00@3 50; lambs $1 50@3 00 per head.

Horses and Mules.

Fair to good stock scarce and wanted; common stock dull. Values steady.

HORSES.

Horses for farm work	$ 50@ 75
Horses for farm work, good	80@100
Streeters	80@100
Streeters, extra	110@120
Drivers	90@100
Drivers, good	125@140
Drivers, extra	150@175
Heavy draft	115@130
Heavy draft, extra	150@200

MULES.

15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	$125@135
15½ hands, extra	145@155
16 pluggy	130@140
16 extra	175@200

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; active; best 5c higher; light at $6 40@6 80; mixed packing $6@6 50; heavy, $6 50@6 90. Cattle—Receipts 6,400; slow; range 3@4 50; exports $6@6 40; common to good shipping $4 50@5 50; butchers $4@4 80; stockers and feeders $3@4;

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Flour—Receipts 33,000; sales 14,000; unchanged. Wheat feverish and unsettled, opening ½@1c higher; subsequently the advance was lost and declined ¼@½c; sales 96,000 No. 2 red August at $1 30½@1 31½; 624,000 bu September at $1 31¾@1 33½; 696,000 October at $1 34@1 35⅝; 120,000 November at $1 36¼@1 38¼; 80,000 December at $1 39. Corn opened a shade higher, but subsequently the advance was lost and declined ⅛@⅜c; mixed Western spot 50@59¼; future 59⅛@65½; sales 20,000 bu. Oats a shade stronger; Western 45@50; sales 120,000 bu, including No. 2 August at 40¾. September at 39¼ and October at 39¾@40. Beef unchanged and demand light. Pork firm and quiet; spot new mess $18. Lard about steady and quiet; steam rendered 11.62½. Butter quiet and firm, with good inquiry; Western 12@24. Cheese dull; 4@10½. Sugar in fair demand and firm. Molasses quiet and nominal. Petroleum dull and weak, Rice firm. Coffee firm and quiet. Freights steady. Spirits turpentine firm: 43¼@43½. Rosin steady; $2 05@2 07½. Tallow steady; 6⅝. Western eggs dull; 15@16.

BALTIMORE, August 9.—Flour unchanged and very firm. Wheat—Western irregular and excited, closing easier; No. 2 winter red spot and August $1 30⅜@½; September $1 31½@⅝; October $1 34@¼; November $1 37 asked. Corn—Western a shade easier; mixed spot and August 60@60½; September 61⅜@⅞ for Western; October 64. Oats unsettled and lower; Western white 34@32; latter old; mixed 34; Pennsylvania 28; rejected nominal. Hay unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Butter firm; Western grass 13@18. Eggs dull.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Wheat unsettled and closing easier; $1 24⅝ cash; $1 24¾ August; $1 17⅞ Sept. and Oct. Corn weak and lower at 53¾ cash; 54⅝ Sept.; 55¼ Oct. Oats stronger for cash; 33½ cash; 32¾ August, Sept., Oct. Rye 87. Barley 84. Whisky tending upwards but unchanged at $1 12. Pork firm at $17 90 cash, Sept. and Oct. Lard weak and lower and very dull at 11⅜ cash; 11.45 asked; Sept.; 11.45 Oct.

CINCINNATI, August 9.—Flour quiet, unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1 28@9; No. 1 $1 31. Corn quiet and firm; No. 2 mixed 58. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 38. Rye dull, unchanged. Pork quiet, $18 00. Lard steady, 11¼. Bulk meats: Bacon firm, unchanged. Whisky strong and higher, $1 10. Combination sales finished goods 1,130 barrels basis $1 09.

TOLEDO, August 9.—Wheat weak; No. 2 red cash $1 24⅜, August $1 24½, September $1 26⅛, October $1 28¾, November $1 29½, year $1 24⅛; amber Michigan $1 24. Corn dull; No. 2 cash 54½, year 54¼. Oats nominal.

BUFFALO, August 9.—Wheat unsettled and nominal. Corn dull, unsettled and nominal. Oats quiet; 2,000 bu mixed Western at 42. Canal freights unchanged. Market demoralized in consequence of fluctuating prices elsewhere and lower markets in Liverpool.

DETROIT, August 9.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 white new $1 23¼; August $1 23; September $1 23¾; October $1 25; Nov. 1 26¼; year $1 30. No. 2 white $1 22; red $1 24¾. Receipts wheat 28,000 bu, shipments 12,000 bu.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 9.—Bacon—B. C. dull at 44@46s; L. C. steady at 46s. Beef—Extra India mess dull at 101s. Cheese—American choice dull at 52s. Spirits turpentine steady at 35@36s; spirits turpentine, London, steady at 34s 3d. Wheat—Spring No. 2 steady at 9s 11d; No. 1 white steady at 10s; No. 2 winter steady at 10s 2d. Corn—New Western mixed steady at 5s 6½d; old 5s 5½d. Flour—New extra State steady at 13s.

WANTED—A lady wants plain sewing in families; $5 per week. Address Mrs. B., this office. 9

SINGLE German, experienced in taking care of and driving horses, and a trained gardener besides, wishes steady position; city reference. Address Gardener, this office. 9

WANTED—Plain country board at Kirkwood by people of respectability—gentleman, wife and four children under 6 years old. Address Home Comforts, this office. 9

ESTABLISHED 1860.
JOHN WAHL & CO
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF GRAIN, FLOUR AND PIG LEAD.
Special Attention Given to the Sale of
WHEAT!
Consignments Solicited. Liberal Cash Advances Made on Shipments.
NO. 9 MARKET STREET. - - - ST. LOUIS, MO.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE,
NORTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE STS.
PURE MEDICINES, FINE PERFUMERY,
Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.
Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the supervision of
M. W. ALEXANDER,
Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

LAST week of C. E. Ford's Comic Opera Company. This evening, OLIVETTE. Friday, LA MASCOTTE.

Sunday, August 14, Mattie Vickers' Comedy Company.

Down-town Ticket Office, 517 Olive st.

PARK THEATER.

Second and last week of the STAR IDEAL COMBINATION, in new specialties. Wednesday, Aug. 10—Benefit of Harry L. Pelkers. Big Bill.

ST. LOUIS NATATORIUM AND SWIMMING SCHOOL

Nineteenth and Pine,

IS NOW OPEN!

HOURS:

Gents and Juniors, 6 to 9 a. m., and from 3 to 6 p. m.
Gentlemen only, 6 to 10 p. m.
Ladies and Misses, 10 a. m to 2 p. m.

CLOCKS
Every possible Design, for Parlor, Office, Saloon or Chamber.
Price from $1.50 to $300.00.
Warranted Good Timepieces.
Mermod, Jaccard & Co
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

STORY & CAMP
203 N. 5th Street, ST. LOUIS, AND 188 & 190 State St. CHICAGO.
PIANOS AND ORGANS
The Largest House on the Continent. Wholesale and Retail.
Our LOW PRICES and EASY TERMS will astonish you.
PIANOS AND ORGANS
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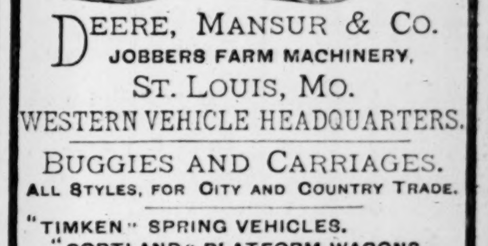
203 N. FIFTH ST.
PIANOS FOR RENT.



DEERE, MANSUR & CO.
JOBBERS FARM MACHINERY.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
WESTERN VEHICLE HEADQUARTERS.
BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.
ALL STYLES, FOR CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE.
"TIMKEN" SPRING VEHICLES.
"CORTLAND" PLATFORM WAGONS.
"MITCHELL" FARM WAGONS.
PRICES MODERATE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

DIED.

CAVANAUGH—JOHN CAVANAUGH died at Sisters of Mercy Hospital at Pittsburg, Pa.

Remains brought here for interment. Due notice of funeral will be given.

DICKEY—DAVID J. DICKEY, aged 63 years, died August 8 at 1:30 p. m.

Funeral from S. C. Cummins', 2629 Pine street, Wednesday (10th), 4 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

OFFICE OF ST. LOUIS MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.
(Charter expires June, 1980.)
SOUTHEAST COR. SEVENTH & LOCUST STS.
ST. LOUIS, August 8, 1881.

A special meeting of members of the St. Louis Mutual Fire Insurance Company is called for Saturday, August 20, 1881, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock m. to vote upon a proposition to charge and receive for the mutual benefit of all Mutual policy holders cash in payment of premiums on such of its policies as shall by a majority vote of its members at such meeting be determined upon.

JOHN J. SUTTER, Secretary. JOHN C. VOGEL, President.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

SITUATION wanted by a boy to attend to horses in a private family. 1524 Biddle. 9

WANTED—Position as salesman or stock clerk, in a wholesale or retail toy, fancy goods and notion house. Address A. H. Frankenfeld, 2601 Elliot avenue. 9

WANTED—A position in a surveying party as chainman; have had experience. Address T. B. Martin, East St. Louis. 9

WANTED—A good girl for general house-work; at 2853 Clark avenue; reference required. 9

A GRADUATE of the St. Louis High and Normal schools desires a position as teacher; willing to leave city if necessary. Recommendation good. A. 7, this office. 9

TO RENT—2812 Locust street; choice locality, and complete order. Apply to T. S. Rutherford, 219 North Eighth street.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Richard Graham Frost, John M. Frost, Louisa Frost, Eva Frost, James R. Frost, Caroline Frost, Lillie Frost, Daniel M. Frost, John Waddell and John F. Lee, trustees of Jane Molesworth, Jane Molesworth and Mary Hirschberg, Francis D. Hirschberg, Lewis W. Molesworth, B. F. Webster and F. G. Flanagan.

(1741.)

Now, at this day, it is ordered by the court that in all future proceedings in said cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substituted in place of that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office. And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in said cause that the defendants John Waddell, trustee of Jane Molesworth, Jane Molesworth and Lewis W. Molesworth cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that they be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of two hundred and twenty-five and 89 15-100 dollars against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Mullanphy street, in city block 2313, 30 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9¾ inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 734, and bounded on the north and east by line of the subdivision, on the south by the real estate of one Sheridan and others, on the west by Mullanphy street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Elizabeth street in city block 2323, 20 feet in front or width, and 159 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by an alley, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2313, 20 feet in front or width, and 158 feet 3 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of the defendants, on the east by an alley, on the west by Eighteenth street, and being in Graham's addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 2313, 30 feet in front or width and 158 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Mullanphy street, on the south by real estate of said defendants, on the west by Eighteenth street.

No. 5. A lot of ground on proposed alley in city block 2323, 20 feet in front or width and 75 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city in survey 1481, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Graham, on the east by the line of the block, on the south by the real estate of said defendants and others, on the west by an alley.

No. 6. A lot of ground on a proposed street in city block 2323, 30 feet in front or width and 74 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, in survey 1480 and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Clay and others, on the east and south by the lines of said block, on the west by Howard street.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2324, 30 feet in front or width, and 324 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the south by the line of said block, on the west by Howard street.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2324, 30 feet in front or width, and 342 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the real estate of said defendants, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the west by an alley.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2314, 20 feet in front or width and 442 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by real estate of said defendants, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the west by an alley.

No. 10. A lot of ground on Eighteenth street, in city block 2314, 30 feet in front or width, and 342 feet 6 inches in depth or length, being in Graham's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the line of subdivision, on the east by Eighteenth street, on the south by the real estate of said defendants, on the west by Mullanphy street.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the years 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. S. VOGEL,
Clerk.
M. B. Jones, Plaintiff's Attorney. 10K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Tuesday, June 14, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Margaret E. Korzendorfer, Henry Korzendorfer, John F. Donohoe, Sarah Nevins, Jefferson Nevins, Terrence Donohoe, unknown heirs of Margaret Riley, John Donohoe, Mary Harney, William Harney, James Donohoe, Ann Donohoe and Edward Donohoe.

[2147.]

The plaintiff having alleged in its petition, under oath, that the defendants Jefferson Nevins, John Donohoe and James Donohoe are non-residents of the State of Missouri, and that the names of the heirs of Margaret Riley cannot be inserted in this action because they are unknown to it, and that they are interested as owners by inheritance in the premises described in the petition; and it further appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in said cause that the said unknown heirs of Margaret Riley cannot be found in the city of St. Louis; and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them,

It is ordered that said unknown heirs of Margaret Riley and the said Jefferson Nevins, John Donohoe and James Donohoe be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the same of thirty-eight dollars and seventy-two cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis to wit:

The undivided one half interest in a lot of ground on Eighth street, in city block 253, 33 feet in front or width and 85 feet 6 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Donohoe, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Pfeiffer, on the west by Eighth street.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1879.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 4K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Tuesday, June 14, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Godfrey Knight, William G. Knight, Godfrey E. Knight, Jeremiah H. Knight, Mary K. Wood, Albert Wood, Jane C. Anderson, Murray Anderson and J. W. Kerr.

[2127]

Now, at this day, it is ordered by the court that in all future proceedings in this cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office. And it appearing to the Court from the petition herein that all of said defendants, except J. W. Kerr, are now residents of the State of Missouri; and it further appearing from the return of the Sheriff in this cause that said defendant J. W. Kerr cannot be found in the city of St. Louis; and the Court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of ten dollars and fifty-two and 7-10 cents, interest and costs upon the first count in the petition, and for the sum of four dollars and sixty-four cents, interests and costs upon the second count in the petition, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sublett avenue, in front or width 68 feet 6 inches in the one part and 38 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 254 feet 8 inches in the one part and 144 feet 8 inches in the other part, being part of lot 5 in Dalton's addition to Cheltenham addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Flannery, on the east by Sublett avenue, on the south by real estate of one John and others, on the west by Januayr avenue and real estate of others.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the years 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878 and 1879.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
M. B. Jonas, Plaintiffs' Attorney. 1K

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

Helena Weizenecker, Joseph Weizenecker, Elizabeth A. Auer, Andrew Auer, Augustus Trorlicht, Emma Boisslier, —— Boisslier, Edward Trorlicht, John H. Trorlicht, Florence Roedler, Oliver Roedler, Eugene Roedler, Charles H. Roedler, Christopher Schiller, trustee of the heirs of Peter Weizenecker.

Now, at this day, it is ordered by the court, that in all future proceedings in said cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office. And it appearing to the court from the return of the sheriff in this cause that Emma Boisslier, —— Boisslier and Christopher J. Schiller, trustee of the heirs of Peter Weizenecker, of the defendants herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem against them and others for the sum of three hundred and nineteen dollars and fifty cents against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Two lots of ground on Rappahannock street in city block 1442, each thirty (30) feet in front or width and 632 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded as follows: The one on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Arkansas avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the West by real estate of one Roedler and others: the other, on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by the real estate of one Trorlicht, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 2. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue in city block 1442 10 feet in front or width and 320 feet in depth or length, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Trorlicht and others, on the east by Arkansas avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 3. A lot of ground on proposed Vandeberg avenue, in city block 1442, 30 feet in front or width and 265 feet in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by proposed Arkansas avenue, on the south by real estate of one Roedler, on the west by proposed Vandeberg avenue.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Rappahannock street in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width and 642 feet in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by Rappahannock street, on the west by the real estate of one Raedler and others.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Grand avenue, in city block 1445, 30 feet in front or width, and 269 feet 6¾ inches in length or depth, being in Weizenecker's addition to said city and bounded on the north by Powhattan street, on the east by Vandeberg avenue, on the south by real estate of Trorlicht and others; on the west by Grand avenue.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a true copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 7K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,

vs.

James W. Patterson, Francis P. Packer, John Packer, Juliet P. Kline, George Kline, Joseph Dormitzer, Charles Taussig, trustee, Joseph Dormitzer and Charles Taussig, trustee.

[No 1854.]

Now at this day comes the said plaintiff by its attorney, and upon its motion it is ordered by the Court that the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office.

And it is further ordered, on motion of said plaintiff by its attorney, that this action be dismissed as to realty numbered One, Nine, Ten, Eleven, Twelve, Seventeen, Eighteen and Nineteen.

And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff on the writ of summons in this cause, that all of said defendants, except Joseph Dormitzer and Charles Taussig, can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon said defendants,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of one hundred and thirty-four dollars and seventy-two 5-10 cents against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 150 feet 7 inches in front or width and 164 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lot 1 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 190 feet in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 17 in Fairmount's addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 154 feet 6 inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being the east part of lot 5 in block 17 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue 196 feet 10 inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the east part of lot 3 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said defendants Pattison, Packer and Kline, on the east by real estate of one Hereford, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of one Pattison.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 217 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet and 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 1 in block 19 in Fairmount's addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue 180 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2 of block 19 in Fairmount addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 1½ inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 2, in block 18, in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one J. W. Pattison; on the east by that of said defendants James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline; on the south by Wilson avenue; on the west by real estate of one Gates.

No. 14. A lot of ground on Wilson avenue, 50 feet 2 inches in front or width and 165 feet 1 inch in length or depth, being the west part of lot 3 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Pattison and others, on the south by Wilson avenue, on the west by real estate of said defendants James W. Pattison, Francis P. Packer and Juliet P. Kline.

No. 15. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 50 feet in front or width and 165 feet 1¾ inches in length or depth, being part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Daggett avenue, on the east by real estate of one Pattison and others on the south by that of on Gates, on the west by that of one Early.

No. 16. A lot of ground on Daggett avenue 100 feet 1½ inches in front or width and 165 feet 1¾ inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 1 in block 18 in Fairmount addition to said city,

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1871.

And unless they appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 9K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Friday, July 8, 1881.

Frank H. Batcher, Jane Hurdesty and Richard Hurdesty, her husband, John Stephens, Harrison Stephens, Ann Green and Hiram Green, her husband,

vs.

Samuel Tunstall, Mary McCune and —— McCune, her husband, James Kern, Amanda Hoskins and Rufus Randall.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that all the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of plaintiffs by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a partition among the parties hereto of the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots No. three (3), four (4) and five (5) of block No. twenty (20) of Toney's Addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting seventy-five (75) feet on Caroline street, in said city, and for an order of sale of said real estate.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiffs' petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City St. Louis, this 11th day of July, 1881.

SEAL
CHARLES F. VOGEL,
36G Clerk.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Charles Fattmann and Eva Maria, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 8th day of January, 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 663, page 3, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 593 of said city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Beginning at a point in the west line of Sixteenth street, distant one hundred and fifty feet (150) southwardly from the south line of Cass avenue, which point is also the south line of an alley twenty feet wide, running thence southwardly along the west line of Sixteenth street one hundred and fifty feet and seven inches (150 ft. 7 in.), thence westwardly and parallel with the south line of Cass avenue one hundred and twenty-seven feet six inches (127 ft. 6 in.) to an alley fifteen feet wide, thence northwardly along the east line of said alley one hundred and fifty feet and seven inches (150 ft. 7 in.) to an alley twenty feet wide, thence eastwardly along said south line of said last mentioned alley one hundred and twenty-seven feet six inches (127 ft. 6 in.) to the point of beginning; also the following described property contained in and to be found on the above described premises, viz.: One planer, one handsaw, one grooving saw, one railway saw and bench, one rip and edging saw and bench, one cross-cut and rip-saw combined and bench, one carriage cut-off saw and bench, one scroll-saw, one tenon machine, one shaper, one upright boring machine and bench, one horizontal boring machine and bench, one routing machine and bench, one mortising machine, two turning lathes and bench, one engine and boiler with plumbing and masonry work, steam fitting, etc., shafting, counter-shafting, pulleys, hangers, belting and tools, twelve work-benches: which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

AUGUST GEHNER,
14L Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of srust of Bridget McMahon and John McMahon, dated September 4, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 561, page 27, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 44 and 45 in block No. 1 of "The Taylor Subdivision," of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the northern line of Kennerly avenue by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 73K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of John McKibbin, dated September 4, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 553, page 388, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, in block No. 1 of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of one hundred and nineteen feet three and one-half inches (119 ft. 3½ in.) on the northern line of Kennerly avenue, by a depth of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 70K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of A. B. Hammerla, dated August 21, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 555, page 238, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned. I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots Nos. 37 and 38, in block No. 6, of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300, of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the northern line of Kennerly avenue, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. Trustee.
78K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John P. Beahan and Mary Ann, his wife, by their deed of trust dated February 1st, 1879, recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 606, page 241, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot Nos. eleven and twelve (11 and 12) in block No. sixteen (16), of Gamble's second subdivision of Rose Hill, bounded north by lots seven and eight (7 and 8) of said block, east by lot No. thirteen (13) of said block, south by Cook avenue and west by lot No. ten (10) of said block, according to the plat of said subdivision now on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, "now city," reference to which is made for a more complete description; and whereas one of the interest notes described in said deed is due and remains unpaid, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note and in pursuance of the terms of said deed, I will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER FIRST, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOSEPH T. DONOVAN,
32M Trustee.

Sheriff's Sale

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, Anna M. Woerheide' by her deed dated the 17th of January, A. D. 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, in book 648, page 84, conveyed to George C. Menke in trust the following described real estate:

1. Three separate tracts of land in block 604 of said city of St. Louis, the same having an aggregate front of one hundred and twenty-three feet on the north side of Cass avenue, and running back northwardly one hundred and thirty-three and 9-12 feet to an alley, said tracts of land being the same now held by said Anna M. Woerheide under three separate leases, each for forty feet front, executed by Jane Lindsay, Jeremiah W. Clemens and Isaac H. Keim, trustee, and by Alice B. Von Versin's trustees, upon which premises is situated a planing mill now used by A. M. Woerheide & Sons, and bounded east by land now or late of Graham, and west by land of Chambers.

2. All the buildings and sheds and other improvements upon said leasehold premises, and also the following personal property, to-wit: 1 steam engine, shafting and pulleys; 2 steam boilers, 24 feet long, 48 inches diameter, 4 12-inch flues and connections; 1 Dayton com. pump; 300 feet line shafting, with pulleys; 1 large Woodberry planer, weighing 10 000 pounds; 2 fourteen-inch double Fay flooring machines, weighing each 7,000 pounds; 1 Fay's Farrar Planer, 26 inches surface and weighing 4,000 pounds; 1 Walker's circular resplitting saw; 1 Lane & Bodley's perpendicular resplitting saw; 3 rip-saw tables with counter shafts and saws; 1 Railway cut-off saw complete; 2 wood-turning lathes, with countershaft and shears; 1 scroll saw; 1 shaper with shaft and pulleys; 1 iron turning-lathe with pulleys and tools; 1 shaving duster and connections; 1 mitre dove-tailing machine; 2 cross-cut machines with counter-shafts, pulleys and saws; 3 rip-saw machines with counter shafts, pulleys and saws; 2 matching-machines with counter-shafts, pulleys and tools; 1 perpendicular boring-machine with counter-shafts, pulleys, heads and bits; 1 cross-cut machine with counter-shafts, pulleys and saws; 1 rip machine with counter-shaft, pulleys and saws; 1 pony-planer with connections and bits; 3 horses; 1 two-horse delivery wagon; 1 Beard & Bro. safe and all office furniture, belting, tools, and other machinery in said premises.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in said deed described. And whereas the said note is past due and remains unpaid, and whereas the said Geo. C. Menke, the original trustee, has declined to execute his trust and by reason of interest has become disabled from completing the performance of the duties imposed on him by said deed of trust, and the Circuit Court of St Louis city having made an order on the first day of August, 1881, appointing the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis trustee, to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of the original trustee. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and by virtue of the said order of court, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property, to satisfy said note and the costs of executing said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff and Trustee.
St. Louis, August 4, 1881. 5L

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, assignee of Anna M. Woerheide, hereby gives notice that he has appointed September 1, 1881, and the two consecutive days thereafter, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said days, as the time, and the law office of George W. Lubke, room 307 Granite Building, 404 Market street, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, as the place where he will adjust and allow demands against the estate of said assignor. Creditors failing to present their demands at said time and place will be precluded from any benefit of said assignment.

GEORGE H. BRUEGGEMAN,
10G Assignee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Hampden Mepham and Fidelia Mepham, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the twenty-fifth day of April, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, in book 572, page 139, conveyed to Henry F. Clark and Henry W. Williams the following described real estate, to-wit: Those three certain lots or parcels of ground situated in block number thirteen hundred and fifty-seven (1357) of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, known and designated as lots number two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block number one (1) of the subdivision of the northwest quarter of block number twenty-five (25) of the Commons of the said City of St. Louis, as made by the authorities of the said city and as shown upon the plat of said sub-division recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county, now city, of St. Louis. Said lots have an aggregate front of one hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches (122 ft. 6 in.) on the north line of Accomac street, by a depth northwardly along the western line of Nebraska street one hundred and twenty-seven feet and six inches (127 ft. 6 in.) to an alley twenty feet wide, on which alley said lots have an aggregate front of seventy-one feet three inches (71 3); and are bounded north by said alley; east by Nebraska street; south by Accomac street and west by the western line of the common fields of the Little Prairie of St. Louis; which conveyance was so made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes, whereas the said Henry F. Clark has departed this life, now therefore the undersigned at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, will proceed to sell the property aforesaid, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purposes stated in said deed of trust.

HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
Surviving Trustee.
St. Louis July 23, 1881. 71 G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of John Carey, dated September 4, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 560, p. 66, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 30 in block No. 1 of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the northern line of Kennerly avenue, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 74K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Agnes Holland and Richard Holland, dated September 4, 1876 and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 559, page 66, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots No. 20, in block No. 3 of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300, of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the southern line of Maffitt avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 76K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Bernard Theelken, dated September 11, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 551, page 557, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned. I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots No. 72 and 73, in block No. 1, of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the southern line of Maffitt avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 71K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue and under the provisions of a deed of trust dated the 22d day of February, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in book 538, page [illegible] we, the undersigned, trustees, will, on

SATURDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, the following described real estate, situated in the said city of St Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot in block number one hundred and sixty-six (166) of the city of St. Louis, beginning in the north line of Green street, alias Christy avenue, one hundred and ten feet west of the west line of Seventh street: thence running west on Green street forty feet; thence north and parallel with Seventh street one hundred and five feet to an alley; thence east with the alley forty feet: thence south one hundred and five feet to the point of beginning; and being lot number four (4) of Christy's original subdivision in said block, and being the same real estate in said deed of trust described.

JOHN F. LEE, JR.,
ARTHUR LEE,
90K Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles Moran, by his deed of trust dated August 30, 1879, and recorded in book 613, page 558, conveyed to the undersigned, in trust to secure the payment of the note therein described, the property hereinafter described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, notice is hereby given that the undersigned will offer for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 15TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of said trust, all the right, title and interest of said Moran to and in all the rents and profits of the certain leasehold from James Clemens, Jr., dated the 29th day of May, 1877, on the following described lot of ground, situated between O'Fallon street and Cass avenue, in block No. 580 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, having a front of twenty-seven feet four and one-half inches on the west side of Seventh street, and running back the same width westwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet, more or less, in depth to an alley, and bounded north by lot of Hudson, on the east by Seventh street, on the south by lot of Chambers, and on the west by said alley.

WM. BOOTH,
61G Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Barney Regan, dated September 11, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 553, page 454, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 89 and 90 in block No. 1 of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the southern line of Maffitt avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet, to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. Trustee.
77K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust or John F. Healy, dated September 4, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 558, page 258, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned. I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 100, in block No. 1 of "The Taylor Subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the southern line of Maffitt avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 72K

TRUSTEES SALE.—By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of trust dated nineteenth day of June, 1878, and executed by Edwin Ward, of the city of St. Louis, and the same being recorded in book 598, page 121, of the Record of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, I, the said trustee in said deed of trust mentioned, at the request of the legal holders of said notes secured by said deed of trust, will sell to the highest bidder for cash on Wednesday, the seventh day of September, 1881, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, the following described real estate: being lot and improvements thereon No. 18 of Edward Joy's subdivision of block No. (75) seventy-five of the trust of John O'Fallon, made by commissioners in partition; said lot having a front fifty feet on the south line of Carrie avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty-five feet two and one-half inches to an alley twenty feet wide, to satisfy said indebtedness and to discharge said trust.

Signed this 13th day of July, 1881.
90 H WILLIAM H. CHEETHAM, Trustee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated September 10, 1874, and recorded in book 508, page 251, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., the property hereinafter described was conveyed to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in payment of part of the principal note, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, for the purposes of the trust, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., sell at public auction, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lots numbered four and five in block number one of Park addition by Edward R. Mason to said city, and in city block No. 463 E. Said lots Nos. 4 and 5 have an aggregate front of forty feet on the west line of Seventh street, with a depth westwardly of one hundred and twenty feet to an alley seventeen feet wide, and are bounded north by lot No. 6, east by Seventh street, south by lot No. 3 of said block, and west by an alley.

WM. BOOTH,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 30, 1881. 77H

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed dated May 28, A. D. 1877, recorded in book 568, page 385, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, Mo., Alexander J. Odell and Margaret Odell, his wife, did convey to the undersigned trustees the property hereinafter described, in trust to secure and provide for the repayment of the sum of three thousand dollars expended in improvements on said premises in the manner provided in and by a bond of even date, executed by said Odell; and whereas, default has been made in the covenants and agreements of said bond; now therefore the undersigned trustees, in pursuance of the powers to them granted by said deed of trust, will proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on

SATURDAY THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1881,

the property described in said deed of trust, and in the order named to-wit: First, three (3) shares of the capital stock of the Gravois Mutual Building Association numbered 69 and 116; also the following described real estate, to-wit: lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., and being lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block No. 3 of Ranken's estate subdivision, city block No. 2224, said lots having a front of fifty (50) feet on the west side of Channing avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and twelve feet and three inches (112 ft. 3 in.) to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded north by lot No. 20, west by an alley, south by lot No. 17 of said block, and east by Channing avenue.

HENRY HIEMENZ,
Trustee.
THEODORE BLOESS,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 28, 1881. 22H

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Mary Ann Daly, by her deed dated May 20, 1876, recorded in book 551, page 330, City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate to-wit: A lot of ground in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in block No. 144, beginning at the northeast corner of Sixth and Carr streets; thence northwardly along the east line of Sixth street thirty-two feet seven and ¾ inches to a point; thence eastwardly and parallel with Carr street sixty-two feet to an alley; thence southwardly along said alley and parallel with Sixth street 32 feet 7¾ inches to the northern line of Carr street; thence westwardly along the northern line of Carr street 62 feet to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a debt therein described; and whereas, said debt has become due and remains unpaid, therefore being thereto requested by the cestui que trust, I shall proceed, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, to sell the said property at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the purposes of said deed.

JOHN J. RYAN,
FRED. GOTTSCHALK, Attorney. Trustee.
51G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated the seventh day of June, 1881, and recorded in Book "K," page 363 and following, of the records of deeds for the county of Franklin, State of Missouri, the South Virginia Mines Lead Company conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described pieces and parcels of land situate and being in the lead district of the Meramec, in the county of Franklin and State of Missouri aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast fractional quarter of section number twenty-one (21), township forty-one (41) north of the base line and east of the fifth principal meridian, in range number one (1).

Also: the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southeast in the same section, township and range last quarter aforesaid.

Also, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number twenty-two (22), of the township and range aforesaid.

Also, the east half of section number twenty-eight, in township forty-one (41), range one (1); said tracts or parcels of land containing together five hundred and ninety-four acres and forty-two hundredths of an acre (594 42-100), according to the surveys thereof made by the Government of the United States; to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described.

And whereas said note has become due and default has been made in the payment thereof:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will sell said property for cash, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY M. NOEL,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 26, 1881. 99G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George Bruyn by his deed dated January 4, 1881, recorded in Recorder's office, book 648, page 38, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate in the City of St Louis, Missouri, to-wit: A lot or parcel of ground in city block 1726, beginning at a point in south line of Bernard street twenty-eight feet four and one-half inches east of the east line of Emily street and running thence southwardly at right angles to Bernard street one hundred and fifteen feet six and one-half inches, more or less, to a point in Gamble avenue fifty feet east of the said east line of Emily street; thence eastwardly and along the north line of Gamble avenue fifty feet; thence northwardly at right angles to Gamble avenue one hundred and fifteen feet six and one-half inches, more or less, to Bernard street, and thence westwardly and along the south line of Bernard street fifty feet to the place of beginning, being lots thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) of Bernard Pratte's sub-division of said block; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, at the request of the holder of said notes and in conformity with the terms and conditions of said deed and the power of sale therein contained, I will offer for sale and sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. of that day at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis.

JOHN M. KRUM,
66G Trustee.

BY virtue and under the power of a certain deed of trust dated the first day of May, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the former county of St. Louis, and in the office of the present Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in book 163, page 234, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said deed of trust, and of the indebtedness thereby secured to be paid, in the payment of which indebtedness default has been made, I, the undersigned, trustee by appointment of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, made on the first day of August, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-one, will on

TUESDAY, THE 23RD DAY OF AUGUST,

in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-one, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St Louis and State of Missouri, the following described real estate, lying in said city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows:

A lot of ground situated in block number eighty-four of the city of St. Louis, containing sixty-seven feet and two inches front on the east line of Fourth street by one hundred and fifty feet more or less in depth to an alley, bounded north by lot now or late of McCausland, east by said alley, south by lot now or late of Meredith Martin, and west by Fourth street; being the same property conveyed to the said Mary Harney by Amadee Valle and wife, by deed recorded in book I No. 4, page 36. Also all that other lot of ground situate in block number nineteen of said city of St. Louis, containing sixty-six feet, more or less, in front, on the Mississippi River, and extending of that width two hundred and forty feet, more or less, to an alley in said block, and bounded north by lot of Louis G. Picot, trustee, east by said river, south by a lot now or late of Octavia Boyce, and west by said alley, being lot number 2 allotted to Mary Harney in the third partition of John Mullanphy's estate. Also all that other lot of ground situate in block number twelve of the said city of St. Louis, containing a front of twenty-one feet and three inches on the west line of Front street by a depth of seventy feet six inches, more or less, bounded on the north by lot now or late of Eliza Clemens, east by Front street, south by lot now or late of Catherine Graham, and west by lot now or late of Eliza Clemens being lot number two allotted to Mary Harney in the third partition of John Mullanphy's estate. Also all that other lot of ground situate in block number eighteen of the city of St. Louis, containing fifty feet in front on the west line of Front street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-three feet, more or less, bounded on the north by lot now or late of Catherine Graham, east by Front street, south by lot now or late of Octavia Boyce, and west by an alley, being lot number four allotted to Mary Harney in the first partition of John Mullanphy's estate. Also all that other lot of ground situate in block number eighteen of the city of St. Louis, containing fifty feet in front on the east line of First street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-three feet, more or less, bounded on the north by a lot now or late of Catherine Graham, east by an alley, south by a lot now or late of Octavia Boyce, and west by said First street, being lot number four allotted to Mary Harney in the first partition of John Mullanphy's estate.

WILLIAM H. LEE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 1, 1881. 99H

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Porter Haines, dated September 4, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 556, page 482, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot No. 19, block No. 3 of "The Taylor subdivision" of survey No. 3300 of the Grande Prairie Common Fields, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the southern line of Maffitt avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet to a public alley twenty (20) feet wide.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 2, 1881. 75K

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, James H. Vail and Emma S. F. Vail, his wife, by their deed dated December 15, 1859, recorded in book 232, page 282, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situate in Stoddard addition to the City of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) of block number 26 of said addition, having a front of fifty feet on the south side of Olive street by a depth of one hundred and thirty-one feet to a fifteen-foot alley; bounded on the north by Olive street, east by lot number twenty-nine, south by said alley and west by lot number twenty-six in said block; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain indebtedness in said deed described, which indebtedness is now overdue and unpaid; therefore, at the request of the holder of said indebtedness and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in said deed. I will, on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, offer for sale at public vendue and sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, to the highest and best bidder for cash

S. D. BARLOW,
Trustee.
July 9, 1881. 25F

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas William N. Loker, by his deed of trust dated December 20, 1878, and recorded in book 641, page 325 of the St. Louis city records, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lots number 41 and 42 in block number 7 of Scott's addition to the city of St. Louis, in city block 1718, said lots together fronting 50 feet on the south line of Scott avenue by a depth southwardly of 120 feet to an alley, bounded north by Scott avenue, east by lot 40, south by alley and west by lot 43, as by plat of said addition recorded in plat book 4, at pages 41 in the Recorder's office of St. Louis; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, interest and taxes, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on

MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF AUGUST 1881,

to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.

JOHN W. LUKE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 23, 1881.
2A

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, James Creamer and Rose, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated the eighth day of October, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis City (formerly county), in book 580, at page 345, conveyed to Theodore J. Emerson the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2) in block six (6) of Scott's addition to the City of St. Louis and in block number 1705 of said city, said lots one (1) and two (2), containing an aggregate front of fifty-eight (58) feet on the north line of Half street by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet (120) to an alley, and bounded north by said alley, east by lot number three (3) of said block, south by Half street and west by High street. Also a certain lot of ground in United States Survey number 1665, beginning on the southern line of the Olive street road at a point distant 4799 feet and ten inches (4799 ft. 10 in.) westwardly from the eastern line of said survey; running thence westwardly along the southern line of said road one hundred and fifty feet (150) to a point, thence southwardly and at right angles with said road one hundred and sixty-two feet and six inches (162 ft. 6 in.) to a point, thence eastwardly and parallel with said road one hundred and fifty feet (150) to a point, thence northwardly one hundred and sixty-two feet and six inches (162 ft. 6 in.) to the place of beginning: which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas said Theodore J. Emerson has refused to act as trustee and the undersigned, Daniel F. Noonan, has been appointed by the Circuit Court of St. Louis city to act in place of said Theodore J. Emerson and whereas default has been made in the principal and two interest notes, now, therefore at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court House in St. Louis City proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

DANIEL F. NOONAN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 7, 1881.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry Giese and Josephine Giese, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 12th day of July, 1869, recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book 610, page 503, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of land with all the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Situated in the northern part of the northwest quarter of block number 63, in the commons of said city of St. Louis, according to the plat and subdivision thereof made by Charles De Ward, the premises hereby conveyed being lots number eleven (11) and twelve (12) of block number one (1) of the subdivision of said northwest quarter of block number sixty-three, being city block number fifteen hundred and fifty-one (1551), having a front of fifty (50) feet on the eastern side of Wisconsin avenue, and running back eastwardly in depth one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet of same width to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, according to the plat of said subdivision on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, Mo., and being the same lots of ground which Henry Giese acquired of George F. Kuemmel and wife by deed dated March 20, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 513, p. 481; said conveyance being made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of one of the interest notes in said deed of trust described, now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will on

THURSDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

PHILIP ZEPP,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 18, 1881. 33G

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF LEASEHOLD ESTATE.—Whereas, default having been made in the payment of notes secured by deed of trust of George Ph. Horger, dated the sixth day November, A. D., 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 630, page 389, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest and privileges said George Ph. Horger has or may have in the following described leasehold estate, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, being described in said mentioned deed, to-wit: The unexpired term of lease of lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10) in block number one hundred and fifty-three (153) of the subdivision of the Convent addition to the city of St. Louis, each containing twenty-five feet front and eighty-nine feet and six-twelfths feet deep, with all privileges belonging to said property by a deed of lease from the ladies of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, dated April 13th, 1861

WILLIAM ZEPPENFELD,
12L Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Matthew Shields, by his deed of trust, dated the 30th day of September, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county, now city of St. Louis, in book 529, page 300, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lot or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, and in block No. 166 of said city, beginning at a point in the south line of Morgan street fifty feet west of the west line of Seventh street, thence south and parallel with Seventh street one hundred and five feet to an alley; thence westwardly along the north line of said alley twenty feet; thence northwardly parallel as before one hundred and five feet to the south line of Morgan street, and thence eastwardly along the south line of said Morgan street twenty feet to the point of beginning; being the same premises acquired by said Matthew Shields by deed of Lewis P. Harvey and wife, dated September 27, 1875. And whereas said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas the principal note in said deed described is now past due and remains unpaid; Now, therefore, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said trust, will sell the said described property to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in St. Louis city on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of said trust.

EDWARD BUETELL,
38H Trustee.

THE FLY-HATER.

BY OLIVER E. WENDELL.

"This must be the house," reflected Caleb Honeybud, as he passed through an ornamental gateway and up a flowery walk to a lovely, vine-clad cottage, deeply shaded by sighing trees. "He must be happy in this rustic paradise, and how glad and surprised he will be to see me. But he may not be at home, as I see the blinds are closed."

But it now became evident that somebody was within, for Honeybud heard loud thumping sounds and violent exclamations of anger within the darkened dwelling, and he feared that his friend was having a fight with somebody—a thief, perhaps—and endeavoring to expel him.

"I'll take a hand in it myself in case of emerge—"

His muttering was cut short by the sudden opening of the front door, which swung back with a rattling bang, and forth issued a swarm of flies, so closely pursued by some enraged person with a broom that the latter came down with a fierce trash upon the head and face of Caleb Honeybud, and nearly knocked him off the porch, before the assailant had a chance to see him and suspend the blow.

"Confound you! Why didn't you get out of the—Why, Caleb, is that you?" cried Samson Fury, now recognizing him. "I beg ten million pardons, but I was chasing out the flies. Come in. Did I hurt you much?"

"No, but you shocked me some," said Honeybud, walking into the dark house, which was at once lightened by Fury, who flung wide the window-shutters. "Fine reception for a friend who has walked all the way from the city to see you this hot day."

"Hot enough, and the fiendish flies make it hotter still," panted Fury, very red in the face and breathing hard from his excited exertions. "Good Lord, Honeybud, what were these swarming, filthy, torments invented for? They drive me mad twenty times a day. I expend more time and physical force in killing and fighting flies than would be required to support a poor man with a large family. It is enough to make a saint swear, to be bothered so."

"Keep cool, Samson. I wonder that you can get so excited by trifles. You don't seem like the same man I used to know two years ago, before you left the city and bought this place. You used to be so quiet and gentle, we used to call you the 'mild Fury,' don't you recollect?"

"Yes. But I'm another creature now."

"What has changed you, Samson?"

"What but flies? I am now part savage. Cruel as an Indian during the warm season. This place looks lovely, but I tell you, Caleb, the country is a hell upon earth during the summer time—and it's all owing to flies. They put me into a passion so often that the very sight of a fly makes me feel like a murderer, even if he don't light upon, crawl over, tickle, and sting me."

"You must be very sensitive."

"That is just it. I am so sensitive that once I was all mercy, and used to preach angelically about the sin of taking the life we can not give; and like Cowper, I 'would not hold that man my friend who needlessly set foot upon a worm.' I ate no meat for a long time, as it encouraged butchery. I stepped kindly out of the way for reptiles, bugs, and so forth, and could kill nothing purposely but musquitoes, and they cost me a pang apiece. I had rather they wouldn't have compelled me. But I have been out of that line of mercy for the past two years—ever since I have denned in this hospital for flies. As a breeder of flies the city has no comparison to the country with its shade. Here, under these sheltering trees, the devilish pests breed, brood and plot how to annoy us, and the country air gives them infernal venom, activity and appetite. It may be that some unknown influence, which makes men so bloody-minded nowadays, affects me with this savageness. I only know that they persecute me, and often I have to go down and sit in the cellar for the sake of peace and rest, after becoming exhausted by my onslaught upon flies."

"Why don't you put up nets at the windows, and have gauze doors?"

"Little use! The flies have tireless ingenuity and perseverance, and will get in. Besides, I'll not honor this place by putting another cent of expense upon it. I shall sell out some day."

"I should endeavor to keep comfortable while I remained."

"So I do. I might use nets, indeed, if they did not obstruct a draught of air. But they will. And if I could get along without food I should not be compelled to see, feel, hear, breathe, hate and baffle so many flies as come swarming in at the smell. But I must eat, and I must have air till I back down into the grave, where, thank God, there will be no flies to come buzzing around my ears and wake me up."

"You appear to be a monomaniac on this subject, Samson. Now if you declaimed against mosquitoes I should not be astonished."

"Mosquitoes, Honeybud? Mosquitoes are angels to flies! The mosquito annoys you from necessity. He must have blood or die; and so he bites. But he is honorable, and always gives you fair warning by sounding his war-bugles in advance. A fly can live on anything; but his innate wickedness is such that he annoys you for the mere pleasure of aggravation, having a saucy confidence in his nimbleness to get out of your way when you rise up in your wrath against him. But what is the use of talking? The house is full of flies again, and I shall now be obliged to darken the rooms, open the doors, and go at them with the broom once more. Suppose you assist me with the feather duster? All our folks are off berrying."

"To oblige you I will," said Honeybud, with a smile, taking the duster, and gently waving it about; but I can't see the use of it."

"Use!" cried Fury, with a look of exasperation. "Isn't it better than sit still and be eaten up alive? My God! what thick skin some people have. And you don't go at 'em the right way. You are only fanning the flies. Look at me. I've broken six brooms this summer."

Seizing his broom, Fury commenced a furious onslaught upon the nimble insects, slashing about him on every hand, high and low, from room to room, "to waken them up to what was coming," he said, "and stir them out of their hiding-places."

"I have a regular system in this business," he declared, pausing a moment for breath: "I first make a grand swoop on 'em, so as to get them apprehensive and fairly on the wing, as a sportsman does his birds. Then I close all the shutters but one in each room, and then take one room at a time and clear it. If you want to get rid of flies, you have to be thorough. Keep your duster going, Caleb, a good deal more lively, and I'll go up and clear the chambers first, and then be down and help you."

Up he went, thrashing from side to side, leaving his guest, duster in hand, standing and staring in amazement at the absurd frenzy of his behavior; and from the tumult he caused overhead, Honeybud knew that the flies overhead must be having a hard time of it. Fury accompanied his rapid blows with sundry cries of triumph and revenge, and a noise of smashed crockery indicated that the struggle was more enthusiastic than cautious.

By-and-by, down came Fury, panting, red, and perspiring, and announced that not a fly remained in the house up stairs, though he lamented that he had broken a couple of vases.

"And now, Caleb, just stand on the staircase and prevent them from going up, while I darken the room and give them fits down here; and do have a little more animation with your duster! Don't act as if you wanted to cool the flies and keep them comfortable. Strike out as I do. Don't fan and play with the flies, but fight 'em. I leave the staircase in your charge."

And the amiable Caleb waved his feather-brush to and fro, while Samson, with his broom, plunged once more headlong into the thick of battle with such effect that he not only cleared the lower apartments in the space of fifteen minutes, but demolished a pier-glass and a few window-panes; and then, overcome with anger and exertion, he sank exhausted upon a sofa.

"A bad job I've done this day!" he sighed. "Never broke so much as a looking-glass before. Your being here, Caleb, excited me, I suppose, and I lost my usual command of the broom. I shall get a small blessing from my wife when she comes home, to add to my other comforts. Pleasant, isn't it?"

"Is your wife as much excited by the flies as you are?"

"Well, I don't think she loves them any too well."

"Then I should suppose she would overlook the broken glass, in consideration of the cause."

"It makes little difference to me. Scolding is music compared to the infernal buzzing of the flies—and curse me, Caleb, if I didn't leave that window partly open, and the flies have been pouring in again! Oh, God! must I have to get up once more, and belt it into 'em?"

"No, no! Don't do it. Stay still, Samson; be calm, I beg of you. You are over-blown already—fly-blown, I may say—ha, ha!"

"Laugh! I wish I could laugh. If I am not fly-blown, I might well be, bitten as I am, and I don't know but you are right. So much biting must finally affect the blood in a pernicious manner. Why may not flies go mad as well as dogs? They act like it. How do I know but they have poisoned me, and I am fly-mad, and don't know it?"

"Not so bad as that, I hope; but it is really surprising to me how a man, with an immortal soul, can permit himself to be so disturbed by his antipathy for so insignificant a little insect as a fly! Grant they are annoying, why make the evil greater by such passionate and useless efforts to abate it? You might as well try to dispel a fog as to get rid of flies by main force. Why don't you exercise your ingenuity and try some stratagem? Did you ever try fly-paper?"

"If you wish to get me raving mad, and see me fall in a fit, or jump into a brier-bush, or go and hang myself out under one of those trees where the flies can get at me, just mention fly-paper a few times and have your wish!"

"You hate fly-paper as much as you do the flies?"

"Nearly; I bought, last summer, I don't know how many sheets of fly-paper, and plastered every room in the house with them. There was scarcely an article of furniture which hadn't its one, two are three pieces of sticky, humbug fly-paper on it. I hung them to the walls and ceilings, and even tacked them to pictures, bed-posts and doors. It was fly-paper here, fly-paper there, and fly-paper everywhere. But it was I that got stuck, and not the flies. I may have averaged to every six inches square of fly-paper, say two flies, not more, in the busy season; or a third of a fly to an inch. The flies swarmed in every spot but where I wanted them. They very well knew what the paper was for, and made fun of it, getting up games of tag, and flying close to the paper, to see how near they could come without touching it. They tormented me worse than before, for the paper took up so much room they had to contract their lines, and they massed their forces, as the military folks would say; and instead of skirmishing they assaulted me by brigades. What made the paper still more unsightly to me was that I and my family frequently got stuck to it ourselves; and one Sunday Delilah and I went all the way to church ornamented by two fly-papers we had sat upon on the sofa. I don't think the sermon did us much good that day. It strikes me I swore some, and spent the afternoon in killing flies in the legitimate style."

"But there are more means devised for the destruction of flies, without the necessity of any great exertion on your part."

"Oh, yes, Caleb; oh, yes! It is unnecessary to tell me that. I have tried them. With two-thirds of a tumbler of gin, you can fill it to the brim with dead-drunk flies. But you'll find just as many left to annoy you. Go round at night with a pan of burning alcohol, and the miniature hell will swallow nearly all you can see. Pay ten dollars, as I did, for a fly-trap with a sweetened cylinder that revolves with a spring. You can catch a dozen an hour in that way. So, too, you can kill flies with poisoned bait, and if they drop into your food you can poison yourself also for the folly. But when you come to be an old experienced fly-catcher like me, you will ascertain the melancholy fact that no human strategy is a remedy for flies. The more you kill the more there are left. Kill 10,000 today and 20,000 will come to-morrow to see where the rest are gone to."

"It is a gloomy picture you present: I have no doubt you have studied deeply into the subject, and ought to be considered an authority on flies, but for my part, I am content that, if I know less, they annoy me less. It may be that my skin is thicker than yours."

"It must be. There's a great fly on your nose now, but you don't seem to mind it."

"Or it may be," pursued Caleb, brushing it off, "that they don't like the taste of me as well as they do of you; but I have always considered flies, when I considered them at all, harmless creatures, short-lived and merry, idle and improvident, to be sure, but paying for their sport and the vexation they cause by eating up minute impurities which otherwise might occasion sickness. Take a microscope, Sampson, and look at the fly with the eye of a naturalist, and you will be lost in admiration of his singular beauty, the perfection of his mechanism, and the ingenious adaptations of means to ends in his system. He is a very pretty bird, I assure you. His wings alone are—"

"I know what they are," exclaimed Fury, impatiently, "and his six legs, too, that help him out of harm's way so quickly; and his infernal proboscis that gives you the itch; and his tantalizing buzz, directly over your ear, to enrage out of a sweet nap in the morning. A spider is a saintly gentleman to a fly, a modest manufacturer, patient, persevering, provident and unobtrusive, quiet and devoted to home; and, with all these good qualities, the natural enemy of the filthy, teasing, lazy, greedy, creeping, obstreperous and heartless cannibal, the fly, the meanest and wickedest of God's works."

"Ha! ha!" laughed Caleb Honeybud. "The flies must have made you suffer, or you could not hate them so. But of what avail are your efforts against them? No wiser than blowing against the wind or sweeping back the sea. Tires yourself, inflames your blood, crazes your brain, too, I think. My advice to you is, Sampson Fury, as you can't get a thicker skin, to keep cool, and plan to avoid what you cannot destroy. There are many fiendish things that annoy us in this world, and we can have but a mean triumph and revenge, by stooping to quarrel with them."

"Good, Caleb," cried Fury, with sudden joy, "I'll take your hint this fall. I'll sell this odious fly-trap, then, and move into the city forever. And now come and get something to eat and to drink, and be careful about hurting the feelings of the flies as you come along."

$25 IN Doctor's visits will do you less good than one bottle of Hop Bitters.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.

519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,

Plumbers,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

and Sewer Builders.

NO. 813 MARKET STREET.

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT,

ST. LOUIS TIME.

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

LACLEDE AND CREVE CŒUR LAKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Leave Union Depot at 8 a. m. daily; at 3:17 p. m. daily and 6:12 p. m. except Sunday.

Arrive at Union Depot at 12:30 p. m. daily; 6:25 p. m. daily and 10:30 p. m. daily.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Peter N. Brunold, dated March 22, 1875, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, in book 512, page 462, in pursuance of the power thereby invested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of the notes therein mentioned, I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 1 of block No. 1 of Alloway's addition to Compton Hill, according to a plat on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county (now city), said lot having a front on the south line of Chouteau avenue of thirty-five (35) feet by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet to an alley twenty-five feet wide; bounded north by Chouteau avenue, east by MaKenzie street, south by said alley and west by lot No. 2 in said block.

EDWARD S. WARNER, Trustee.

St. Louis, August 8, 1881. 33M

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the provisions of a certain deed of trust of Manning Mayfield, dated June 1, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in Book 550, page 152, in pursuance of the power invested in me by the appointment by the Circuit Court of city of St. Louis, August 8, 1881, to act in place of Henry B. Belt, the trustee named in said deed, deceased, and at the request of the legal holder of the note in said deed mentioned, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p.m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes in said deed of trust mentioned, the following-described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbers 17 and 18, in block No. 5 (now city block 1610) of the subdivision of St. Louis Commons, block number seventy (70), by Theophile Papin, special commissioner of William H. Bell's estate, according to the plat of said subdivision by said commissioner, which said plat is of record in the Recorder's office for St. Louis county, in plat-book No. 9, at page 9, and to which said record reference is hereby made; said lots 17 and 18 having together an aggregate front of one hundred and five (105) feet on the west side of Tennessee avenue, by a depth westwardly of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley.

MARCUS A. WOLFF, Trustee.

St. Louis, August 8, 1881. 31M

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881,
Monday, June 13, 1881.
Frederick M. Dorrer
vs.
Mary E. Dorrer.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that defendant is a non-resident of the State, and is a resident of the State of Kentucky, on motion of plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between him and said defendant, on the ground of desertion,

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 16th day of June, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 36M

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881,
Monday, August 1, 1881.
Frederick Miller
vs.
Anna Miller.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the ground that defendant has offered to plaintiff habitually such indignities as to render his condition intolerable.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this third day of August, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

AUGUSTUS W. ALEXANDER, Plff's Att'y. 37M

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Bartholomew Guion, Sr.,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

BARTHOLOMEW GUION, JR., Executor.

St. Louis, July 25, 1881. 98G

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Michael Brennan,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

ALICE BRENNAN.

Administratrix with will annexed of Michael Brennan.

St. Louis, August 8, 1881. 35M

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Charles Devlin,

deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

DANIEL DEVLIN,
BERNARD DEVLIN,

Executors of the estate of Charles Devlin, deceased.

J. J. MCCANN, Attorney.

St. Louis, August 8, 1881. 34M

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Frederick Schuchmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

RICHARD SCHUCHMANN,

Administrator of Frederick Schuchmann, deceased.

St. Louis, August 9, 1881. 38M

ESTATE of Mary Ann Collins, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of

Mary Ann Collins,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 4th day of August, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1881.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,

37M Administrator with the will annexed.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Theodore Lordemann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

LOUIS A. RAUM,

Administrator of Theodore Lordemann, deceased.

St. Louis, August 9, 1881. 39M

IN the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June term, 1881. In the assignment of the German Bank. (463.) Charles G. Stifel, assignee of the German Bank, having this day filed his third annual statement of the accounts of his trust, with proper vouchers as required by law, it is ordered by the court that the clerk of this court give four weeks' notice of the filing of said accounts by one insertion each week in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH and Westliche Post, newspapers printed and published in the city of St. Louis, and that said accounts will be allowed by this court on the 3d day of October, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

A true copy from the record.

Attest with seal of court:

CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

{SEAL} St. Louis, August 8, 1881. 30M

FOR SALE.

CAFE CONKLIN,

Olive st., adjoining Barr's. Counters, shelving, fixtures, No. 1 range and fine soda fountain and accompaniments complete for first-class restaurant; low rent; lease year and a half to run. Apply to

DAVID BAILEY.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
James Woodworth, James H Britton, A.N. Sterling, Theodore Papin, trustee.
No. 2043.

Now at this day it is ordered by the court that in all future proceedings in this cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office.

And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff on the writ of summons in this cause that A. N. Sterling and James Woodworth, of the defendants herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of forty-five dollars and eighteen cents, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 52 feet 5 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 51 feet in the one part and 64 feet 9 inches in the other part, being lot 1 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 90 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 26 in South St Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 101 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Stringtown road in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 112 feet in length or depth, being lot 5 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 122 feet 8 inches in lenth or depth, being lot 6 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 133 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 144 feet in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

No. 9. A lot of ground on Stringtown road, in city block 2777, 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 154 feet and 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 26 in South St. Louis subdivision addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the years 1877 and 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, plff's att'y. 1N

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Robert Boyle.
No. 1976.

Now at this day it is ordered by the court that the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office.

And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff on the writ of summons in this cause that the defendant can not be found in the city of St. Louis,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of two dollars and eighty-eight cents, interest and costs, against the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

Lots numbered 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block No. 49 of Thatcher's subdivision, an addition to the city of St. Louis; said lots having each a front of 52 feet on Bellefontaine Road by an unequal depth; said lot No. 3 having a depth of 113 6-12 feet; said lot No. 4 having a depth of 130 5-12 feet; said lot No. 5 having a depth of 138 10-12 feet, and said lot No. 6 having a depth of 147 5-12 feet.

No. 2. Lots numbered 39, 40, 41 and 42 in said block No. 49 of Thatcher's subdivision, an addition to the city of St. Louis; said lots having each a front of 50 feet on Railroad avenue by an unequal depth; said lot No. 39 having a depth of 149 5-12 feet; said lot No. 40 having a depth of 138 feet 10 inches; said lot No. 41 having a depth of 130 5-12 feet, and said lot No. 42 having a depth of 113 5-12 feet.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1873.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

King & Chapin, plff's att'ys. 2N

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of D. Hunkins, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

D. Hunkins,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 7th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1881.

F. P. HUNKINS,

58F Administrator of D. Hunkins, deceased.

ESTATE of John W. Davidson, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

John W. Davidson,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 11th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1881.

CLARA B. DAVIDSON,

96G Administratrix.

ESTATE of Ellen Meagher, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Ellen Meagher,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 22d day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 25th day of July, A. D. 1881.

JOSEPH H. TIERNAN,

97G Administrator, &c.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Edward J. Cubbage,

deceased, that I the undersigned administrator de bonis non of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

BRITTON A. HILL,

Administrator de bonis non.

St. Louis, July 12, 1881. 57F

ESTATE of Frederick J. Wilms, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Frederick J. Wilms,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 15th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1881.

BERNARDINE WILMS,

34G Administratrix.

ESTATE of John Betz, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

John Betz,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 18th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1881.

MARIA BETZ,

38G Administratrix.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Tuesday, June 14, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
James L. D. Morrison, Franklin A. Dick, trustee, Benjamin Farrar, trustee, Fairman Rogers.
[2193.]

On motion of said plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered by the court that this action be dismissed as to Benjamin Farrar, trustee; and it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in this cause that Franklin A. Dick and Fairman Rogers cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of thirteen hundred and two dollars and forty-two cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. The undivided forty-one forty-fifths (41-45) interest in a lot of ground on Berlin avenue, 450 feet in front or width, and 446 feet 4½ inches in length or depth, being part of lot 49 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Berlin avenue, on the east by the real estate of one Baker, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by one Laveille and others.

No. 2. The undivided forty-one forty-fifths (41-45) interest in a lot of ground on Lake avenue, 20 feet in front or width, and 192 feet in length or depth, being part of lot 49 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laveille, on the east by that of defendant Morrison, on the south by that of one Gaines, on the west by Lake avenue.

No. 3. The undivided forty-one forty-fifths (41-45) interest in a lot of ground on Olive Street Road, containing five and 35-100 acres, being lot 66 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Locust street in city block 985, 20 feet 3 inches in front or width, and 134 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in Stoddard addition to said city.

No. 5. Five lots of ground on Locust street, in city block 985, each 25 feet in front or width, and 134 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lots 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 in block 20 in Stoddard addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1879.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy thereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 6K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Tuesday, July 12, A. D. 1881.
Estate of Mary A. Darst.

Now, at this day, comes James E. Darst, administrator of the estate of Mary A. Darst, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof, it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made.

And that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the said City of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 14th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

E. T. Farish, att'y. 35G

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the matter of the petition of Frances Isabella Clapp for change of name.

In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri.

June Term, 1881.

To whom it may concern:

Public notice is hereby given that upon the petition of Frances Isabella Clapp to the Circuit Court within and for the said city of St. Louis, an order was made on the 25th day of July, 1881, and spread upon the records of said court, changing said petitioner's name to Frances Isabella Allen.

FRANCES ISABELLA CLAPP.

BROWN & HAMM, Attorneys.

St. Louis, August 4, 1881. 24L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the matter of the petition of Charles Henry Clapp for change of name.

In the Circuit Court within and for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri,

June Term, 1881.

To whom it may concern:

Public notice is hereby given that upon the petition of Charles Henry Clapp to the Circuit Court within and for the City of St Louis aforesaid, an order was made on the 25th of July, A. D. 1881, and spread upon the records of said court, changing said petitioner's name to Charles Henry Allen.

CHARLES HENRY CLAPP.

BROWN & HAMM, Attorneys.

St. Louis, August 4, 1881. 25L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, August 1, 1881.
William C. Creagar
vs.
Almira Creagar.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of adultery.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 2d day of August, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

Price & Holland, att'ys for plaintiff. 1601I

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Henry W. Sargent, Joseph M. Gazzam, Alexander G. Cockran, Wm. H. Homer, Phoebe Hunt, Emily Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Mary Moulds, Geo. F. Moulds, Robert W. Hunt,
No. 1862.

Now at this day it is ordered by the court that the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, in all future proceedings in this cause, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office.

And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff on the writ of summons in this cause that Joseph M. Gazzam, Emily Sullivan, Jeremiah Sullivan, Mary Moulds and Geo. F. Moulds cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of three hundred and forty-eight dollars and ninety-two cents against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Four lots of ground on Second street, in city block 44, each 20 feet in front or width and 108 feet 5 inches in length or depth, being lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 in Risley's addition to said city.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Second street, in city block 44, 20 feet 7 inches in front or width and 108 feet 5 inches in depth or length, being lot 8 in Risley's addition to said city.

No. 3. Four lots of ground on Risley street, in city block 44, each 19 feet in front or width and 85 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lots 9, 10, 11 and 12 in Risley's addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Risley street, in city block 44, 26 feet 6 inches in front or width and 85 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 and the south part of lot 14 in Risley's addition to said city.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, plff's att'y. 3N

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Tuesday, July 14, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri,
vs.
Hannah M. Osgood, William B. Osgood, William C. McKee, Thomas P. Davison, Ann Davison, Maria Cowan et al.
(2125.)

Now, at this day, it is ordered by the court, that in all future proceedings in this cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt his predecessor in office; And it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in this cause that Hannah Osgood, William B. Osgood, William C. McKee, Ann Davison and Maria Cowan, of the defendants herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of forty-seven dollars and eighty-four cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. Seven lots of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2809, each 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 45 in South St. Louis suburbs addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 2809, 26 feet 9½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 45 in South St. Louis suburbs addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Tenth street, in city block 2809, 26 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 45 in South St. Louis suburbs addition to said city.

No. 4. Nine lots of ground on Tenth street, each 30 feet 10½ inches in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in block 45 in South St. Louis suburbs addition to said city.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 3K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Maggie J. Burge, unknown children of Theodore W. Burge, and others.
(1842.)

Now at this day it is ordered by the court that in all future proceedings in this cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of Revenue, be substituted for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office. The plaintiff having alleged in its petition that the unknown children of Theodore W. and Maggie J. Burge are the owners of the real estate hereinafter mentioned and described and that it is unable to insert their names in its said petition because they are unknown to it and that their place of residence is unknown to plaintiff; and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them, on motion of said plaintiff, by its attorney.

It is ordered that said unknown heirs of Theodore W. Burge and Maggie J. Burge be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of twenty-one dollars and fifty-eight cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 25 69, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in City Commons.

Being for back taxes due and unpaid on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 5K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Tuesday, June 14, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Jennie McPike, James H. McPike, Arthur L. Thompson, John R. Richards, trustee.
(2169.)

Now, at this day, it appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in this cause that Jennie McPike and James McPike, of the defendants herein, cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of two hundred and eighty-nine dollars and thirty-seven cents, interest and costs against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Glendale avenue, 50 feet in front or width, and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 35 in block 5 in Prairie Place addition to said city.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Morgan street, in city block 124, 40 feet in front or width and 105 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by Morgan street, on the east by real estate of one Adams, on the south by an alley, on the west by real estate of one McFaul.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1879.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 2K

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 13, 1881.

The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri,
vs.
Walter S. Johnson, Receiver of the National Bank of the City of St. Louis, the National Bank of the State of Missouri in St. Louis, Edward Bredell, Alice J. Higgs, Edward Popper, trustee of Henrietta Hahn, Henrietta Hahn, Isaac Hahn.
[1825.]

Now, at this day, it is ordered by the court that in all future proceedings in this cause the name of Nathaniel C. Hudson, present Collector of the Revenue, be substitued for that of Myer A. Rosenblatt, his predecessor in office. It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff in this cause that Alice J. Higgs, Henrietta Hahn, and Isaac Hahn, of defendants herein, can not be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment in rem for the sum of two hundred and seventeen dollars and ten cents against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Myrtle street, in city block 135, 18 feet 8 inches in front or width and 81 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lot in Shepard's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Myrtle street, in city block 135, 18 feet 8 inches in front or width, and 81 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lot 4 in Shepard's addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 135, 13 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 127 feet 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of said defendant Johnson, receiver, and others, on the east by Sixth street, on the south by real estate of one Holmes, on the west by an alley.

No. 4. A lot of ground on an alley in city block 135, 19 feet 7 inches in front or width and 57 feet 9 inches in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Laupman and others, on the east and south by that of defendant Johnson, receiver, on the west by an alley.

Being for back taxes due on said real estate for the year 1878.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 29th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. B. Jonas, Plaintiff's Attorney. 8K

Anthracite Coal.
Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.
J. J. SYLVESTER, Agt., 416 Olive Street.

11 Lbs. Clarified Sugar, $1.
10 lbs Granulated Sugar, $1.
Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 106 North Fifth street.

LOCAL NEWS.

CARY's toilets are superb. She uses Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE

In St. Louis at Boston Prices—No Charge for Freight.

Bed room, dining room, parlor and all kinds of fancy furniture in ebony, brass, maple, walnut, mahogany and cogbly wood.
GUERNSEY, JONES & Co., 500 N. Fourth st.

CHAMBERS Printing House, Third and Locust, does all kinds of printing cheap. Costs nothing for estimates.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

A LITTLE TEA-PARTY.

Beggs' Successor in the Fire Department to be Chosen on Sunday.

It is generally understood that there are two wings in the Republican party in St. Louis, one of which has been entirely left out in the cold since the 306 hung together in Chicago. There was not even an assistant postmaster, generalship awarded to it, and locally as well as nationally it seems to be hibernating. After Mayor Ewing was elected it was expected that Mr. Filley would dictate all of the appointments, but the impression seems to obtain now that the appointments will go the other way. There is to be a conference held on Sunday afternoon next at Mr. Hiemenz' office, in the Temple Building, to determine who will be Mr. Beggs' successor as Assistant Chief of the Fire Department, and the gentlemen invited to be present are Messrs. Samuel Hays, George Shields, Chas. F. Vogel, Henry Hiemenz, Sr., John Meis, and Jacob Weigend, who will meet Mayor Ewing, Mr. Lyndon A. Smith, and John D. Stevenson. Mr. Henry Hiemenz is the only gentleman in the party who is not a pronounced half-breed, and it is understood that he is on the fence, except as far as Mr. Vogel's interests are concerned. The custom has always been for the Chief of the Fire Department to select the appointee, subject to the approval of the Mayor, but it is believed that Secretary Smith has enough influence with Mr. Sexton to induce him to select whoever may be pitched upon by the conference on Sunpay. It is expected that Michael J. Hester will be the choice of the party.

"The War Still Raging."

The pure and only genuine Oaks candies, 412 Olive street. See large portrait in show window. Do not be deceived, but remember the place—412 Olive—to get all kinds of candies, fresh made every day; 40c per pound; three pounds for $1.

THE GEM CITY.

For St. Paul and the Cool Northern Resorts.

The Gem City is still a favorite with people traveling on the Northern Mississippi, and she never starts up the stream without a large company on board bound for the cool retreats of Minnesota or Lake Superior. Among those who took passage on the Gem City when she left the city this afternoon were:

W. Brown, A. J. Houghton, Geo. Block, Mr. Harrison and wife, Miss Annie M. Harrison, Rev. R. Kohler and wife, M. Bodenhamer, Mrs. C. M. Wilson, Mrs. E. Jennings, Mrs. E. Andrews, Mrs. S. F. Burnet, J. L. Woodfolk and wife, Miss Annie Dawson, Jno. Church, wife and child, Mrs. H. B. Putman and children, Mrs. McDavitt, Miss C. F. Baker, Mrs. P. Bevimester, Miss Estelle Kuff, Mrs. Ella Green, Miss Belle Eddings, R. E. Farris and wife, Miss A. Webb, N. B. Hatcher, Mrs. C. Smith, Miss Mary Shaler Smith, E. Beuster and wife, I. Beal and party, R. P. Gott and wife, Mrs. Jennie Baker and children, Mrs. J. S. Turner and child, Miss A. Bender, C. C. Crone, Joseph Watchel, Mrs. C. C. Cune, C. Schieschol and wife, J. R. Wood, William Yancey, J. W. Noel and wife, Miss L. Mason, Miss Rosa Ebbert, T. F. Warer and wife, J. C. Thompson and wife, Miss Emeline Taceberger, Mrs. Anna Crecilins, A. J. F. Prevost and daughter, Mrs. L. Walter, Miss M. Walter, Miss A. Bauer, H. R. Whitmore, J. Seal and wife, F. M. Donahue, C. P. Funk and wife, Mrs. H. V. P. Block, J. A. Berry, F. M. Whitmore, J. D. Glenn, J. A. Campbell, E. M. Bodenhamer, J. M. Wheeler, Henry Branden and Christian Tanaelberger.

THE Southern Farmer and Planter of Richmond, Va., in a recent presentation to its readers of the wondrous efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil, as spoken of by those who have used it, closes by saying: "To all we commend the example and the use of St. Jacobs Oil."

New Buildings.

A $700 stable is being built on Papin street, between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets, by L. W. Kemp.

On the west side of Closey street, between Soulard and Lafayette streets, C. Krupper is building a $1,500 dwelling.

L. W. Kemp is putting an addition to his dwelling on Papin street, between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets, to cost $345.

A two-story, ten-room dwelling is being erected on Jefferson avenue, between Montgomery and Benton streets, by G. Goebel.

John N. A. Ventzen is building a frame cottage on Margaretta avenue, between Papin and White avenues. The building is to cost $500.

E. Ring & Son are erecting a two-story brick building on Morgan street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, to be used as a lard oil factory. It will cost $7,000.

C. C. Murphy is putting up a stone front block on Cook avenue, between Spring and Prairie avenues. The block will be two stories high and consist of five dwellings, each having seven rooms, and costing in the aggregate $17,500.

SAVE cooking. Buy sliced corned beef packed by St. Louis Beef Canning Co.

The Long Sleep in a Sleeper.

The remains of Charles W. Pratt arrived at the Union Depot by the Chicago and Alton this morning. Mr. Pratt had been in the cracker business for years, and at the time of his death was in the employ of Dozier, Weyl & Co., and was one of the most valued attaches of the house. He has been suffering from consumption for months, and on a recent trip in Chicago was taken sick. His wife went up to attend him, and they started to return last evening. Near Bloomington he had a relapse and died in a few minutes.

Eminent Dr. J. J. Caldwell,

BALTIMORE, MD., states: "I have used Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF largely in *debility, febrile and nervous diseases*, and I have found it one of the most reliable of nutrient tonics."

THE TREE OF EVIL

Well Cultivated in a Pine Street Neighborhood.

It Bears Fruit in the Form of an Awful Tragedy.

Nathan Prettyman Killed in Frustrating His Daughter's Elopement.

The Statement Made by Chas. W. Curry, the Girl's Lover.

When the Police Commissioners entered upon their crusade against the social evil a few days ago one of the objective points was Piee street, between Eleventh and Twelfth. A hotbed of vice in that locality has long promised to be fruitful in crime. The respectable element has been dwindling steadily under the influence of frequent brawls and disgraceful street scenes until the lawless inhabitants had things pretty much their own way. Decent people who remained in the block, clinging to the reputation of the past, when such families as that of Judge Treat's made the row one of eminent respectability, hailed with gladness the news that the authorities had resolved to weed out the tares. The work of reform was begun, but not in time to avert one horrible tragedy, which in all its phases must be conceded to be the natural result of the social taint.

A HOUSE OF MOURNING.

The three-story brick dwelling No. 1125 Pine street, is a house of mourning to-day. The body of Nathan Prettyman lies in the front parlor awaiting the Coroner, the face bruised and blackened and the back of the head cut and contused. It is a sickening scene to look upon, with the wailing of a widow and six children for a dirge. Sarah Prettyman, the eldest child, is a fugitive, and has been since her father received his death-wounds last evening. Her lover, Charles W. Curry, is a prisoner at the Four Courts, with the awful responsibility of life-taking resting upon him. And this is all the legitimate result of the demoralization of society which prevails.

The dead man was only 36 years old, but his name will recall him to many people. Prettyman had lived long enough to have seen what the world calls "better days." He was once

A UNITED STATES DETECTIVE

of considerable note, and was recognized as possessing considerable ability in his line of work. Of late years drink has too often got the better of him, and, without any regular occupation of the head of the household, the Prettymans have subsisted on the revenue of the boarding-house they kept at No. 1125. The block is a collection of boarding-houses some kept in reputable manner, but others run as unscrupulously as regards the character of inmates as any place of brazen infamy. There are doors in the block which open at all hours of the day and night, to pass the human wretches who call these places homes. These fallen creatures have their male parasites, a degree lower than themselves, who are to be found on the corners after nightfall, and who come and go with perfect freedom. The keepers of these houses shut their eyes to the character of those who pay their board bills, and vice flourishes on the grisette order. It is not necessary to class the Prettyman boarding-house as among the respectable or the disreputable. Enough is said when the assertion is made that last night's tragedy is to be credited to the general leveling of social barriers.

CURRY

is a painter by trade. He was among the Prettyman boarders last winter and associated intimately with a woman in the house, so the statements of the neighbors run, who might or might not have been Mrs. Curry. The eldest of the Prettyman children is Sarah, aged 16, a girl forward in her manner, well developed for her age and not unattractive. She had not lived long enough to have a bad name as many others of her sex about her had earned, but was drifting toward the brink. Between this girl and Curry there developed an intimacy which did not escape the observation of her parents. They cautioned her to beware, so the mother says, again and again. The painter was attentive, and the girl was partial to him. It was in vain that they urged upon her Curry's character as regards women. It was current gossip in the neighborhood that the painter had a wife living somewhere, and the girl was told that her lover only meant her ruin. Curry continued to visit the house, as if he was a regular inmate, in defiance of the wishes of the rest of the family. Last night he went to the house, about eight o'clock, and engaged Sarah in conversation with him. They were standing in the hall, and after some minutes Mrs. Prettyman, seeing a manifest intention on the part of the girl to leave the house with Curry, came forward and

BADE HER GO BACK.

No attention was paid to the parental request and Mrs. Prettyman went in search of her husband, and sent him to interfere. Coming forward, Mr. Prettyman said, "Sarah, go into the kitchen and help your mother." This seemed to determine the girl on the course she should take. She started toward the door and her father attempted to detain her, but she dodged his grasp and ran down the steps, Curry preceding her, but saying little or nothing.

At the foot of the steps Prettyman again commanded his daughter to return to the house and not to "go off with that drunken loafer." This occurred in front of the door on the north side of Pine street, about fifty feet from the mouth of the alley. Prettyman made no attempt to attack Curry at this time. The girl walked up the street, and Curry went along across the alley and stopped in front of a shoemaker's shop to chat with two or three young men boarding in the vicinity. The lapse of time from the hard words in front of the door until Prettyman made his appearance on the pavement with a revolver in his hand was very brief. He walked rapidly toward Curry, who, seeing the weapon and the threatening manner, sprang to meet him, and the two men clinched in the mouth of the alley. Richard Bayliss, with whom Curry had been talking, saw the

GLEAM OF THE WEAPON,

and when the struggle began he interfered so far as to wrench the pistol from Prettyman and throw it in the open door of the shoemaker's shop. Curry was the better man in a rough and tumble struggle, and he downed Prettyman with such force that the latter's head struck the paving stones with a thud. Before Bayliss, ex-Officer Dickson and others who were close at hand could interfere Curry had used his boot-heel on Prettyman's head several times. Katie Prettyman, a girl of 14, tried to help her father, and the mother likewise rushed to the rescue, but Curry was soon pulled off and held until Officer John Egan came up, when he was taken to the Four Courts.

Prettyman was helped up. He seemed somewhat dazed, but, as he was able to walk to the house with some assistance, it was not thought that the injuries were serious. After getting inside he relapsed into unconsciousness, and then the family became alarmed. One after another three physicians were summoned, until Drs. Ware, Funkhouser and Blake had tried their powers in vain. It was a plain case of concussion of the brain. At 2 o'clock this morning Prettyman died without having made any statement. Indeed, from the time he entered the house not half a dozen words escaped his lips.

SARAH PRETTYMAN

disappeared, and up to a late hour to-day nothing was known by her mother as to her whereabouts. She has an aunt, Mrs. Hannah Doyle, living at No. 3535 Chestnut street, and a call was made there this morning, but Mrs. Doyle said she had seen nothing of the girl. Mrs. Prettyman spent several hours to-day looking for Sarah, without avail.

The afflicted woman gave a reporter the version of the trouble in the house and on the street as printed above. She says further that after Curry had been taken from her husband and before the officer came he said to her: "G—d d——n you, if I haven't finished the old man, I'm going to do it before morning," and added a threat to settle with her. Mrs. Prettyman says her husband was about 40 years of age. When Egan took Curry to the Four Courts the impression was that Prettyman had sustained no very serious hurt, and as it appeared to be only a case of assault and battery, Curry was so charged and bail taken for him. As soon as the critical condition of the injured man was made known Sergeant Sam Boyd and Patrolman Fine instituted a vigorous search, and at 2:30 this morning affected the arrest. Curry was found in company with an inmate of a house on Chestnut and Eleventh kept by a woman known as Norma the Gypsy. The creature in whose presence Curry was found is known as Mollie, and said to a reporter that she had known the young painter for several years. He came to the house last evening and was much intoxicated: She had never seen him so drunk before, she says, and knew at once something had happened, but he refused to say more than that he had been in trouble. Norma, the keeper of the house, said that Mrs. Prettyman came there this morning and wanted to know if her daughter was there. "I gave her a hard talking to for intimating such a thing. I told her I had a young daughter myself, and that sooner than take a child into a place of this kind I'd cut my heart out." So spoke the cyprian.

THE PRISONER.

Charles Curry, the young man arrested for the murder, has been a boarder at Prettyman's house for some considerable time. He is about 27 years of age, a sprightly-looking, short-haired blonde, of medium stature. He bore a genteel appearance, dressed neatly and was somewhat of an athlete. By trade he is a painter and has always had steady work and good wages at the down town establishments. His acquaintance among mechanics was wide, and among the boys around the street corners he bore the reputation of being harmless and inoffensive, but that if aroused he was well able to take care of himself and could use his fists freely if necessary.

He spent his money freely and sought the society of the men who hang on the skirts of the demi-monde and frequent variety theaters. His father occupies the position of watchman at Eugene Jaccard & Co.'s, and his family connections are highly respectable. Some time since he made an effort to get on the fire department, and used all the influence which he could command among saloon-keepees, constables and storekeepers down town, but was unsuccessful.

CURRY CHATS.

Curry told the following story when called on in the hold-over of the Central District Station this morning: "Yesterday a crowd of us men went out fishing in East St. Louis. I was with Prettyman, bought the minnows and paid for the boat. On the way back we began drinking and were all pretty full. We got home a little after six o'clock. We left Prettyman over there. In the evening we were standing on the outside walk, when Prettyman came out with a revolver in his hand. He came towards me and I knocked him down."

"What did he say when he came up to where you were standing?"

"Myself and a young man named Bayless and another named Dickson were standing in front of the shoe shop, about three doors east of Prettyman's house. I don't know what he said. I was tight. He made some remark and I replied. I don't know what I said. All I remember is that in the fight I was on top, and I suppose I must have kicked him in the face. He has been drunk for eight months and he died of whisky instead of the kicking."

"Had he any reason to assault you?"

"No, he had no more reason than you would to draw a revolver now and have me knock you down. When we were on the ground I held his hand out and Dickson or Bayless wrenched it out of his hands. I can't remember what he said, but I think Dickson or Bayless, who are my witnesses, could tell you."

"Had you been going with Prettyman's daughter?"

"No, I was living in the house and used to see her once in a while and talk to her. We were not running together. He was always raising a row. At night he used to put out the light and sharpen a knife and threaten to kill his wife. He used to abuse his wife and daughters and call them all sorts of names."

Further than this Curry said he was unable to say anything about the difficulty. He said he saw the doctor after he had attended Prettyman and he said that Prettyman had probably died of drinking whisky. Curry is twenty-one years of age, a painter by trade, and single according to the statement made by him at Central District Station when arrested at the altercation, after which he was released and rearrested when Prettyman died. He did considerable work for the School Board when in business for himself, but has of late been working for George Pesch.

KATIE PRETTYMAN'S VERSION.

At the Coroner's office Katie Prettyman, a 14-year-old daughter of the deceased, who is one of the principal witnesses, was seen and her story obtained. She flatly contradicts the other witnesses in relation to the revolver. "My ma told me to tell Sallie to come in. She and Curry were talking in the hallway. I told her that ma wanted her to come into the house, but she did mind me; so I went back and told pa that Sallie would not come in. He got up and went out and then Sallie jumped out of the hall and went on the sidewalk with Curry. Pa said, 'Sallie, I want you to go into the house.' Curry said, You do?' or something like that to pa, who was not speaking to him at all, and struck him right away and knocked him down."

"Did you see your father with a revolver?"

"No, he never had any revolver of his own, and I saw none."

"Were you present during all the trouble?"

"Yes, I first went to tell my sister to come in, and when she did not mind me I went back to tell my father and again went back with him. I was right near there when the fuss began and did not see any pistol at all."

"If your father had a revolver in his hand would you have seen it?"

"Yes, sir, I could have seen it, for I saw the whole trouble. When my pa spoke to Sallie, Curry struck him. He knocked him down and kicked him in the face and then stamped on him while he was on the ground. I ran up, and he slapped me in the face, but I suppose he did that accidentally."

"Had your father and Curry any trouble before?"

"Yes; once, in the house, when father was speaking to Sallie, Curry interfered and struck at him, but my mother separated them."

The girl was told that the other witnesses said they saw her father with a revolver in his hand, but she still persisted that she was present and would have seen it if he had one, and was positive he did not.

THE BODY.

The body of Nathan Prettyman was taken to the Morgue at 9 o'clock this morning, and after being washed was wrapped in a sheet and placed in the ice-box. The breast and arms are badly discolored. Just over the left eye the eyebrow is cut through and the upper and lower lids are badly blackened. The deceased was a large, well-built man, and was at the time a salesman in the liquor house of Peckham & Co., on Market street near Fifth. He had not worked for some time previous to yesterday.

There is a cloud enveloping Curry's relations with Sarah Prettyman. Some of his friends say that he was about to take the girl away last night and marry her, having been divorced from a former wife. They also say that he was still recognized as a boarder in the Prettyman house and that he had been on good terms, particularly with the father of his sweetheart.

200,000 gallons salt sulphur water passing through swimming pools at Sweet Springs daily. Round trip ticket $5, good for a week.

CLAN-NA-GAEL.

The Chicago Convention Not a Nihilistic Dynamite Body.

The Clan-na-Gael Convention in Chicago, now in progress, is exciting a great deal of interest here in St. Louis, where the society has long been established and where it numbers on its roll some of the most prominent Irishmen in the city. One of the members was met by a POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day and asked just what the society demanded. "Our demand is Irish Independence," he replied, "and we are staking all on that demand." You must understand that we are not assassins or Nihilists. The Clan-na-gael is an Irish national society, which proposes to make open and honorable war upon England when the time comes for the standard of revolt to be raised, but in the mean time we are not going to draw down the odium of the whole world upon us by the use of dynamite; that sort of thing will do very well for the O'Donovan Rossa gang, but we can't touch it."

"What is this meeting in Chicago going to do?"

"There is a great deal of misrepresentation and misunderstanding about that meeting—it is not strictly a Clan-na-Gael convention but a convention of all the friends of Irish independence. It is a secret session, but its intention to determine whether Ireland is ripe for rebellion is an open secret. All of the elements of revolt are represented, and if the gentlemen now sitting in Chicago determine on war the world will probably be surprised at the manner in which recruits will flock to the green flag."

"How about the Ancient Order of Hibernians?"

"I think that despite their printed protest the national delegates are largely present at the meeting."

MAGUIRE'S QUININE AND IRON CORDIAL in pleasantness of taste and excellence surpasses any medicine ever introduced. It gives health, vitality, energy and vigor. Every one should take it?

OCEAN baths at home. Try them. Round trip ticket only $5 to Sweet Springs, good for a week.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

George Jacobs was taken to the station last night, suffering from a combination of complicated diseases. Jocobs consented to travel to St. Louis provided his fare was paid, which request was granted. Jacobs is the first sick man sent from this side since the row about Dorsam.

The Council will hold a special meeting tomorrow night for the purpose of considering the charges, if any, preferred against Capt. Renshaw. The meeting promises to be the liveliest held for some time, provided the motion to adjourn does not prevail before the members settle down to business.

Thomas Kennedy, of the Fourth Ward, created an unearthly noise in his neighborhood last night and seemed intent on annihilating some one. Acting Chief Griffin in company with two officers hurried to the scene. Kennedy was arrested, and when searched at the station a large revolver was found in his hip pocket. He was to be arraigned before one of the Justices this morning for disturbing the peace and carrying concealed weapons, but owing to the influence of one of the policemen was released before the case was called.

OCEAN bath in Central, Mo. Round trip ticket to Sweet Springs $5, good for a week.

Thrown From Their Buggy.

Deputy Sheriffs Charles Mason and Al. H. Collins were out riding last evening, when they were thrown from their rig and bruised up considerably. The horse, a very spirited animal, is owned by Mr. Mason and recently ran with Sheriff I. M. Mason. While driving along Grand near Page avenues the animal was frightened by a passing wagon and broke the check straps, at the same time taking a firm hold of the bit. In this way the young men were unable to hold him. By uniting their strength they were running the horse into a clay bank, when the buggy collided with a wagon, throwing both young men out and damaging the buggy badly. Mr. Mason was bruised badly and remained at home to-day. Mr. Collins, who is an athletic young man, partially saved himself, but did not escape without slightly straining one hand and his left leg.

To Be Re-built.

The warehouse of T. S. McPheeters, at Nos. 1105 and 1107 North Levee, was discovered to be on fire at about 9:30 last night. The rear loft, where the fire broke out, was full of baled hay, which, while not burning rapidly, was difficult to extinguish. There was, also, flour, salt, vinegar, molasses and cement stored in the building. The damage to the building amounted to about $500, while the loss of stock reached $3,000. This, however, is completely covered by insurance, and the warehouse will immediately be rebuilt at an expense of $30,000. It will be four stories high, with a ground area of 135x105 feet. It will also have cellars, a water front and railroad connections, thus making it one of the best buildings of the kind in the city.

OCEAN Baths at Sweet Springs. Round trip ticket $5, good for a week.

A Contribution to Science.

When Dr. Spiegelhalter's hired girl went down to the front door yesterday morning she found a parcel on the stone steps, and, true to feminine curiosity, she took it in and unrolled the wrappings. There was revealed a fœtus of six months' growth. As soon as the Doctor could get into his pantaloons he inspected the unwelcome object, and, leading in the family disgust, bade the girl call the first policeman she saw and deliver the package to him. This she did, and Officer Humphreys figured as pall-bearer and chief mourner from the Doctor's house on Stoddard and Chouteau avenue to the Morgue.

The River Convention.

The River Convention is, after the grain grades, the topic most discussed upon the floor of the Exchange. The date has not yet been fixed, but it is expected that this will be done at the next meeting of the Board of Directors. Work will be begun at once on the preliminaries, as the time is short and there is much to do. It is gratifying to note that, although the subscription books have not yet been opened and no solicitation has been made, some gentlemen have come forward voluntarily and pledged several thousand dollars.

ED. MEYER was held in the sum of $800 in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day on a charge of grand larceny to await the action of the next grand jury.

SWELTERING HUMANITY

Can find a measure of relief from the melting process by making a visit to our establishment and getting on the inside of some of those delightfully cool garments for which we are so justly celebrated.

The mission of human beings on this earth is to make their fellow men happy, and we are glad to know that success is crowning our efforts in that direction. We make them all happy by furnishing them with our PATENT COOLERS. Come and see them.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

Northeast Corner Fifth and Pine.

THE GRAIN GRADES.

The Exporters Denounce the Action of the Exchange.

Heavy Dealers Preparing to Leave the St. Louis Market.

Violated Contracts Complained of at Home and Abroad.

The action of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange in lowering the grades of wheat has provoked a very heated discussion upon the floor. A census of the heaviest houses to the trade would show that the large dealers are almost invariably opposed to the reduction, while the small fry seem to be way short and to welcome a move which will put three cents a bushel upon all the futures sold into their pockets. A POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning determined to investigate the case, and after much inquiry got to the following results:

Mr. Web. M. Samuel was met with a bundle of telegrams in his hands, and although in an awful hurry, he found him to express himself about thus: "This whole question resolves itself into the point whether the Exchange has the right to alter and change values. They propose to make us take an article just worth three cents less than what we bought, and let us go entirely without protection. I have been selling the new wheat largely in Europe; in fact, for years past, we have been educating Europe up to the belief that they could get better grades of grain in St. Louis than anywhere else in America, and now they propose to give them a worse wheat than that which they bought."

"Has much of this new wheat been bought for Europe?

"Yes, European buyers have seen the samples of the old No. 2, and bought freely on the supposition that that was what they were buying. Now we each have to give them what they did not buy. It has taken us years to build up the export trade of this city, but a breach of faith like this will break it down at once."

"You look on it as a violation of contract?"

"I do. In fact it is nothing less. Suppose I sold you a ten-room house for $10,000 and then delivered you a six-room establishment in full of all your claim on me; you would not think you were being fairly treated, and the next time you wanted to buy you would go to some one else."

"Have you any recourse?"

"We have. We have not yet talked this matter over thoroughly among ourselves, but there must be some remedy. If the Exchange causes us a dead loss we certainly can recover from the Exchange."

"Will customers take this No. 2?"

"No, they will not."

MR. LOUIS ROTH,

representing the house of Louis Dreyfus & Co., of Paris, France, was next met. Said he: "I object to this change, because I have experienced the impossibility of shipping a poorer grade than the old No. 2, either by steam or sail. I have sent a better grade of grain than the new No. 2 across by steamer in March, and it arrived hot, while the strict No. 2, was safe even by sail."

"But it is said the farmers want their grain to grade as well here as in New York."

"The grade makes no difference, it is the money they want, if your merchants want their grain the proper way to bid for it is by offering more money not by prostituting your inspection. You can call wheat any grade you like, but you won't get farmers to send it to you unless you pay them the best price for it."

"Is our No. 3 as good as the New York No. 2?" "They say it is, but it isn't. We exporters are not so stupid as to come here and give you from six to eight cents more for your wheat if we could get the same thing cheaper in New York. They say, too, that the Toledo No. 2 is lower than our recent No. 2. This is not so. I have been in every elevator in Toledo and their No. 2 is as good as and really cleaner than ours. While the No. 2 of New York and Baltimore is better than the new No. 2."

"You seem rather disheartened by this action of the Board."

"I am. Everything is against the export trade in this city. We have annoyances on every hand. Do you know that there is not a barge loaded out of your elevators here that we do not find a shortage of 400 bushels in. Now, that is not so in New York."

"What are you going to do?"

"I? I have been ordered by my house by cable to leave this market if the new grade holds. I shall buy East and at Toledo hereafter."

"How much have you shipped this year from St. Louis?"

"Over 1,600,000 bushels since January 1."

MR. J. C. EWALD,

of Fath, Ewald & Company stated that he had bought wheat largely for August delivery for country millers who wanted grain out of which they could make fancy brands of flour. This they could do out of the old No. 2, but not out of the new, but under the ruling of the board he would have to take what he did not buy and stand the loss on it."

"Have you any recourse?"

"Certainly I have. The exchange has no right to impair the obligation of contracts, and I will exhaust every legal remedy before I will yield to this robbery. The Board of Directors have with one sweep blotted out $40,000 of value now in the elevator, the grain merchants of St. Louis can not stand that sort of thing."

MR. CHAS. F. ORTHWEIN.

of Orthwein Brothers, a heavy importing house said that the action of the board was unparalled in the history of the Exchange.

"I do not deny the right of the Board to fix the grades, but heretofore the grades have been altered to go into effect after the outstanding contracts were filled. For instance, if the Board wished to alter grades it would announce the alteration to take effect in two or three months after the announcement, and one could always know what they were doing. Last year when the grade was dropped one-half grade in September the change was not permitted to go into effect until January, and thus every one could get what they bought, no contracts being out for a longer time than that. But this year they have changed all of that and taken snap judgment. If you bought a lot of grain from me I could deliver to you an article worth three cents a bushel less than what you thought you were buying, but still I could collect the price which you offered to give for the better article. Of course this runs the export trade. We built St. Louis into a special market for high grade grain by careful inspection. The European buyers are not fools and they will not come here for what they can get in New York. For the last eighteen months we have been breaking the grades down continually, and now we are effectively scaring off the European dealers. What do you suppose they think of a market where they buy by a sample of clean wheat and have a lot of dirty grain forced on them?"

"What are you going to do about it?"

"I am not caught at all this time, fortunately. I am filling my European orders from Baltimore and New York. I will have to leave this market."

It is highly probable that a test case will be made and the matter brought outside the Exchange and into the courts. Several of the merchants, it is understood, have determined to refuse to receive the new No. 2 on their contracts, and legal opinion is now being taken on the matter.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Allen, Jas. W., 512 Chestnut and 113 Compton ave.
Bain, R. E. M., 206 Chestnut street.
Carr, F. E. G., Jury Commr's Office, Court House.
Carr, Walter C., 210 N. Fourth.
Conn, L. H., 417 Chestnut street,
Crawford, T. L., U. S. Circuit Clerk's office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Trusten P., 417 Pine.
Ellerbe, C. P., 506 Olive street, Room 23.
Espenschied, Frederic F., 322 Pine, room 35.
Foster, Emory S., 514 Pine.
Greene, C. D., Jr., 203 N. Third street.
Jonas M. B., 219 N. Fifth, room 22.
Kappner, I. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Karst, Eugene, corner Third and Chestnut.
Lathrop, Joseph, 411 N. Third, room 3.
Logan, C. C., 217 N. Eighth st.; 3518 Washington av.
Marston, Edgar L., 417 Olive, Room 8.
McEntire, J. H., 108 N. Fourth street, Room 12.
Neuhoff, Hector, Room No. 1, 305 Olive st.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Boston & Spring.
Papin, Theodore, 311 Olive.
Parmer, Enrique, 506 Olive, room 15.
Picot, L. D., 517 Pine street,
Robertson, Julius, 515 Olive; residence 2027 Morgan.
Stevenson, J. C. H., Room 5, 720 Pine.
Tiernan, Joseph H., 212 N. Eighth st.
Von Phul, Ben, 802 Chestnut street.
Yeaton, Wm. H., Room 412 Temple Building.

CHAS. SCUDDER. HENRY AMES

LINDELL HOTEL,
Washington Ave., Sixth St. and Lucas Ave.,
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,
Will be Refitted, Redecorated and Refurnished.
Appointments Unsurpassed by Any Hotel in the Country.
Rates $3, $3 50 and $4 per day. Private parlors and bathrooms extra.
CHAS. SCUDDER & CO., Prop'rs.

NOTICE.
GEORGE WALKER, PAWNBROKER,
Established 1860....No. 322 Locust St.
Will Loan large amounts at 1½ per cent. Small amounts at lowest rates. Goods kept any length of time agreed upon.

NOTICE.
The Liederkranz large and small Hall will be rented to responsible parties during the coming season for weddings, parties, lectures, concerts, balls, etc. For particulas inquire of CHAS. F. SCHNEIDER, Manager of Hall, Thirteenth St. and Chouteau ave.

FOR SALE—Two-story house with garden, cheap. Enquire at 4236 Broadway.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; small family. 822 North Twenty-fourth st. 9

WANTED—Immediately, a family of three adults (one man) to do the entire work of a house; high wages paid, and other inducements offered. Ad. P. L., this office. 9

WANTED—First-class pastry-baker, immediately, at Occidental Hotel, Indianapolis; good wages, and fare paid. Ad. N. K. 18, this office. 9

WANTED—To buy a six-room house in Kirkwood; must be in good order. Address, giving terms, location and full particulars, K. W. 29, this office. 9

IF you want solid comfort order the Guarantee Fitting Shirt at McElrath's, 509 N. Sixth street.

RHEUMATISM comes from inactive kidneys. Hop Bitters never fails to cure it.

Discharged.

Ben Miller, a boy 16 years old, was arraigned before Provisional Judge Van Wagoner this morning for a preliminary examination on a charge of grand larceny. The testimony was that the boy was under the influence of liquor, and while riding a friend's horse he happened to drive to the horse market on Fifth and Carr streets, where he sold the animal for $12. All the testimony pointed this way, and upon hearing the evidence the boy was discharged with some few words of good advice.

SEE McElrath's stock of white vests selling at reduced prices. 509 N. Sixth street.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

A large force of men is at work to-day cleaning the streets in this part of the city.

This morning about 9 o'clock Henry Schmitte, employed at the Knapp, Stout & Co. Company's saw-mill, foot of Bremen avenue, had the little finger of his right hand taken off by a heavy block falling upon it.

This morning at 10 o'clock Officer Conrad Meyers found Eliza Wells and Ann Mereton lying on the corner of Spring avenue and the Natural Bridge road. Both women were drunk, and the people residing in the vicinity reported that the women had been there several hours.

SWIMMING pools of salt sulphur water, at Sweet Springs. Round trip ticket $5, good for a week.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
722 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8